THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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WAR CLOUD IN RIVAL CLAIMS IS REMOVED

Russian and British Troops at Tien Tsin No Longer Face Each Other.

LORD LANSDOWNE EXPLAINS SITUATION

The Question of Title Is Left to Arbitration and There Is No Longer a Danger of Armed Conflict Between Troops of Two Countries.

London, March 21.—In the house of lords today the foreign secretary, Lord Lansdowne, announced that Russia and Great Britain had agreed to withdraw their troops from the disputed territory at Tien Tsin and reserve the question of title and proprietary rights for subsequent examination.

Lord Lansdowne supplemented the announcement by explaining that this dispute concerned an extensive area on the left bank of the Pei Ho river, which the Russians occupied in the autumn and claimed by right of conquest. Subsequently the government was informed that China and Russia had reached an agreement placing the area under Russian occupation. The area, however, comprised plots belonging to the northern Chinese railroad and was therefore part of the security of the British bondholders.

Necessity Demanded Siding.

The line was part of the railroad recently transferred by the Russians to Marshal von Waldersee, who re-transferred it to the British. The necessities of the allies required the construction of a siding on one of the plots referred to and the presence of British workers on the plot was treated as a trespass on Russian territory. It was subsequently alleged that the Russian boundary marks had been removed by the British. In those circumstances the government on March 15th telegraphed to its representative in China that it thought the rights of the British or Russian troops to occupy the disputed points can best be settled by Field Marshal von Waldersee, as the commander-in-chief, and General Gaselee (the British commander) was instructed to request the field marshal to settle the immediate differences, reserving for future examination the question of the validity of the alleged private rights.

General Gaselee was also instructed to refrain from using force except to repel aggression.

Removal of Boundary Pillar.

On March 20th the alleged removal of the Russian boundary pillar occurred, and the government instructed the British minister at Pekin that Great Britain was ready to refer the facts to Field Marshal von Waldersee, on the understanding that if either side was found to have committed an irregularity it should apologize to the other. The government added that the construction of the siding should continue under whatever conditions the field marshal thought fit to impose. He (Lord Lansdowne) was glad to say he had heard this morning from the British ambassador at St. Petersburg that the Russian frontier minister had proposed that they should agree to reserve all questions of title and proprietary rights for the examination of the two governments, and that in the meanwhile orders be forthwith sent for the withdrawal of the troops of both sides from the disputed plots. Great Britain had entirely concurred, and thought the withdrawal should be carried out to Field Marshal von Waldersee's satisfaction.

Lord Lansdowne added that Count Lamsdorff, the Russian foreign minister, had expressed a very moderate and statesmanlike desire to avoid any cause for friction between the two governments, and since the receipt of Count Lamsdorff's proposal, the government had ordered the military authorities to carry out the simultaneous withdrawal of troops to the satisfaction of Field Marshal von Waldersee, so that there might be no room for a renewed misunderstanding in regard to the matters of detail.

His lordship expressed the hope that the result of the negotiations over what was really a very small matter of strictly local importance would not be allowed to disturb the relations between the two countries. The statement was received with cheers.

WILL WITHDRAW THE RUSSIAN

British Will Also Take Their Forces From the Disputed Territory.

Pekin, March 22.—2 a. m.—Count von Waldersee, General Barrow and General Wogack have been in consultation and General Wogack has agreed to withdraw the Russian troops from the disputed ground at Tien Tsin provided the British also withdraw. He insisted also upon a guarantee that work on the railway siding should not proceed until the matter had been diplomatically adjusted. This proposal and stipulation were satisfactory to General Barrow and were accepted by him.

Consequently the British and Russian troops will be withdrawn at 5 o'clock this morning (Friday) thereby avoiding all trouble at present.

Orders have been issued, however, that no British officer shall leave or even "sleep out" at night or go to dinner without furnishing his address to the adjutant.

The marines will return to the ships.

M'KINLEY IS IN DEMAND

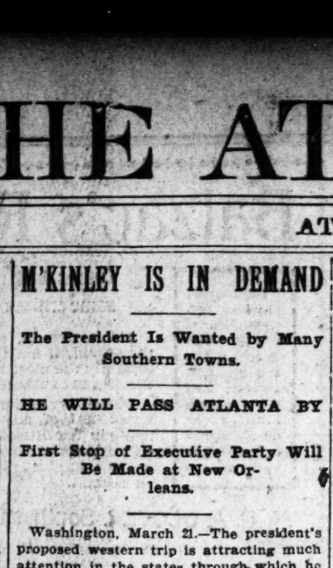
The President Is Wanted by Many Southern Towns.

HE WILL PASS ATLANTA BY

First Stop of Executive Party Will Be Made at New Orleans.

Washington, March 21.—The president's proposed western trip is attracting much attention in the states through which he is to pass and invitations from various cities and town which hope to entertain him along the route are daily arriving at the white house.

New Orleans probably will be the first stop after the party leaves Washington



PRESIDENT McKINLEY.

and the president agreed to remain there a day. Representative Meyer, of Louisiana, says the programme for the entertainment of the presidential party is yet to be arranged, but that it probably will include a ride on the river, a drive through the city and a banquet in the evening. As it is the present intention to leave here April 30d, May 2d will probably be spent in New Orleans. The president regrets that he will not be able to stop in Atlanta.

Representative Burleson, of Texas, saw the president and invited him to visit Austin on his way through Texas. The president promised to do so if the itinerary could be arranged so as to include the Texas capital. Secretary Cortelyou has been working on the intinerary, but practically nothing of a definite character has been decided upon. After leaving New Orleans the party will stop at Galveston and Houston, and the present expectation is that a meeting with President Diaz, of Mexico, will be arranged at El Paso.

Admiral Seymour objects to any of the Australian naval brigade, who volunteered for service on the railway, remaining. The military authorities say he does not understand the situation, that his interference is uncalled for and that the Australian marines are just the men needed.

The Russians have ordered a regiment to proceed from Port Arthur to Tien Tsin.

The arrangements made by General Bailoud, the French commander, are regarded as completely satisfactory and all danger of a collision between the British and French is considered obviated.

THEY ASK FOR CONFERENCE.

Mine Workers Ask Coal Carrying Roads To Meet Them in Conference.

Philadelphia, March 21.—The letter sent by President Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers of America, and the presidents of the three anthracite coal districts to the operators requesting a joint conference was made public today. The communication says:

"It is needless to say that the members and officers of the United Mine Workers of America are exceedingly desirous of averting strikes and the suffering incident thereto; and it is the opinion of the officers whose names are attached to this communication that if the representatives of the anthracite coal carrying railroads would join with us in holding a conference an amicable solution could be found, and we would therefore request that if the suggestions contained herein regarding a conference meet with your approval, you notify us at Scranton, when we will gladly call upon you in the city of New York or at any other place which would suit your convenience.

"We feel that consideration for the vast number of men, women and children dependent upon the coal industry for a livelihood should impel you to adopt a conciliatory course in treating this subject and in averting the impending strke."

None of the operators have replied to the letter.

LI HUNG CAUSED TROUBLE

Ancient Viceroy at the Bottom of Tien Tsin Difficulty.

London, March 21.—Dr. Morrison, wiring to The Times from Pekin, says:

"The Russian claim to the railway siding at Tien Tsin is based upon the grant of a new concession made to Russia by Li Hung Chang since the occupation. This concession embraces a huge area in a commanding position, with a river frontage of two and a half miles.

"Such a grant is scarcely compatible with the pledges of the powers as to disinterestedness, and it is doubtful whether Li Hung Chang, as viceroy of Chi Li, had the right to make it. Evidently the Russians themselves have their misgivings for, in order to strengthen their position, they are bringing the greatest pressure to bear upon the Chinese owners to yield them titles on the land.

"The Anglo-French trouble is purely local; but these incidents should open the eyes of the powers to one of the manifold dangers of the fatuous scheme of converting the legation quarter in Pekin into an international fortress. Imagine the condition of such a fortress with 2,000 troops of different nations cooped up there!

"Although no decision has yet been taken as to the strength of the different legation guards, Germany has already nearly completed barracks for 300 men and others are preparing to follow her example."

SIX CHILDREN DIE BY MOTHER'S HAND

Massachusetts Woman Commits Revolting Crime.

VICTIM OF AN INSANE FIT

Mrs. Lizzie Naramore, of Cold Brook, Mass., After Slaying Her Children, Attempts Suicide—Talks of the Deed.

Cold Brook, Mass., March 21.—Mrs. Lizzie Naramore, while in a fit of insanity this afternoon, killed her six children at her home, a farm house half a mile from this village, and then tried to take her own life. The children ranged from ten years to a babe of ten months, and their lives were taken by the mother with an ax and a club. She laid the blood-drenched bodies on the beds, two on one bed and the other four on a bed in another room, and then attempted to take her own life by cutting her own throat with a razor. When discovered, she was in the bed on which the bodies of four children were lying. Although she cut a deep gash in her throat and suffered the loss of much blood, it is believed she will recover.

Frank Naramore, the husband and father, left his home at the usual hour this morning to go to his work at a sawmill, and at that time his wife did not attract his attention by acting strangely.

It is supposed the crime was committed shortly after noon, the discovery being made by George Thrasher, an employee of a grocery store, who visited the Naramore house about 2:45 o'clock for the purpose of delivering groceries that had previously been ordered by Mrs. Naramore. He was unable to get in the house by the door, and he looked in a window and noticed blood on the floor, while Mrs. Naramore was lying on a bed. He was surprised also in the absence of the children, whom he was accustomed to see playing in or about the house. He returned to this village and told of what he had seen.

Mutilated Bodies Found.

A party was made up and a hasty visit was made to the Naramore house. An entrance was effected without delay, and the mutilated bodies of the six children in two beds were found. Mrs. Naramore was alive, but was very weak from loss of blood. Mrs. Naramore was removed to the village hotel, and at a late hour tonight the attending physicians were confident she would survive.

During the evening a number of neighbors of the family saw and talked with Mrs. Naramore, and to them she told how she killed her six children. At the time the party of villagers found Mrs. Naramore she was asked how she did the deed, and she said that she took the lives in four different rooms, and as fast as she killed one child the body was placed in a bed. The children were three boys and three girls—Ethel, ten years of age; the oldest, while the ages of Walter, Charlie, Chester, Bessie and Lena ranged from eight years to ten months, Lena being the baby.

Mrs. Naramore told her most intimate friends tonight that she first killed Ethel, and then followed with the five others, each time taking the next eldest. Five were killed by being struck on the head with the back of an ax, while little Lena was killed with a club. She says she fully expected the gash in her throat would cause her death, and that when her husband returned at night he would find all of the bodies in the two beds. She appeared rational this evening, and displayed signs of sorrow for the deed she had committed, although she is unable to give any reason for killing the children.

Mrs. Naramore had evidently made preparation for the deed, as the doors were all locked and barred with sticks of wood.

When Mr. Naramore reached the house he was prostrated with grief by the loss of his family.

KILLS HIS THREE CHILDREN.

Jacob Marr Uses His Ax on His Own Family.

Clinton, Me., March 21.—Jacob Dearborn Marr, a farmer living eight miles from this village, killed his three children, Alice M., aged thirteen; Elwin, aged pine, and Helen, aged seven, with an ax shortly after the family had risen from the dinner table today. Mr. Marr had been despondent for some time, but his actions were not such as to make his wife believe that he had any serious trouble to brood over.

The eldest daughter was washing dishes at the sink when her father went by her to the shed and got an ax. He came back into the kitchen and struck the girl a single blow on the head, killing her. Mrs. Marr saw this and ran screaming to the house of her husband's father, Samuel Marr. The husband apparently walked up stairs to where the younger children were playing and dealt each a single blow with the ax, killing them both. When Mr. Marr, Sr., came in the ycunger Marr was washing his hands at the sink. He was asked why he had done the deed and he said:

"I don't know."

Later in the day he was placed under arrest.

TILLMAN SPEAKS AT BUFFALO

His Subject Was "State Control of the Liquor Traffic."

Buffalo, N. Y., March 21.—Hon. Benjamin R. Tillman, United States senator from South Carolina, addressed the Independent Club tonight on "State Control of the Liquor Traffic."

Senator Tillman described the workings of the dispensary law of South Carolina and upheld it as the best system yet evolved for the control of the liquor traffic. It has reduced drunkenness 50 per cent; abolished the open barroom with its resulting misery and wrong doing and, compared with prohibition, it treats men rationally.

AMNESTY DENIED BOERS

Kitchener's Terms Too Hard for General Botha.

MONEY WAS OFFERED BOERS

Refusal of Peace Terms Explained in the Unusual Demands of British.

London, March 22.—It is stated on excellent authority that the obstacle to a settlement between General Botha and the British was Lord Kitchener's refusal to grant complete amnesty to the leaders of the rebels in Cape Colony. He offered self government on the lines of Jamaica immediately upon cessation of hostilities with the legislative bodies partly elected



LORD KITCHENER.

by the burghers.

The government it is said agreed to provide £1,000,000 to compensate the Boers for property destroyed and articles commandered by the Boers on commando, provided the signatures of the officers who commandered the goods were forthcoming. He also offered to grant loans on easy terms for rebuilding and restocking farm leads.

Moreover, he agreed that children should be instructed in English or Dutch at the discretion of their parents. The government undertook to make no claim on church property or funds or upon hospitals or hospital funds or upon private investments. No burgher of either state was to be allowed to possess a rifle except by special license.

General Botha was generally in favor of the conditions, but he dissented strongly from a proposal to give full citizenship to properly dominate and registered blacks. He was also greatly concerned about the position Jewish capitalists would occupy in the country and was told that Jews and Christians would enjoy equal rights, no distinction being made in the matter of concessions.

PORTO RICANS PLAN RELIEF.

Business Menn of San Juan To Ask for Loan.

San Juan, P. R., March 21.—The chamber of commerce has called a mass meeting for Sunday of the principal planters, bankers, agriculturists and merchants with a view to agreeing upon some feasible plan for the relief of financial depression. The outcome of the meeting will probably be a petition to Governor Allen to call an extra session of the legislature and to authorize a loan of from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000 for the benefit of agriculture.

The loan bill of the house of delegates was killed by the executive council, but it is now believed that when the facts are properly presented the former objections will be removed. Small returns are made by large plantations solely because of the lack of a little capital. It is a critical time for the planters. There is good authority for the statement that if the necessary funds were forthcoming they would yield 33 1-3 per cent on the first investment.

DEATH OF FRENCH RUMORED.

Boers Credited with Execution of the English Commander.

Antwerp, March 21.—A rumor is in circulation here which is not generally credited to the effect that the Boers, after capturing, then liberating and subsequently recapturing General French, finally executed him for not keeping a promise not to fight against them again.

THE REBELS BOB UP AT UGUIS

Filipinos Burn and Sack an Ungarrisoned Town.

Manila, March 21.—Insurgents have attacked and burned the ungarrisoned village of Uguis, in the province of South Ilocos. A detachment of the Twentieth infantry overtook and chastised the marauders.

Colonel Schuyler, of the Forty-sixth volunteer infantry, has captured eight insurgent officers and 218 men at the village of Ternate, in Cavite province.

WOLCOTT IS NOT CHOSEN YET

Report of His Selection for Cabinet Is Denied.

Washington, March 21.—It is stated on high authority that former Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, is not to succeed Secretary Hitchcock as the head of the interior department.

A member of the cabinet stated to the Associated Press that the president has no intention of making any changes in his cabinet, further than selecting a successor for Attorney General Griggs.

POSTAL CHANGES IN GEORGIA

Site of Sub-Station in Atlanta Is Among Them.

Washington, March 21.—(Special.)—The postoffice department has announced the following changes:

The site of sub-station No. 7, in Atlanta, has been changed from No. 187 to 182 West Mitchell street.

Postmasters appointed to fourth-class postoffices in Georgia, who were commissioned today, are as follows: Minnie E. Nance, at Arlington, and Laura B. Furyear, at Villainow.

By order of the postoffice department the postoffice at Calvin, Ga., of which Willis A. Hicks is postmaster, is not a money order office. Also the postoffice at Anniedelle, Ga., of which Lizzie L. Sanford is postmaster, is not a money order office.

A new postoffice has been established at Lott, Emanuel county, Georgia, with George C. Gay as postmaster.

ARTILLERY ARM STRENGTHENED

Twelve Batteries of Coast Artillery Provided For.

TO BE ORGANIZED AT ONCE

Law Providing for Increase of Artillery 20 Per Cent Is Taken Advantage of—Stations for Companies Named in Order.

Washington, March 21.—Under the army reorganization law, which provides for an increase of 20 per cent for the artillery arm of the service, an order has been issued organizing twelve companies of coast artillery in addition to those now in service. The number of these companies, the place where organized and the officers assigned to each are as follows:

Eighty-third, Fort Hamilton—Captain Warren Newcomb, Second Lieutenant Gordon Robinson.

Eighty-fourth, Fort Hamilton, N. Y.—Captain Oscar A. Straub, Second Lieutenant Richard Furnival.

Eighty-fifth, Fort Wadsworth, N. Y.—Captain George W. Gatschell, First Lieutenant Malcolm Young, Second Lieutenant John A. Berry.

Eighty-sixth, Fort Wadsworth, N. Y.—Captain Alfred M. Hunter, Second Lieutenant Hugh M. Dougherty.

Eighty-seventh, Fort Slocum, N. Y.—Captain Edward F. McGlachlin, Jr., First Lieutenant Laurence B. Brown, Second Lieutenant Tidball.

Eighty-eighth, Fort Trumble, Conn.—Captain Peyton C. March, First Lieutenant Albert G. Jenkins, Second Lieutenant Arthur H. Bryant.

Eighty-ninth, Fort Banks, Mass.—Captain Sidney S. Jordan, Second Lieutenant W. S. Browning.

Ninetieth, Fort Henry, Md.—Captain Wilmot E. Ellis, First Lieutenant Marcellus G. Spinks, Second Lieutenant Dennis H. Curry.

Ninety-first, Jackson Barracks, La.—Captain John T. Martin, First Lieutenant Robert E. Wyllie, Second Lieutenant W. Willing.

Ninety-second, The Presidio, San Francisco—Captain Edward Davis, Second Lieutenant George E. Carleton.

Ninety-third, Fort Stevens, Ore.—Captain M. K. Barroll, Second Lieutenant Alden F. Brewster.

Ninety-fourth, St. Flagler, Wash.—Captain Eugene T. Wilson, Second Lieutenant Raymond S. Pratt.

There are several vacancies to be filled, as three officers are to be assigned to each company.

These additional companies are to be filled by transfers from other companies and recruited up to 113 men, and will be organized as former batteries of siege artillery were organized.

KIDNAPED, AT LAST RETURNS.

Young Girl Meets Her Mother After Seven Years.

El Paso, Tex., March 21.—Mary Carrie Stevens, kidnaped from here six years ago, when but five years old and not heard of again by relatives until recently, was brought back from Danville, Ind., and restored to her mother, Mrs. Anna Stevens, today.

The meeting was an unusual one. The mother was unable to recognize her child, who was a mere babe when she last saw her. Mrs. Stevens made the trip here from Mexico to meet her daughter, and says she will make her home in this city and place the child in the public schools. The stolen child was able to tell a connected story of her wanderings since she was taken from home six years ago. She was trained for a trapeze performer in a circus. The actress who took her away from home is dead.

CHICAGO FIREMEN INJURED

Flames Destroy Big Warehouse in Windy City.

Chicago, March 21.—Fire tonight totally destroyed the large warehouse of J. S. Ford, Johnson & Company, at Sixteenth street and Wabash avenue. The building and everything inside was ruined.

The north, south and east walls of the building collapsed while a number of firemen were inside fighting the fire. They were compelled to drop their hose and run for their lives. Several were badly bruised by falling bricks. A panic was created among the thousands of spectators, and in a wild rush to escape injury by the falling walls, many women and children were knocked down and trampled upon. The damage is estimated at $200,000, one-half of which is on the building and one-half on the stock.

SIX SKELETONS DISCOVERED.

Ghastly Find Is Made in Old St. Louis Home.

St. Louis, Mo., March 21.—Workmen who were tearing down an old and historical house on the west side of Third street, just north of Clarke avenue, in accordance with an order of the board of health, today discovered six skeletons under the floor separating the first and second stories. The house, which was once a fine residence, is said to be 125 years old and one of the first built here. Nobody now living knows how the bones came where they were found.

A FRIENDLY TONE ASSUMED.

Venezuela's President Makes No Reference to Asphalt.

Washington, March 21.—The Venezuelan charge, Senor Pulido, had a conference with Secretary Hay today, but it did not lead to any developments on the reported friction over Minister Loomis or our demands in the case of the consular agent at Barcelona, Venezuela. The message of the president of Venezuela, copies of which have just been received, makes friendly references to the relations with the United States.

The message makes no reference to the asphalt troubles. It says that the government has sent an agent to France with a view to settling the protracted breach of diplomatic relations which has existed between France and Venezuela, and that there is every prospect that these two countries soon will be in harmonious relation again.

DO NOT DISCUSS QUESTION

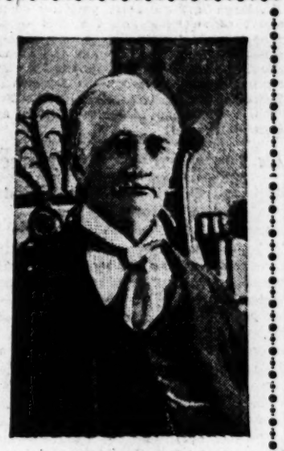
That Is the Advice of Senator Morgan on Negro Disfranchisement.

HE SAYS IT IS BOUND TO COME

But Discussion of the Subject Will Not Hasten the Day—Negroes Will Leave the South.

Birmingham, Ala., March 21.—A special to The Age Herald from Marion, Ala., says that Editor Greer, of The Marion Standard, received the following letter from Senator Morgan relative to his views on the position recently taken by Former Governor Oates on the suffrage question:

Washington, D. C., March 19.—Dear Mr.



SENATOR MORGAN.

Greer: In January I did not have time to answer your letter as to my views of Colonel Oates's letter on the suffrage question and now am not disposed to discuss the matter, as it might only lead to some disagreement as to the necessity for the convention. Since I saw you the whole country has made a great and rapid advance in the direction of negro disfranchisement.

The apportionment bill and the counting of the electoral vote, without the question being raised as to the constitutionality of the presidential election in Louisiana and Mississippi, is a distinct victory for white suffrage.

Maryland has seen her opportunity and has hastened to profit by it. When things are coming our way there is no necessity for clamorous discussion until they are settled, lest some one might interrupt. So I think the least said is the best just now on the negro question. Those people will begin to draw off to the Philippines at an early day. They are already going to Hawaii and we shall soon find room for white people in the south. Then we shall be a free and happy people.

When the time arrives I will elaborate these views, but at present it is better not to discuss them. We should take a lesson from the Cubans and discuss the negro question with closed doors in our convention. The silent progress we are making is very encouraging.

Sincerely yours,

JOHN T. MORGAN.

COMMISSION IS UNDECIDED

Provincial Government of Negros Is Still Denied.

Bacoloni, Island of Negros, March 21.—The Philippine commission has not definitely decided when to establish provincial governments in the island of Negros. The civil government established by General Otis is still in operation, and fairly successful. The Negros government employs a half dozen officers and an advisory council of eight, all elective. The military commander has an absolute voice.

Senor Severine, the present civil governor, is not popular, and it is alleged that he is un-American. Nevertheless, the system is not criticised. The commission prefers to gather the sentiment of the people of the island and then to show reasons for organizing Negros on lines similar to the organization of other islands.

Judge Taft and his assistants have begun to consider recommendations as to the form of general civil government, which is now believed President McKinley will order inaugurated in July.

CHAMBERLAINS BRING SUIT.

Joseph Chamberlain's Brother Goes to Court.

London, March 2.—The king's bench divisions of the high court of justice was again the center of attraction today, owing to the hearing of the libel actions brought against The Star and The Morning Leader by Arthur Chamberlain, brother of Joseph Chamberlain, and Neville Chamberlain, a son of Arthur Chamberlain, in connection with charges bearing on war office contracts. The cases of Arthur Chamberlain were continued. He declared he had formed the opinion that the main object of the articles was to vilify his brother, Joseph, in doing which they villified him. To say, as the defendants averred, that the Kynochs were favored by the government was untrue and libelous. Mr. Arthur Chamberlain considered that it would be dishonorable for him to enjoy favoritism from the government.

Counsel for the defendants produced letters purporting to have passed between the Kynochs and the Nobels by which the former agreed to keep up the prices of the powder for which the latter had made a tender to the British government.

Arthur Chamberlain repudiated all knowledge of the letters. Subsequently he had admitted that there had been an agreement in 1894 between the Kynochs, Nobels and the Chilworth in regard to a fortified price for cordial.

Counsel read the evidence given by the Nobels's manager before the committee on war office contracts, to the effect that Arthur Chamberlain told him he had personal influence to secure contracts.

In regard to the cordite contract secured in 1898 Arthur Chamberlain said he did not see any Irish members of parliament, but got local pressure put on them by telling the working people that the shops would be closed unless the contract was secured. Here the lord chief justice interjected:

"You pulled the strings."

HARRISON ESTATE APPRAISED

Dead ex-President Left $40,000 Life Insurance.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 21.—Ex-President Harrison left $40,000 in life insurance, having carried four policies of $10,000 each. General Harrison's executor, the Union Trust Company, announced tonight that their appraisement of the Harrison estate gives its total value at $330,000.

MASSACHUSETTS IS ASHORE.

Battleship Stops Near Buoy Opposite Fort Pickens.

Pensacola, Fla., March 21—(Special)—The battleship Massachusetts, which was to have sailed this morning with the Kearsarge and Alabama, of the North Atlantic squadron went ashore after crossing the bar, near buoy 7, opposite Port Pickens. It is thought she will get off when the tide comes in.

CAR LINES WILL BE COMBINED IN A SHORT TIME

Indications Point to an Early Merging of Interests.

ALDERMEN IGNORE THE ELECTRIC LIGHT FRANCHISE

Their Inaction No Surprise—General Gill, of Baltimore, Says He Came to Atlanta To Buy Water Bonds at Par for Issue.

The electric lighting franchise, which has been in the aldermanic board for about six weeks, was ignored by that body at its meeting held yesterday afternoon. No one was surprised. The expected happened. It was exactly what The Constitution said would be done when action on the franchise was indefinitely postponed.

It is regarded as but another step preparatory to the impending consolidation of the interests represented by the Atlanta Railway and Power Company and the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company.

It is now said that the electric lighting as well as the street railway properties of the two interests will be merged and that one company will hold a monopoly of these two valuable public utilities. The report finds easy belief because it is so precisely in accord with contemporary financial methods.

The terms of the pact or armistice now existing between the two interests, it is understood, provide that the Atlanta Railway and Power Company shall not take further action toward securing the passage of its electric lighting franchise, and that the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company shall not make use of recently granted street railway franchises, or attempt to secure the passage of others now impending. Also that the latter company shall raise the fare on its lines to 5 cents; this last provision to take effect when consolidation is effected.

The first two provisos are being rigidly observed now. The armistice holds. No action is being taken by either side to avail itself of recently conferred grants and privileges. There is no reason for such inaction other than approaching consolidation.

Denials Are Vague.

Little heed has been paid to denials made by parties interested to the effect that a consolidation of the rival street railway interests in Atlanta was now under way. It is pointed out that these gentlemen have every reason for denying the report until the deal is finally consummated, and that their denials are couched in such vague and evasive terms as to mean practically nothing.

The dinner given by Joel Hurt at the Capital City Club Wednesday night to General John A. Gill and others interested in the Atlanta Railway and Power Company created much comment yesterday. General Gill was seen yesterday and asked flatly why the conference of those interested in the Railway and Power Company came so opportunely while the air was so full of reports of consolidation. He said:

"Speaking for myself, I came to Atlanta primarily to enter a bid for the issue of $200,000 of water bonds voted for yesterday. I made a bid today, offering par, with interest, for the entire issue. My bid has been deposited here and will be filed as soon as the legal preliminaries are settled and bids are called for. I should like very much to secure the bonds, and if my offer is not high enough it will at least stimulate the bidding. It was to bid for these bonds that I came to Atlanta. I am interested in the street railway properties here and it was but natural that while here I should discuss conditions with the officers and attorneys of the company."

General Gill denied all knowledge of any impending merging of the two rival interests.

Neither Joel Hurt nor Ernest Woodruff were present during the session of the aldermanic board yesterday, and this fact would seem to indicate that those gentlemen were reasonably certain that no action would be taken in regard to the electric lighting franchise which it was proposed by council to grant to the Atlanta Railway and Power Company.

With the exception of Mayor Pro Tem. Harvey Johnson, all the members of the aldermanic board were present and took part in the session. Mr. Johnson, it was stated by Alderman Day, had been called to East Point on urgent business and could not possibly get back in time to preside over the meeting. Alderman M. M. Welch was unanimously elected to act in his stead for the time being.

Attorneys Luther Z. Rosser, Preston Arkwright and Morris Brandon were in the council chamber during the meeting of the board, but they did not state who they represented. To all intents and purposes they appeared merely as spectators. They made no effort to be heard on any matter that came up for the consideration of the aldermanic board.

Speculation is rife concerning the details of the consolidation and the probable officers of the corporation that will be formed when the two interests are combined.

Whether the Atlanta Railway and Power Company will absorb the Rapid Transit Company and the former retain its name or whether the reverse will be the case is a matter of conjecture. Or it may be that the two properties will be combined and an entirely new company formed.

Harry M. Atkinson is still in the east in consultation with the financial interests behind the Rapid Transit Company. It is known that the financiers on both sides have become tired of the long and expensive fight that has been waged.

It has cut into the dividends and earnings of both companies. It is confidently predicted that consolidation will be an assured fact in the immediate future. The terms are practically perfected and a binding ratification is expected at any time.

BLOODSHED IN LINCOLN COUNTY

Revenue Officers Raid a Nest of Moonshiners.

WERE MET WITH RESISTANCE

Battle Took Place—Deputy Marshal Whiteley and Negro Were Killed and Deputy Hoss Severely Hurt—Raid Successful.

Thomson, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Yesterday afternoon a party of United States revenue officers left this place for a raid in Lincoln county, and as a result of the raid Deputy United States Marshal A. S. Whiteley, of Augusta, and a moonshiner, Lum Scott, were both shot dead and Deputy Marshal W. A. Hoss, of this place, has a serious gunshot wound.

It appears that the party of moonshiners were located and surrounded by the officers, who ordered them to surrender. To all appearances they were appearing to do so, when one of them suddenly fired upon Mr. Hoss. Mr. Whiteley ran to the assistance of Mr. Hoss, when he himself was fired upon and instantly killed.

The firing became general and the negro, Lum Scott, was killed by some of the officers.

The other two moonshiners retreated to a house and were captured by the officers and carried to Augusta today, along with the remains of Officer Whiteley.

UNION STATION IN AUGUSTA.

That Is Intention of New Company Asking for Incorporation.

Augusta, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—It looks as if Augusta's long desired new union depot is really to be built. A new plan is on foot, which, it is declared, will soon make it an accomplished fact. The petition for incorporation of "the Augusta Union Station Company" will be filed immediately with the secretary of state. The petitioners are Thomas K. Scott, Joseph B. Cumming, Carlton Hillyer, John Walter Inman, Hamilton McWhorter, P. I. Wells, J. S. P. Thompson, J. R. Lamar, J. P. Doughty and W. J. Craig, who state they desire to be incorporated as a railroad company under the general railroad laws of the state of Georgia and that the length of the railroad which said company proposes to construct and operate will be about one-half mile. It will be located entirely within the city of Augusta, on such lines as may be necessary to connect several of the railroads centering in the city of Augusta for the convenient use of the union station, to be established by the company to be incorporated hereunder. The amount of the capital stock of the company is to be $75,000, divided into 750 shares of $100 each, and incorporated for the term of 101 years.

A MADISON MAYORALTY RACE

Retirement of Hon. E. W. Bigham, and Candidacy of M. L. Richter.

Madison, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Madison has for some weeks past been very much stirred over the mayoralty question. This, however, has now been simplified by the withdrawal of Hon. E. W. Bigham and the announcement of Mr. M. L. Richter. Mr. Bigham's withdrawal was entirely out of deference to his friend, Mr. Richter, and in fact the offer to withdraw was made by him to induce Mr. Richter to announce. The latter is one of Madison's most intelligent and conservative business men, as well as one of the most upright and wealthy citizens. The gentlemen who will constitute his board of aldermen are: Hon. W. R. Mustin, M. F. Atkinson, J. M. Ponder and W. Pete Bearden, all representative men. It is generally understood that this ticket will have no opposition.

JAMES RELEASED BY COURT.

Warrant for Murder Against Him Dismissed by Judge.

Albany, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—W. C. Harris, who was shot and fatally wounded by C. B. James last night, died before midnight without ever having regained consciousness. His remains were interred this afternoon. The dead man's brother, Frank Harris, of this county, swore out a warrant against James today, charging murder. James was given a commitment trial late this afternoon before Judge Richard Hobbs, of the city court of Albany.

A number of witnesses testified that Harris was the aggressor in last night's difficulty and James's version of the affair was fully borne out. Judge Hobbs dismissed the warrant.

SLAPPED FACE SIX YEARS AGO

Charles Arnold, Negro, To Be Tried for Assault.

Columbus, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Sheriff Brooks, of Madison county, Georgia, is in Columbus tonight en route home from Union Springs, Ala., where he took in charge Charles Arnold, a negro wanted in Madison, on an old charge of assault and battery, committed in 1895. Arnold slapped the face of Mrs. Meadows, his employer, in dispute and skipped out before the warrant could be served upon him. He was nineteen years old at the time. Sheriff Brooks has been looking for him for six years and at last located him near Union Springs.

ONLY SLIGHT DAMAGE DONE

Fruit Growers Send in Reports on the Cold Snap.

ALBANY IS ONLY PLACE HURT

Information from All Other Sections of State Shows That Peaches Are in Good Condition.

Savannah, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—President John M. Egan, of the Central railroad, said today that the report received telegraphically by that line from the peach-growing sections of the Georgia are such as to indicate that the damage to the peaches from cold has thus far been very slight.

Telegrams have been received by Mr. Egan from ten of the fruit centers, and from only one (Albany) is there reported any damage. The report from that city has it that the early peaches were injured. Upon that all were agreed, but opinion was divided as to other varieties. The agent wired that the growers said it was not possible at this time to give an estimate of the extent of the damage.

In speaking of the report from Albany, Mr. Egan said the early varieties do not admit of shipping and the loss to the road incident to the loss of such peaches would not be great, even if the opinion should be true. Other places from which reports were received were Barnesville, Dawson, Marshallville, Cuthbert, Forsyth, Fort Gaines, Arlington, Griffin and Fort Valley.

AN INSPECTION AT EATONTON

Officers of Third Georgia Examine the Putnam Rifles.

Eatonton, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—The following prominent military officials from Madison are in the city, primarily for the purpose of inspecting the Putnam Rifles: Colonel R. U. Thomasson, colonel of the Third Georgia regiment; Colonel W. L. Carbine, regimental adjutant of the Third Georgia, and Colonel Albert W. Foster, battalion adjutant of the same.

The inspection took place last night in the comfortable headquarters of the company, and the result is said to have been eminently gratifying to all concerned. The company was the happy recipient of many congratulations from the visiting officials on account of its handsome and well arranged armory and its efficiency in military tactics.

As a matter of preparation for a trip to Augusta the latter part of April to attend the Merrymakers' convention and to take part in the prize drill, the Putnam Rifles, Captain D. L. Thomas commanding, has been drilling more frequently than usual. This company belongs to the Third Georgia regiment, which is composed of twelve companies as follows: Four from Augusta and one each from Athens, Elberton, Washington, Conyers, Madison, Greenesboro, Monroe and Eatonton. In addition to these the regiment has a battery of gatling guns, recently organized at Augusta. While quite the entire regiment will attend the Augusta festivities, only a select number from each company will be allowed to contest for the prize. A regiment from South Carolina will also be on hand and the military feature of the week will be imposing.

Apropos of the pleasant trip the company is anticipating and with a view of rendering the occasion more enjoyable, the boys unanimously elected Miss Louise Turner as sponsor and Miss Mary Nisbet as maid of honor. Mrs. Fred Brown will chaperone the party. Misses Turner and Nisbet are among Eatonton's most popular and lovable maidens.

Inspction at Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Colonel W. G. Obear, inspector general of Georgia state troops, inspected the third division of naval militia in Savannah tonight, Lieutenant J. H. Kinzie being in command. The property will be checked over by Colonel Obear tomorrow. It was not known until this afternoon that there was to be an inspection of the division. A telegram from Colonel Obear giving notice of the inspection had not been received, and the inspection that was held had but six hours' notice of it given. Under the circumstances the division made a good showing. There are thirty-six men and three officers in the division. Colonel Obear arrived this morning from Brunswick, accompanied by Commander Frank D. Aiken, of that city, who is at the head of the naval militia battalion. The two divisions of the battalion in Brunswick were inspected yesterday. Tomorrow Colonel Obear and Major W. L. Grayson will leave for Atlanta, the latter going to attend the meeting of the military advisory board.

TO ERECT A LARGE PAVILION.

Central Railroad Preparing for the Summer Visitors to Tybee.

Savannah, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Work was commenced today by the Central railroad upon a monster pavilion it is to erect at Tybee, principally for the benefit of up-country visitors to the seaside resort. The pavilion was designed by Chief Engineer B. M. Steele, and will be constructed under his directions. It will be 80x225 feet. Fifty feet away, connected by a 20-foot covered walk, there will be a large restaurant, run by William Bohan, who will be its lessee. The site is that of the South End hotel, which was destroyed by fire two years ago. The pavilion and restaurant will be ready for the opening of the season's business.

Sentence of Weihrs.

Savannah, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Charles F. Weihrs, who was convicted last night of assault, with recommendation to mercy, for the shooting of Engineer William Cox, of the Seaboard Air-Line, was today sentenced by Judge Falligant to pay a fine of $200 and costs or serve six months in jail without labor. The general opinion is that Mr. Weihrs was lucky to get off so light.

Shipment of Cattle to Cuba.

Columbus, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—A solid train load of cattle, consisting of thirteen cars of 500 head, was shipped from this city today for Tampa and Havana, Cuba, by Messrs. A. & R. R. Reid, who have a large cattle ranch near this city. The cattle are valued at $10,000 and were raised in the adjacent country.

TRIAL OF MRS. SARAH DIXON

Case Called in Court at Wrightsville Yesterday.

JURY GIVEN CASE LAST NIGHT

Evidence Against Woman Not as Strong as It Was on Her Former Trial.

Wrightsville, Ga., March 21, 9:30 p. m.—(Special.)—The trial of Mrs. Sarah Dixon was called this morning. The forenoon was occupied in taking evidence, which brought out nothing new from the last trial.

The evidence by W. W. Anthony, for the state, was not as damaging as at the last trial to the defendant, as the cross-examination failed to bring out points as strong as in the last trial.

A very pathetic scene was enacted while Myrtle, the ten year old daughter of the defendant, was put on the stand to testify against her mother, after which she took a seat in her mother's lap and kissed her.

The state failed to have Jerry Walden, who was indicted jointly and convicted, testify. This was the most damaging testimony at the last trial.

Colonel Hines, of Atlanta; Colonel Hatcher, of Wrightsville, and Colonel Cooper, of Macon, spoke for the defense. Colonel Stephens aided the prosecution.

The court charged the jury very minutely and a verdict is expected at any minute. The general belief is that the state failed to make out a sufficient case to authorize a verdict of guilty.

FOR TWO WEEKS AT WAYCROSS

Rev. Sam Jones and Dr. Broughton To Conduct Services.

Waycross, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Sam Jones and Dr. Len G. Broughton, the two noted Georgia preachers, have been engaged to conduct a two weeks' meeting in Waycross, beginning April 28th.

The pastors of the city have agreed to unite in this special effort and the greatest meeting ever held in Waycross is expected.

A large pavilion will be erected at some convenient point, with sufficient seating capacity to accommodate the large crowds that are expected. It is quite likely that an auditorium will be built looking to the future, as our people realize the great need for such a thing.

The music at the Jones-Broughton meeting will be in charge of Charley D. Tillman, the well known singer of Atlanta, and a strong choir will be organized to assist in this part of the service. It is possible that Rev. George Stuart will also be here.

SUPERIOR COURT OF BANKS.

Three Days Term Makes It a Record Breaker.

Homer, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—The March term of Banks superior court met here Monday and adjourned yesterday at 3 o'clock. The session is considered as a record breaker, as it formerly took a week to dispose of the business, but Judge Russell has a way of applying business methods in his court and disposes of cases with dispatch. He has endeared himself to the tax payers of the county to such an extent that they believe the Western circuit has one of the best judges in the state. The grand jury complimented Solicitor General Brand's manner of looking after the state's business.

WAS PLACED IN CUSSETA JAIL

Jackson, the Negro Who Killed Engineer Rivers.

Columbus, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Theodore Jackson, the negro who killed Engineer Rivers a day or two ago, was arraigned at Cusseta, Ga., yesterday for preliminary trial, but waived examination. The Chattahoochee grand jury will look into his case next week. It was thought at first that the crime was committed in Stewart county, and the negro was carried to Lumpkin, but it was afterwards found that the steamer had not passed the Chattahoochee line when the shooting occurred, and so the negro was transferred to the Cusseta jail.

Entertained by Columbus Friends.

Columbus, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Mr. L. C. Vanuxem and a number of his friends from his winter home at Upatoie were entertained by their Columbus friends today. The party came in during the afternoon and were driven over the city, and tonight an informal reception was tendered them at the Muscogee club. A tea at the Rankin house was also a feature of the entertainment. The Vanuxems have entertained a number of Columbus people quite pleasantly at Upatoie, and they were glad of an opportunity to return the Philadelphians' hospitality.

Visiting Knights in Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Messrs. Julius L. Brown, of Atlanta, and Thomas E. Fletcher, of Forsyth, are here to attend a meeting tomorrow night of Palestine commandery, Knights Templars. Mr. Brown is past grand commander and Mr. Fletcher is grand commander of the state.

West Freeman's Fourth Trial.

Columbus, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Talbot superior court adjourned today. West Freeman, a negro, charged with murder, was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to twelve years and six months in the penitentiary. This was the fourth time Freeman had faced a jury.

Triplets in Phenix City, Ala.

Columbus, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Mrs. Richard Easterwood, of Phenix City, gave birth to three children today. One of the triplets has since died.

Coart Succeeds Wells.

Columbus, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Lieutenant E. B. Wells has resigned the office of second lieutenant of the Columbus Guards, for business reasons, and Sergeant John C. Coart has been elected to succeed him.

SEAL SKIN CLOAKS ASSURED.

Steamers Return Loaded with Skins for Market.

St. Johns, N. F., March 21.—The sealing steamers Aurora and Diana, the former with 32,000 and the latter with 28,000 seals, entered the harbor of Greens Pond, 100 miles northwest of St. Johns, this evening. Both vessels carry full loads.

They report that the Ranger, with 24,000 seals, the Neptune with 22,000, the Vanguard with 21,000, the Greenland with 16,000, the Iceland with 15,000, the Algerin with 14,000, the Virginia Lake with 13,000, the Walrus with 12,000, the Nimrod with 10,000 and the Leopard with 9,000, were still fishing when they left the floes, while the Terra Nova and Newfoundland were doing well. This shows that the fishery is steadily improving and likely to be the largest on record.

Veterans To File Claims.

Louisville, Ky., March 21.—Ten old soldiers of Crawford county, Indiana, veterans of the civil war, have organized an association to go to the Indian Territory for the purpose of filing claims together in a colony when the new lands are open for settlement.

GATHERING OF GRADUATES

Mercer University Will Have Grand Alumni Meeting.

INVITATIONS ARE SENT OUT

A Triennial Meeting Will Be Held During the Next Commencement—Class Reunion.

Macon, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—The prospects are that at the next commencement of Mercer university there will be a large and representative gathering of the graduates of this institution. The following invitation is being sent out by the Alumni Association of the university:

"Dear Sir—We beg to call your attention to our triennial alumni meeting to be held during the next commencement, on Tuesday evening, June 4th.

"Our new alumni building—the gymnasium—affords us an excellent place of meeting such as we have never had before. We will no longer seek to provide a programme for the entertainment of the general public, but will plan for a genuine reunion, with social features more prominent. Our annual meeting last year with a light banquet and a number of bright, brief addresses, was one of the most delightful we have ever had. In addition to the general meeting last year, we hope several classes will arrange for reunions. We trust you will begin immediately to arrange your plans to be with us.

"W. H. KILPATRICK, Secretary."

IN INTEREST OF STATE FAIR.

President J. Pope Brown Will Make a Canvass After May 1st.

Macon, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—President J. Pope Brown, of the Georgia State Agricultural Society, will begin a canvass of the state after May 1st in the interest of the great fair which will be held in Savannah next fall under the auspices of the fair association of Savannah and the State Agricultural Society. He will visit the people and help to arouse a general public interest in the exhibition. Secretary Martin Calvin, of the agricultural society, will help in the making up of the premium list. President Brown expects the fair at Savannah to be a great success.

PORTER FIRED TWICE AT HIM

An Intruder Fled from the Room of Commercial Hotel.

Macon, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—About 12 o'clock last night an intruder, a white man, was found in a room at the Commercial hotel on Fourth street, and when the porter, Ike Matthews, discovered his presence the man leaped through the window on to the roof of an adjoining building, descended a ladder and escaped. The porter fired two pistol shots at the fleeing figure, but neither bullet struck him. It is said that there is a sensational feature about the case.

A VERDICT AGAINST COMPANY

City Court Jury Says the Insurance Must Be Paid.

Macon, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—In the case of Jarrett Greene against the Commercial Assurance Company of London, tried in the city court of Macon, a verdict was rendered against the company for $1,000, the face of the fire policy, $200 attorneys' fees and $100 interest. The insurance policy was issued on April 20, 1898, on a storehouse and its contents in Pulaski county. The property was destroyed on November 9, 1898. A settlement of the loss was not forthcoming and suit was instituted by the plaintiff as agent for his wife.

NEWS NOTES FROM MACON.

Macon, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Grand Commander Fletcher, of Knights Templar of Georgia, paid an official visit tonight to St. Omer commandery of Macon. The programme of exercises was highly entertaining. The grand commander found St. Omer in splendid condition. It is one of the most flourishing commanderies in the state.

The funeral services of Mrs. Curtis Smith were held this morning at 10:30 o'clock. The interment was in Rose Hill. Rev. S. R. Maxwell, pastor of the Christian church, officiated.

Dr. K. P. Moore will lecture to the students of Mercer university tomorrow morning on the "History of Medicine and Surgery in the Nineteenth Century."

Hon. Samuel Rutherford, a prominent attorney of Forsyth, was in attendance on the United States court today.

Mr. Eugene Leonard, who died in Talbotton yesterday, was formerly in the shoe business in Macon, and married a daughter of the late W. R. Singleton, of this city. His death was a great shock to his many friends here.

Mr. H. W. Thurston, of Saddle River, N. J., is visiting in Macon with his family. He is a manufacturer of knit goods, and is thinking of consolidating his mill with a thread mill here. He will know very soon if the deal can be made. If the consolidation can be effected, he will move at an early day to Macon.

The Professor's New Book.

Macon, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Professor J. F. Sellers, of Mercer university, has just had published his excellent textbook on chemistry. It is being recognized by the press and profession as a marked addition to the science, especially in its methods. It contains about 150 pages.

FOUR MEN CRUSHED TO DEATH

Falling Ore Kills Negro Miners at Sloss, Ala.

Birmingham, Ala., March 21.—(Special.) Four negro ore miners, Bert Kelly, Dan Preston, Richard Battle and Cornelius Davis, were crushed to death in the ore mines at Sloss, Ala., property of the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron Company, by falling ore this morning. They had prepared a shot and expected that it had torn down the usual amount of ore. They returned to the room and the roof fell on them, crushing out life almost instantly.

Large Still Captured.

Opelika, Ala., March 21.—(Special.)—The largest still ever operated in this county was captured last night in this county, near Beulah, by Deputy Marshals Booth and Gay. Eugene Williams, a white man, was found in charge and brought in and bound over today. The still was a first-class 100-gallon one with one condenser and ten fermenters. They were destroyed and nearly two thousand gallons of beer and whisky were poured upon the ground. This makes the third still destroyed in this county recently.

Building New Houses.

Columbus, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—The Eagle and Phenix mills is to build sixteen more new houses in Phenix City, this being pursuant to their policy of providing comfortable homes for such operatives as desire them. The contract has already been let. The mills have just completed a large number of neat dwellings in Phenix City.

It is not so much what the newspapers say, as what neighbor says to neighbor, or friend to friend, that has brought Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy into such general use. It is as natural for people to express their gratitude after using this remedy as it is for water to flow down hill. It is the one remedy that can always be depended upon, whether a baby be sick with cholera infantum or a man with cholera morbus. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. Have you a bottle of it in your home? For sale by all druggists.

THEY JUMPED FROM WINDOWS

Narrow Escape of Guests in a Burning Bremen Hotel.

BUILDING IS A TOTAL LOSS

People, Cut Off from Exits by the Flames, Jump from Second Story Windows, and Several of the Guests Were Injured.

Bremen, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Between 4 and 5 o'clock this morning the Boatright hotel was discovered to be ablaze. The fire soon spread to the Smith storehouse and the MacPherson Bros., occupying both stores. Both were destroyed, though part of the goods were saved. There were a number of guests at the hotel. All escaped with their lives, though several were painfully hurt by jumping from the second story.

Mr. E. P. Gouan, representative of The Constitution, made a narrow escape by jumping from the second story. He received a painful injury of the knee, which will disable him for several days. In his haste he left his pocketbook containing $15 or $20.

Mrs. McLeard, of Carrollton, threw a bed from the window of the second story and tried to jump on it, but missed it and was seriously hurt in the back. The extent of her injuries is not known at this time.

Mr. Bunn, a traveling salesman from Rome, escaped by jumping from the second story with slight injury.

Mr. Frank Sims, a traveling salesman from Atlanta, escaped without shoes or hat, but unhurt.

Mr. Alonzo McPherson was caught on the second floor and his exit was cut off by fire and the window was tight and he could not raise it. He took a trunk and knocked the whole window out and jumped out after it and, strange to say, he escaped without injury.

The fire originated on the second floor in room 4, occupied by Mrs. McLeard. When she awoke the fire had gained such headway that her exit by the door was cut off, so she was forced to jump from the window.

The hotel and contents were totally destroyed. The loss is not known at this time. Insurance $1,500. McPherson's loss is about $1,500; no insurance. By heroic work and covering the adjoining buildings with salt and water, the fire was controlled. Had the next building caught the chances are that the business portion of Bremen would have been wiped out.

The loss falls quite heavily on Mr. Boatright at this time, but with his usual pluck and vim he will commence to rebuild at once and Bremen will soon have another new hotel. Mr. Boatright and family escaped without injury.

LARGE FIRE AT CLAYTON, GA.

Several Citizens Badly Burned While Fighting Flames.

Clayton, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—The grist mill, shingle mill, bark mill and tannery of W. E. Thompson & Son were destroyed by fire. The stables and outbuildings of R. A. Hamby, adjacent to the Thompson property, were also consumed. The entire damage is estimated at from $3,000 to $5,000; no insurance.

It is difficult to say whether the burning was an accident or the work of an incendiary. Clayton has no fire company and a number of dwellings narrowly escaped the flames. Cainy Thompson and Henry Wilson were burned about the arms and face, but not fatally. Several of those assisting in the effort to resist the progress of the fire lost their coats and outer garments.

ALBANY FIREMEN INJURED.

Ladder They Were On Was Knocked Down by Falling Timbers.

Albany, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—The residence of D. Neuman was destroyed by fire between 3 and 4 o'clock this afternoon. The building was one of the largest dwellings in the city and a high wind made it impossible for the firemen to do effective work. The loss is estimated by Mr. Neuman to be $3,500 on the dwelling and $2,000 on contents. The building was uninsured, but the Greenwich company had $2,000 on the furniture.

Firemen Brosnan and Call nearly lost their lives beneath falling timbers. They were on a ladder with a nozzle probably twenty feet from the ground. Without warning a great mass of burning timbers fell upon them, breaking the ladder and precipitating the firemen to the ground. Through the prompt efforts of bystanders they were released before being burned to death. Both were badly burned about the face and hands and Call's hip and ankles were injured. The escape from death was miraculous.

A BLAZE AT THOMASTON, GA

Storehouse and Stock of R. A. Matthews Damaged.

Thomaston, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—The storehouse of R. A. Matthews was badly damaged by fire and water today. The greatest damage was caused by water. Mr. Matthews carries about thirty thousand dollars stock and water poured through the roof, leaking down on the goods. His insurance will cover the loss.

DIXIE LAID UP FOR AWHILE.

Cruiser Needs Repairs Which Will Be Made at Navy Yard.

Norfolk, Va., March 21.—(Special.)—The auxiliary cruiser Dixie, used for the training of Virginia, Georgia and Maryland landsmen, will remain at the navy yard here, while the thrust blocks upon which the ship's propeller shaft turns are restored and their breakdown is in no way due to the recent grounding of the ship. The blocks are of lignum vitae, in order that the friction of flying shaft may be neutralized. Captain Belknap says that the ship is a heavy roller and that after throwing an inexperienced landsman from the gun deck to the berth deck, in the midst of a storm, and fracturing his skull, he concluded to heave her up into the wind and set her pitch in subsequent storms. This process gives landsmen more comfort, but it lifts the screw out of the water and lets it "race," which wears the blocks.

The landsmen who deserted the ship when they could not secure shore leave upon her arrival here are returning to the ship or sending in tidings of themselves from all over the country.

Commander Belknap will be detached from the ship on Monday. He has served already several months longer than the usual tour of sea duty, but the department, recognizing the ability he has displayed in breaking in the green lads, sent to him to be made into sailors, has kept him aboard the Dixie.

Balzac's Rival.....

"There is only one English translation of BALZAC that is complete and unexpurgated, and that is published by George Barrie & Son."—The Bookman.

Balzac had no rival but George Sand; some critics considered them twin stars.

This woman, acknowledged by all the world as the second, if not the first, of French novelists, was certainly the most remarkable woman of her age, and the greatest authoress in the world's history.

The story of her own life is as romantic and eventful as that of any of her heroines; the revelations made in her Histoire de ma vie would furnish material for a dozen novels of the present day. An interesting pamphlet giving outline of her life will be sent on request.

R. A. GLOVER, Southern Manager. BARRIE PUBLICATION. ATLANTA, GA.

REVOKES ALL COMMISSIONS

Governor McSweeney To Straighten Matters.

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS

Hundreds of Names on State's Books of Persons Who Are Not Living or Have Removed.

Columbia, S. C., March 21.—(Special.)—Governor McSweeney has issued a proclamation revoking all commissions of commissioners of deeds for South Carolina that were issued prior to January 1, 1896. The revocations go into effect January 1, 1902. The governor takes this action to clear the records. As these commissions hold until revoked, there are hundreds of names on the books of men who are dead or have removed to other states. There are about twice as many commissioners of deeds of this state as in Georgia or in any other state. To get new commissions will cost $3.21.

NEGRO WANTED IN AUGUSTA.

Requisition Papers Being Prepared for His Extradition.

Columbia, S. C., March 21.—(Special.)—Manuel Haygood, the negro who escaped from the guardhouse in Greenwood by burning the door, has been recaptured. Haygood has been identified as the negro who assaulted Miss Hattie Hall in Augusta some time ago. The identification was made by a negro who was brought from Augusta to Greenwood by the girl's father. Requisition papers are being prepared for the fellow's extradition to Georgia.

BENCH WARRANT FOR PLAYER

He Is a Dispensary Manager, Short in Accounts.

Columbia, S. C., March 21.—(Special.)—During Christmas week G. M. Player, county dispenser at Kingstree, reported that he had been held up and robbed of $1,800 in his dispensary. The state authorities did not believe his story and had him arrested. An examination showed a shortage of $2,154. Player was released on bond, but failing to put in an appearance at the term of court now in session, a bench warrant has been issued for him. Player sent word that he was sick and the sheriff took a doctor along to make an examination.

The Report Untrue.

Columbia, S. C., March 21.—(Special.)—The directors of the York cotton mills express indignation at the sensational and damaging reports sent out respecting the financial condition of the mills at the time of the death of Colonel Ashe, as reported in The Constitution. The mills are perfectly solvent.

SELMA TO HAVE OIL REFINERY

Capitalists Will Put Up Plant Costing Half a Million.

Selma, Ala., March 21.—(Special.)—Among one of the new industries that will soon be started in Selma at an early date is an extensive plant in which there will be invested about $500,000. For some time past prominent capitalists of this city have been in correspondence with prominent capitalists of Atlanta, Ga., and several other prominent men to put the project on foot and the final arrangements in the deal were about consummated today.

The proposed plant is to be an oil refinery for the cotton seed oil mills of the state and Selma is to be selected as the proper location for the refinery owing to its central location and also because there are more oil mills at this point than there are at any other city in the state. It is proposed that the oil will be shipped here in tank cars and after being refined it will be sent to markets all over the world.

There will also be attached to the refinery a number of smaller industries, such as soap factory and other plants which will utilize all of the by-products from the refining process of the oil.

There is strong probability of the plant being built during the summer so as to have it ready to commence business by next fall with the opening of the cotton seed oil business.

INTERFERED WITH EMPLOYES

Two Men Come to Grief at Opelika, Alabama.

Opelika, Ala., March 21.—(Special.)—Will Dyer and William Taylor, two white men, who have been employed at the cotton mills here, were discharged and have been interfering with the hands and otherwise annoying the officers. They were arrested for trespass today and sentenced to three months hard labor by Judge Renfro.

GENERAL WM. H. WALLACE

A Distinguished South Carolinan Breathes His Last.

END OF REMARKABLE CAREER

Was Speaker of the House When It Met in Carolina Hall in 1876.

Columbia, S. C., March 21.—(Special.)—General William Henry Wallace died at Union today, aged seventy-six years. After graduating with distinction from the South Carolina college, young Wallace studied law, and then went to planting. He subsequently practiced law and edited a newspaper in Union. At the outbreak of hostilites he enlisted in the Eighteenth South Carolina volunteers as a private. A few days afterwards he was appointed adjutant and the following week elected lieutenant colonel. The colonel being killed at second Manassas, Wallace was promoted. He served in all the Virginia campaign and early in 1864 was made brigadier general, being in command of General Bushrod's Johnson division at the battle of Appomattox courthouse.

In 1872, on a compromise ticket, General Wallace, as a democrat and his body servant, John Wallace, as a republican, went to the legislature from Union County. He was the first democrat to go to the legislature from a republican county. In 1876, when Hampton was elected and democrats from Edgefield and Laurens were refused admittance to the house of representatives, all democrats organized in Carolina hall what was officially known as the Wallace house, General Wallace being made speaker. He was elected judge of the seventh circuit in 1877, holding that office for sixteen years. Since then he has been living quietly in Union.

THE DEATH OF JOHN METZGER

Savannah Loses One of Its Oldest Citizens.

Savannah, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—John Metzger, an aged and respected citizen of Savannah, died this morning at the home of his son, W. W. Metzger, on Hall street. The deceased was ninety-one years old and had lived in Savannah seventy-four years. He was a native of Germany and came to Savannah when seventeen years of age. He was forty-four years in the employ of the Central railroad as a boilermaker and only retired on account of age. The deceased was one of the best posted of the older residents on the Savannah of former days. When he came to Savannah South Broad street was the limit and the boys shot squirrels where the DeSoto hotel now stands. Mr. Metzger enlisted in the Seminole war and went to Florida to fight the Indians. He bore the mark of an Indian arrow, which pierced his arm, and carried the scar through life. For three years he and Mr. Charles Gross, still an aged resident here, served in the same company. The deceased had been an Odd Fellow for fifty years.

THE DEATH OF MRS. HODGES.

Demise of the Venerable Mother of ex-Solicitor General Hodges.

Macon, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—The many friends of Mrs. Eleonora W. Hodges will regret to hear of her death, which occurred this morning at an early hour at her residence on Huguenin Heights. She was the widow of the late James Oliver Hodges. Several children survive her. Ex-Solicitor General Robert Hodges is one of her sons. The deceased was seventy-two years old. She was a lovely Christian woman and had for many years been a devoted member of Mulberry Street Methodist church. The funeral services will be held tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock from her late residence.

John R. Williams, Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Va., March 21.—(Special.)—John R. Williams, a wealthy business man and large property owner, dropped dead at his home in the West End this evening. He was a native of Wales and fifty-eight years old, coming here soon after the war. He received a contract under General Ordway to build stone walls around the national cemeteries around here. Mr. Williams owned extensive slate mines in Buckingham and was interested in many institutions here.

Ed. F. Little, Gainesville, Ga.

Gainesville, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Ex-Alderman Ed F. Little died here at 8 o'clock tonight after a severe illness of a few days with pneumonia. He was in business here a number of years and took a lively interest in public affairs. Interment will take place in this city tomorrow.

Deaths at Columbus.

Columbus, Ga., March 21.—(Special.)—Mr. L. E. Allen died at the city hospital and was buried yesterday in Stewart county. A wife and children survive him.

Emmett King, a student at the Wynnton high school, died Tuesday night and was buried at the family burial ground in the country yesterday.

Mr. T. B. Handcock, a machinist at Golden's, died yesterday and was buried today near Cataula, Ga.

Miss Kate Lanier, a clerk, died yesterday. Her family resides near Warm Springs, Ga.

STRICTURE AND VARICOCELE.

Twenty of the best years of my life have been devoted to the study of Chronic Diseases of men and women. I have been successful because I have been thoroughly up-to-date and keep pace with the latest discoveries of science. Few physicians know that it is unnecessary as well as cruel to resort to the knife in treating Stricture or Varicocele. I have perfected a cure which is absolutely painless, gentle, but thoroughly effective. I have tested it in more than ten thousand cases, and my experience warrants my saying that a failure is impossible in 95 per cent of all cases treated. My treatment can be applied at your own home and a cure is effected without detention from business or other duties. I also cure with the same degree of success all private or chronic diseases of men and women. If you are afflicted with any form of Skin Disease, Blood Poison, Rheumatism, Kidney and Bladder Complaints, Loss of Manly Vigor, Female Weakness, etc., I invite you to investigate fully my exclusive methods of treating these diseases. I can show you what I have done for others and explain the superiority of my treatment to your entire satisfaction. Call for free consultation or write for symptom blanks; correspondence strictly confidential.



J. Newton Hathaway, M. D.

Suite 33, Inman Building, 22½ S. Broad street. Office hours, 8:30 a. m. to 3 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. Private reception room for ladies.



You will not feel like this in the morning if you drink

YELLOW LABEL WHISKEY

You've experienced that "awful head" or the "splitting headache?" Young, harsh whiskies cause it. There are no "after effects" with Yellow Label. It's mellow, old and smooth—a gentleman's drink for sociability.

All First-class Places Sell It.



WE'LL TREAT. The difference is great between this and ordinary whiskey; to show the difference will send you sample bottle free, on receipt of 12 cts. to defray packing etc. Address, CHAS. M. PFEIFER & CO., 27 Main St., CINCINNATI, O. Proprietors Hall Springs Distillery.

CADET PATENTS GOOD INVENTION

Reversing Gear on the Steam Turbine.

WORK WAS DONE QUIETLY

Belchers Did Not Make Invention Known to Friends Until He Procured Letters Patent in This Country and Europe.

Blacksburg, Va., March 21.—(Special.)—One of the most important, if not the most important, invention of this century has just been perfected and patented by a cadet of the Virginia Polytechnic institute at Blacksburg, Va.

The invention is the important and long sought after reversing gear on the steam turbine, and the inventor is Mr. Peter Berkeley Belchers, of the class of 1901, or the present senior class. Mr. Belchers is not now in attendance at the college, removing to his home as soon as his ideas and unformed theories had received the proper molding. He was not a hard student, but was a keen observer and a good man at anything mechanical. Professor Randolph told your correspondent that he was working on a reversible rotary engine, but was induced to give that up as unfeasible, and devoted himself to the turbine. He did not return after his sophomore year and little was heard of him until he wrote in response to a letter of inquiry and told your correspondent that the rumor which we had heard was a fact and that he had succeeded in perfecting this great invention.

What it will be worth to him it is difficult to say. He worked so quietly that he patented his invention in every country in Europe and in the United States before any one knew anything about it; in fact, he holds patents for the "reverse gear on the steam turbine" in Germany, Italy, France, Belgium, Spain, Austria, Russia, England and the United States. He is in daily correspondence with the highest foreign experts and has had and refused a cash offer of $50,000. He will realize at the very least in the countries mentioned not less than $95,000 on the sale of the device.

The importance of the invention is apparent to any one who will give it a glance, for example, the Turbinia, the second fastest boat afloat, will require just three turbines in her hold, instead of the five formerly used there—three were required to drive the craft forward and two to reverse it. As the reverse gear will do away with the two reversing turbines, there will be a chance for increased speed and a saving of space in the ship's narrow little hold.

Mr. Belchers is a young man of about twenty-two and the way in which he has managed the securing of patents and the quietness with which he worked will both work to his advantage in the matter of proceeds. The only way his immediate neighbors found it out was from the number of foreign letters of which he was in daily receipt, and his frequent business trips to Washington, on one at least of which he met a man from England, sent to purchase if possible and refused a sale.

WALCOTT WON WITH EASE.

McKeever No Match for the New York Man.

Waterbury, Conn., March 21.—Two-thousand people at the Auditorium tonight saw Joe Walcott, of New York, easily put out Charlie McKeever, of Philadelphia, in the sixth round. Walcott had the best of it all the way through, for while McKeever was quick and shifty on his feet, he was no match for his opponent. For five rounds he stayed gamely, receiving some terrific punishment on the body, but shorty before the end of the sixth round, a punch over the heart did the work. The men met at catch-weights.

THIS DEADLOCK IS STILL ON

Nebraska Republican Constitution Unchanged.

Lincoln, Neb., March 21.—The republican caucus on the long term senatorial seat is making another night of it, with apparently no solution of the deadlock. Balloting began shortly after 8 o'clock, with no change from last night, except that Edward Rosewater gained two votes, one each, seemingly, from Mr. Meikeljohn and Currie.

The day brought no material change in the short term situation except to slightly enhance the chances of election of D. E. Thompson, who gained two votes.

THE HEALTH HABIT.

Just as Easy To Form as Any Other.

We do not deliberately form our pet habits but they are unconsciously acquired, and grow as we grow, and by the time we learn they are hurting us, we find them too strong to be easily broken.

Then, why not form a good habit, a habit which will counteract the many bad ones; in other words, contract the unfashionable habit of being always well.

The best health habit to get into is to have and keep a vigorous stomach; if you have a healthy digestion, you can drink your beloved coffee, smoke your favorite brand of tobacco, with little or no harm; the mischief begins when these things are forced upon the faithful stomach, without any assistance.

Form the habit of taking after meals some harmless but efficient digestive which will relieve the stomach of so much extra work.

Nature furnishes us with such digestives and when they are combined in such a pleasant preparation as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, they give the overworked stomach just the necessary assistance to secure perfect digestion without any of the harmful effects of cathartics and similar drugs.

The habit of taking Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after meals is as necessary to the weak stomach as food itself, and indeed to get the benefit from food eaten, nothing better and certainly nothing safer can be used.

Many families consider Stuart's Tablets as essential in the house as knives and forks.

They consist entirely of natural digestive principles without the effect or characteristics of drugs; they have no cathartic action, but simply go to work on the food eaten and digest it.

Take into account your bad habits and the expense they entail and then invest fifty cents in a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and see if your digestion for the next month is not vastly improved.

Ask the clerk in any drug store the name of the most successful and popular stomach remedy and he will say Stuart's.

LONGED FOR HER HATCHET

Mrs. Nation Turns Attention to Obscene Pictures.

SHE URGES HER COMRADES ON

Kansas City Police Escort the Reformer from a Saloon and Release Her.

Kansas City, Mo., March 21.—Mrs. Carrie Nation, addressing an open meeting of the Women's Christian Temperance Union here today, urged the members to begin a crusade against the indecent pictures that hang on the walls of saloons. She told the women that they should not be mere "seat warmers," but active workers in the cause of morality and decency. "But," complained a Woman's Christian Temperance Union woman, "haven't we taken down those pictures again and again, without succeeding in keeping them down? What are we to do?"

Mrs. Nation replied: "If you wash your face one day, does that remove the obligation to wash it the next day?"

Mrs. Nation today caused a nude picture to be removed from the wall of a saloon.

"If I had my hatchet," she said, "I would go through the place."

A police officer escorted her out and upon her promise to do no smashing she was released.

ALL IS PEACEFUL IN CHINA.

Authorities Do Not Anticipate any Trouble—Ministers Are in Harmony.

Pekin, China, March 21.—Noon.—The situation at Tien Tsin is the same. A detachment of British marines have replaced the Sepoy troops on guard at the danger point. The authorities do not anticipate any trouble. The soldiers on both sides are reliable, and not likely to commit any action which will involve the situation.

The ministers are working in perfect harmony, and everything is progressing satisfactorily. The questions remaining to be decided are the nature of the guards along the line of communication with the sea and the razing of the forts, which, being purely military matters, the generals will decide and will report their decisions to the ministers.

DEATH LIST IN PHILIPPINES.

Suicide of Corporal H. D. Smith, of Twenty-Ninth, Recorded.

Washington, March 21.—General MacArthur, at Manila, cables the following death list since last reports:

Dysentery—March 4th, company D, Forty-fourth infantry: Sergeant William C. Perkins; February 27th, company A, Twenty-second infantry, Patrick Melon; March 13th, company M, Forty-eighth infantry, H. J. Holly; February 22d, company E, Twenty-eighth infantry, D. B. Curry.

Diarrhoea—March 9th, company K, Forty-fifth infantry, Loyd E. Dempsey.

Died from wound received in action: March 6th, battery C, Seventh artillery, William C. Morse.

Drowned—Body recovered—March 9th, company L, Forty-first infantry, F. M. Altmose; February 26th, company E, First infantry, Jno. J. Jennings. Drowned bodies not recovered—March 2d, company L, Twenty-eighth infantry, William Stewart, Harry L. Hawley, Corporal William Boyle, John Blumm; February 10th, company E, Forty-seventh infantry, Garfield Henderson.

Suicide—March 1st, company E, Twenty-ninth infantry, Corporal Horace D. Smith.

Gastritis—March 7th, company D, Twenty-third infantry, Frank Chapelwksi.

Pulmonary olema—March 14th, company F, Fourteenth infantry, Oscar Carlson.

Pneumonia—March 11th, company E, Thirty-ninth infantry, P. W. Moyer.

Endocarditis—March, company C, Nineteenth infantry, Lewis Fell.

Killed by accident—March 2d, troop D, Ninth cavalry, First Sergeant Charles H. Roper; February 3d, company D, Twenty-second infantry, Thomas Murphy; company B, Twenty-second infantry, Michael J. Hurley.

Killed by comrade—March 1st, company C, Thirteenth infantry, Steven Buzziak.

MEMPHIS AND THE RACERS.

City May Get Twenty-One Days of the Meeting.

Memphis, Tenn., March 21.—(Special.)—President S. R. Montgomery, president of the New Memphis Jockey Club, returned this morning from Nashville, where he conferred with the Cumberland Park people, resulting in the defeat of the ten days' racing limit bill in the legislature. Though the arbitrators have not met, a general understanding has been reached through which Memphis will give to Nashville three of her racing days. Still there is a chance that Memphis will get her twenty-one days.

C. R. G. Billings, of New York and Chicago, who is putting in a mile trotting track here, is now on a deal to purchase Cumberland park, at Nashville, also the street railroad in that city. If the deal goes through he will agree to cut down the Nashville race meeting.

President Montgomery, of the Memphis Jockey Club left tonight for Chicago, to confer with President Lawrence Young, of the Western Jockey Club. He was called to Chicago by Young and will demand that the aggeement between Nashville and Memphis be ratified and that the Western club withdraw the outlaw rule.

General W. H. Jackson threatens to call a meeting of the Breeders' Association of the United States, of which he is president, to protest against the rule.

HANGING WILL BE PUBLIC ONE

John Westley, a Negro, To Be Executed at Arkadelphia, Ark.

Memphis, Tenn., March 21.—(Special.)—John Westley, colored, charged with criminally assaulting Miss Josie Cleveland, at Arkadelphia, Ark., will be publicly executed Saturday. This afternoon the Arkansas general assembly passed a law at the solicitation of the people of Arkadelphia, making all hangings for criminal assault public. Heretofore criminal assault fiends have been hanged in private as murderers, but the people of the little town demanded a public hanging, believing the scene will be a warning to other negroes. The hanging will be largely attended.

DURBIN MAKES AN APPEAL.

Asks Aid for Those Rendered Destitute by the Flames.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 21.—Governor Durbin this afternoon issued a proclamation to the people of the state asking for aid for the destitute of Memphis, Clark county. Two hundred people were rendered homeless and destitute on account of the fire which burned fifty-five houses. The appeal is for clothing, food and money. Before leaving for West Baden today the governor telegraphed the war department for tents and blankets for the people. A reply arrived this evening stating that all the tents available for the purpose had been sent to Galveston. The tents of the Indiana national guard will be sent down till further relief can be obtained.

CONVENTION TO ACCEPT TERMS

General Sanguilly Suddenly Changes His Views.

RADICAL SPIRIT IS DYING

Situation in Cuba Favorable for the Acceptance of the Platt Amendment—General Sanguilly Makes His Statement.

Havana, March 21.—A element of doubt now exists as to what will be the final attitude of the Cuban constitutional convention. The preponderance of public opinion in favor of the Platt amendment during the last few days is having its effect upon the radical members and General Sanguilly's press utterances today further tend to weaken the strength of the radicals. General Sanguilly was the most radical of all the delegates. He favored dissolving the convention when the United States congress adopted the amendment.

Recently he has expressed in private the views to which he has now given public expression, but few expected him to maintain the stand. He now says:

A literal interpretation of the Platt amendment might mean the loss of Cuban independence; but the liberal view which President McKinley and the convention would give would leave nothing to be feared by the Cubans. I do not believe that by waiting we would get better terms from the next congress. Independence with some restrictions is preferrable to a continuance of military rule, which would surely follow rejection of the Platt amendment.

If the Americans want the Isle of Pines, I am in favor of giving it to them. I am also in favor of establishing coaling stations on some of the keys or at some of the small ports. The presence of the authority of the United States will be a guarantee of our independence so far as exterior safety is concerned and will save us the enormous expense of maintaining an army and navy.

The committee on relations did not report today. Probably it will submit its report to individual members of the convention tomorrow. The view asserted in the report that the question of establishing relations cannot be settled by the convention, but should be left to the future republic is liable to cause a break in the radical ranks. The conservative element is endeavoring to keep the convention from taking a final vote on the question until a commission has been appointed to wait upon Governor General Wood or go to Washington.

General Miles, who has returned from the Isle of Pines, visited the convention with Senor deQuesado and met many delegates whose acquaintance he formed durin: the Spanish-American war.

A BIG BLAZE IN MONTGOMERY

Two Fine Residences Are Destroyed. Engineer Drops Dead.

Montgomery, Ala., March 22.—Fire this morning destroyed two of the finest residences on South Court street, belonging to Mrs. Fannie Anderson and W. E. Pierce, together with all outhouses and a pair of fine carriage horses. During the fire W. H. Kelley, engineer of the fire department, dropped dead from heart trouble. The fire is still burning.

LOVE LETTERS INTRODUCED.

The Feature of the Day in Breach of Promise Suit.

Richmond, Va., March 21.—(Special.)—This was a day of sensational interest in the trial of the breach of promise suit of Miss Coleman against Mr. Saunders, in the Lancaster circuit court. The fair plaintiff was on the stand all day and was subjected to a rigid cross-examination. The sensational feature was the introduction of a large number of love letters, written to Miss Coleman by Mr. Saunders. They were of a very tender nature. The writer spoke of the plaintiff as "my dear little sweetheart," "my darling Gertie" and "my dear sweetheart Gertie," and were unusally signed "your devoted lover, Romulus."

A handsome diamond engagement ring and a watch given the plaintiff by the defendant were also put in evidence.

COMSTOCK CAUSES AN ARREST

Officers Catch an Owner of Obscene Books.

Boston, March 21.—Anthony Comstock, of New York, with Inspector Towlson, of the postoffice force, and Deputy United States Marshal Waters went to Haverhill today and arrested Edward W. Lang on the charge of sending through the mails a book alleged to be obscene.

Postoffice Inspector Evans has made many complaints that books of the most obscene character were being sent through the mails. They were being sold at $2.50 each, while the production cost about 5 cents each.

Land did not suspect his visitors, and as he showed his wares, he drew out bundles of the most obscene pictures. They arrested him and in this city United States Commissioner Fiske held him in $2,000 for a hearing.

MEETS AT EAST LAKE TODAY.

Woman's Home Mission Society of North Alabama Conference.

Birmingham, Ala., March 21.—(Special.) The Woman's Home Mission Society of the North Alabama conference, Methodist Episcopal church, south, will meet at East Lake tomorrow in annual convention. The sessions will continue for four days. The address of welcome will be delivered by Mrs. J. N. Vincent, of East Lake, who will be followed by Mrs. Alice Johnson, of the same place, on behalf of the Foreign Missionary Society. Mrs. Martha Thorington, of Tuscaloosa, will respond. Mrs. H. J. Salter, of Elyton, will then discuss the subject of "Spirituality, the Power of the Woman's Home Missionary Society." Mrs. J. B. Chatfield, the president, will read her annual report on Saturday, at which time the regular business of the convention will begin.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once.

Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 30 pills 10c.

CARNEGIE NOT A CANDIDATE

Steel Magnate Is Not Playing for Popular Favor.

TALKS OF HIS RECENT GIFTS

Millionaire Is Delighted with the Acceptance of His New York City Offer.

Southampton, March 21.—Andrew Carnegie, who arrived from New York on the American liner St. Louis at a late hour last night, was interviewed here today. Mr. Carnegie expressed surprise that his donation for the benefit of New York libraries had caused anything of a sensation.

The cablegram from the working men of Pittsburg evidently gave Mr. Carnegie the greater satisfaction.

"It was a pleasure to make both of these gifts," said Mr. Carnegie to a correspondent of the Associated Press, "but I think my contribution to the working men of Pittsburg to be of much greater importance than the donation for the New York libraries, as the working men always specially appeal to my sympathy. I had no idea that my bequests for the benefit of the New York libraries would be regarded as in any way extraordinary. I am glad to hear that so many sites have already been offered for these libraries."

When questioned in regard to the suggested mayoralty candidacy Mr. Carnegie pooh-poohed any aspirations in that direction.

"I will say, however," continued the millionaire, "that New York treats her public men shamefully. They are not half as bad as painted. It is a great city and you will have to go a long way to find a better one."

"That's what Mr. Croker maintains," suggested a New York man who was present.

"Well, Croker is not so——" commenced Mr. Carnegie, but checking himself he said:

"I musn't talk politics. I only want to say that I am glad to be able to contribute anything toward the welfare of the great city of New York."

TRUSTS OFFER WIDER FIELD.

Carnegie Says Combinations Do Not Injure Chances.

London, March 21.—To an English interviewer, after his arrival in London, Mr. Carnegie talked freely concerning the United States steel corporation, which he thought would not affect Great Britain much one way or the other.

Asked whether existence of trusts did not tend toward national bankrutpcy or whether they might not prove a step in an evolution toward socialism, Mr. Carnegie said:

The man behind the trusts is just as important as ever. Consolidations are the tendency of our age and will prove beneficial. The chances of Andrew Carnegie, if he landed a penniless boy in New York tonight, would be as bright as they were in 1848, and he would have even a wider field.

HE SAYS HE IS THE KIDNAPER

Prisoner at Dallas, Tex., Declares He Kidnaped Cudahy.

Dallas, Tex., March 21.—According to a statement made by H. W. Summers, county attorney, tonight, a prisoner in the Dallas jail named H. E. Henderson has declared himself to be the kidnaper of young Cudahy, of Omaha.

He did not give facts and circumstances and did not swear to his statement, although he had been warned as required by law, but says young Cudahy will identify him. Henderson says he came here from El Paso and to that place from Denver. He says he was born in Iowa; that he once had a patent right which he sold for $65,000. He stands convicted here of swindling and has been sentenced to thirteen years in the penitentiary.

CONTRABAND FERTILIZERS

Reported They Are Being Sent Into Georgia from Alabama.

VIA CHATTAHOOCHEE RIVER

Commissioner Stevens Has Gone to Southwest Georgia To Make an Investigation.

Commisioner O. B. Stevens, of the department of agriculture, has gone to southwest Georgia on a mission that is, perhaps, considerably more important than at first thought.

Reports have been received recently to the effect that a good deal of contraband guano was being brought into the state from Alabama by way of the Chattahoochee river. These reports soon reached the agricultural department, and with its usual vigilance it began an investigation of them.

To prosecute this investigation and determine to what extent the law is being violated was the object of Commissioner Stevens's trip. He proposed, it is understood, to look thoroughly into the matter and determine whether such illegal shipments are being made into the state and to what extent.

Shipments of fertilizers can easily be made into Georgia from Alabama, it is stated, by way of the Chattahoochee river and unless it were reported the department might be some time in finding it out. The information came promptly this time, however, and if the law is being violated in any such manner a stop will be put to it. The law requires that all fertilizers sold in the state shall be tagged and inspected, and parties who violated the law in this way should save the charges for tags and the inspection fees. It is safe to say, however, that an early stop will be put to this business wherever it is found.

WILL EXTEND THE VIADUCT.

Aldermanic Board Agrees To Eiseman Brothers' Proposition.

The aldermanic board unanimously agreed at the meeting yesterday to the proposition to extend the Whitehall street viaduct fifteen feet on the southern end so as to allow Messrs. Eiseman Bros., to have a basement entrance on that thoroughfare under the structure. The extension, it was estimated, would cost $1,966.94, this amount to be provided in the June apportionment sheet and to be taken from the department of bridges.

When the application was first made to council for this extension the matter was referred jointly to the finance committee and the bridges committee. The report of these committees recommended that the work be done and council adopted that report at the last meeting. The aldermanic board unanimously concurred in the action of council in this matter.

The bids of certain local firms for heating apparatus, blankets and excelsior for new mattresses for the stockade were accepted, the action of council regarding the bids being concurred in by the board. After a few other matters had been disposed of adjournment was taken.

SECOND PROTEGE CLAIMS MILLIONS

Another Claimant Found for Gilman's Money.

MISS KUPFER COMES FORTH

New Applicant Is the Daughter of a Former Barber Employed by the Eccentric Millionaire. Holds Deed to Blenner Studio.

Bridgeport, Conn., March 21.—Another claimant for a share in the Gilman estate came to the front tonight in the person of Miss Katherine Kupfer, the daughter of the dead millionaire's former barber.

Miss Kupfer became a protege of Mr. Gilman a number of years ago when she developed a talent for art, and was sent abroad to study painting after a course in this city. She claims that she has in her possession a deed to what is known as the Blenner studio, a part of the establishment at Black Rock. The studio was originally built for the artist, Carl Blenner, to whom the tea merchant was devoted for some years. It is most elaborately fitted up, and a very valuable piece of property.

PROGRAMMES ARE PRAISED

Critics Are Enthusiastic Over the Liepsic Orchestra.

CONCERTS NEXT WEDNESDAY

Coming of the Orchestra Will Be the Event of the Season and Large Audiences Are Expected.

"A terrific programme" is the term The Rochester Herald applies to one presented in that city by the Leipsic Philharmonic orchestra, when there were included two Wagner overtures, a Beethoven symphony, a Grieg sente, a Strauss waltz and a Chopin concerto. The review of the performance is enthusiastically laudatory, and especially significant is the description of the Beethoven C minor symphony, which it says:

The Leipsic orchestra played like men who appreciated the significance of the music of which they were the interpreters. The violins seemed to take fire as they played; the sense of dramatic development, of a great action in progress, was upon them and the magnificent phrases were expressed like a divine passion. When the Allegro had reached its close the audience was in a fever heat of enthusiasm. The slow movement was nobly played. It is as beautiful as an oriental dream, but has a depth of meaning, an earnestness, a spirituality that are of the composer alone the expression of his inmost personality. The onrush of the third movement was almost terrible and it was easy to tell that every individual musician well understood that the great phase based on the common chord is the music of triumph; the voice of joy at a life's work accomplished.

The same writer says that "Winderstein is a born Wagnerite and he brings fire out of his forces." Concerning the "Oberon" overture, which was a feature of a lighter programme the comment was: "Herr Wintrstein conducted the overture with an enthusiasm that showed he was engaged in a labor of love. He drew from the strings a quality of tone that was exquisite in its refinement. And yet the violin was not tyrannous, as it is so apt to be, but sang its, part with perfect sense of the relation to be borne to the other instruments. The lovely theme for clarionet could not have been more poetically played."

Other press notices are quite as full of praise for the beautiful music the orchestra is capable of presenting, and there is no doubt that music lovers of every taste will be delighted with the two concerts in Atlanta next Wednesday.

The evening concert will be given under the auspices of the Atlanta Concert Association, the members presenting their books as usual for admission.

The matinee is a separate and distinct affair and the tickets of the members of the Atlanta Concert Association will not admit them to the matinee. The members will do well to note this fact.

The evening performance only is under the direction of the concert association.

Mrs. Rorer

and all the rest of the good cooks know that a shortening agent must be unobtrusive when pies or biscuits are to be made, but clever as they are, they couldn't hide the "lardy" taste in those good things to eat as long as hog fat was the only shortening—and so when

White Cottolene

made its appearance all of them joined in a mighty chorus of praise, because of its splendid shortening properties and entire absence of taste or odor.

It is a product made from refined vegetable oil, and makes a crust that is as healthful and nutritious as it is appetizing and delicious.

You will do well to read the free offer at the bottom of this ad, regarding some literature which tells more fully what White Cottolene is and how to use it.



The N. K. Fairbank Company, Chicago—Sole Manufacturers.

FREE! Our dainty booklet, "A Public Secret," mailed free to any address. For two 2c stamps we will send free our 125 page recipe book. "Home Helps," edited by Mrs. Rorer.

P.S.—No Hog Fat in COTTOLENE

"C" With a Tail.

The "C" with a tail is the trademark of Cascarets Candy Cathartic. Look for it on the light blue enameled metal box! Each tablet stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. All druggists, 10c.

Big Boys and Little Boys Can Suit Their Most Fastidious

TASTES here, for we take special pains, not only to please parents, but the youngsters as well, for we know that a boy dissatisfied with his clothes, can go through the toughest in short order; some of them will, anyway. Therefore, we take the greatest pains to give the little fellows styles that will be satisfactory, and perfect fits, as well as fabrics that are especially woven for boys' wear. The wool is long, fine staple, double-and-twist warp, colors guaranteed fast, and the whole woven so that they are harmonious and pleasing. The tailoring is reliable, so that the seams will hold and all buttons remain where put. Bring him in and let us show you how we can fit him out from

HAT TO HOSIERY.

GEO. MUSE CLOTHING CO

38 WHITEHALL ST.

BORALMA AND THE ABBOTT WILL TROT SEVEN HEATS

New York, March 21.—Fire Commissioner John J. Scannell announced this afternoon that he had decided to agree to the conditions stipulated by Thomas W. Lawson, of Boston, that the proposed race between the trotters, The Abbott and Boralma, should be for four heats in seven. Mr. Scannell made the following statement:

"A misunderstanding having arisen between Mr. Lawson and myself as to the terms and conditions of the proposed match for $25,000 a side with the privilege of increasing the sum to $50,000, between The Abbott and Boralma, and being anxious to gratify the desire which the public seems to have for a contest, I am willing to waive my objections to the proposition of Mr. Lawson that the race should be for four heats in seven. I do not believe in subjecting so valuable a horse to such a strain, but as I have already conceded everything else contended for by Mr. Lawson, I have decided to make this last concession and have deposited a certified check for $10,000 to bind the match. I am sorry that any misunderstanding should ever have arisen and I am sure that the owner of Boralma will appreciate my sincerity when he realizes that I have conceded everything that he has asked for."

NEW ORLEANS.

LENA A. AWARDED PURSES AND STAKES

New Orleans, March 21.—In the case of the filly, Lena A, against whom a protest was lodged, claiming that she was a three year old, the stewards today find that the filly is an unusually well developed two year old and award her owners the purses and stake money which she has won and which were withheld on account of the protest. The weather was fine and the track slow. Masterful, Animosity and Eleven Bells were the only winning favorites. Results:

FIRST RACE—Six and a half furlongs: Masterful, 99 (Hothersall), even and 5 to 2, won; Assessment, 100 (O'Brien), 4 to 1 and 8 to 5, second; Denny Duffy, 110 (Cochran), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:20. Hija, St. Bluff, Island Princess, Novelty, Floyd Dixie, Hazelnoor, Burgoyne and Scotia also ran.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Ben Frost, 108 (Robertson), 15 to 1 and 5 to 2, won; Coriallis, 106 (Walsh), 5 to 1 and even, second; Sir Christopher, 111 (Wilkerson), 11 to 20, third. Time, 1:17. Blenheim, Lady Curzon and Mirim G also ran.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs: Velma Clark, 94 (Cochran), 9 to 2 and 6 to 5, won; Miss Go-Lightly, 100 (O'Brien), 2 to 1 and 7 to 10, second; Ranco, 108 (Landry), 11 to 10, third. Time, 1:16¼. Charley Daniels, Blackford, All's Well and Al Mimms also ran.

FOURTH RACE—The Boston Club selling stake, seven furlongs: Dorothy Lee, 101 (O'Brien), 12 to 1 and 4 to 1, finished first, but disqualified for fouling; Animosity, 94 (Wilkerson), 9 to 10 and 2 to 5, won; Sim W, 110 (Cochran), 16 to 5 and 4 to 5, second; Cherries, 100 (Miles), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:30. Ed Gartland II and Monk Wayman also ran.

FIFTH RACE—One mile and three-eighths, selling: Leon Ferguson, 110 (Callahan), 7 to 1 and 2 to 1, won; Major Mansir, 102 (Brennan), 12 to 5 and even, second; Silver Coin, 110 (Cochran), 3 to 1, third. Time, 2:24. J. H. Sloan, Banquo II and False Lead also ran.

SIXTH RACE—One mile, selling: Althea, 102 (Wilkerson), 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, won; Colonel Gay, 110 (Cochran) 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Percy R, 109 (O'Brien) 5 to 2, third. Time, 1:43. King Bermua, Bert Daniels, Farrells, Tillie W, The Sluggard, Ignis and Prestar also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—One mile, selling: Eleven Bells, 101 (Cochran), 6 to 5 and 7 to 10, won; Dan Rice, 110 (Dupee), 6 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; The Jefferson, 107 (O'Brien), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:44½. L W, Alvin W, Lovable, Duchess of York, Stella, Lady Ezell and Fuller also ran.

New Orleans Entries for Today.

First Race—Three-fourths of a mile, selling: Rondelle, Enjoy, 103; Lindie, 105; Siroister, 108; Zaza, 109; Tildy Ann, Azura, 114; Poorlanis, Charlie Daniels, Jack Adie, Tensle, A. L. Mimms, 119.

Second Race—Mile and a quarter, selling: Excelsis, 106; False Lead, Major Mansir, Governor Boyd, Bert Davis, Blocker, 111; Leon Ferguson, 112; Beans, Admetus, 113; Woodtrice, Banquo II, 114; Red Prairie, 116.

Third Race—Handicap, three fourths of a mile: Sentry, 92; Ranco, 94; Deusterswivel, 96; Eleanor Howard, Andes, 98; Goebel, Georgie, 102; Tom Kingsley, 108.

Fourth Race—The Pickwick Club selling stake, one mile: Gertrude Elliott, 87; Egyptian Prince, 95; Sarilla, 100; Trebor, 106; Sir Gattan, 108; Thurlee, 109; Direolute, 111.

Fifth Race—Mile and a sixteenth, gentlemen riders: Hardly (Mr. J. T. Devereaux), 145; Zolo (Mr. H. M. Hardie), King Elkweed (Mr. C. F. Buck), J. H. Barnes (Mr. Allen Mehle), Dagmar (Mr. Louis Bush), 147; Bright Night (Mr. H. F. Schaefer), Swordsman (Mr. S. P. Blanc), 150.

Sixth Race—Seven eighths of a mile, selling: Virgie d'Or, Kid, 110; Loone, Claude Walton, 103; Hanswurst, Lenox, 106; Monometallist, 111; Acushla, Vie Lamont, 112; Sam Lazarus, Piramo, 114; The Burlington Route, 117.

Seventh Race—Three-quarters of a mile, selling: Kohnwreath, Janowood, 98; Bell of Elgin, Juanett, Pirates' Queen, Curtsey, 103; Lady Hastings, 117; Lackman, Heroics, 119; Slasher, 122; Momentum, Tobe Paine, 125.

AT TANFORAN.

FIFTY TO ONE SHOT CAME IN FIRST

San Francisco, March 21.—Weather cloudy; track fast. Tanforan results:

FIRST RACE—Three-quarters mile, selling: Impromptu, 112 (Henry), 6 to 5, won; Cougar, 112 (O'Connor), 2 to 1, second; Invictus, 109 (Thorne), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:14½. Mrs. Brunell, Scallywag, Satin Coat, Sublime, Immodel and Youdel ran.

SECOND RACE—Thirteen-sixteenths of a mile, selling: Dangerous Maid, 105 (O'Connor), even, won; Red Wax, 110 (Enos), 6 to 1, second; Our Lizzie, 104 (Henry), 3 to 1, to third. Time, 1:20⅝. Nullah, Gibraltar, Moringa, Espirando and Jerid ran.

THIRD RACE—Seven-eighths of a mile, selling: Rio Chico, 110 (See), 50 to 1, won; Catastrophe, 110 (J. Daly), 3 to 1, second; Dolore, 108 (Bennett), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:29. Tame Irishman, The Benedict, Rio Shannon, Charles Lebel, Young Morello, Rinaldo, Montanus ran.

FOURTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth handicap: Tuthill, 102 (Dominick), 9 to 5, won; Star Chamber, 100 (O'Connor), 6 to 5, second; Advance Guard, 127 (Piggott), 2½ to 1, third. Time, 1:47¾.

FIFTH RACE—Mile, selling: Astor, 109 (O'Connor), 7 to 5, won; The Phoenician, 101 (Dominick), 2 to 1, second; Vohicer, 106 (R. Murphy), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:41⅘. Greatland, Mary Kinsella, Lena, Scotch Plaid ran.

SIXTH RACE—Seven-eighths of a mile, selling: Mission, 107 (Mounce), 6 to 1, won; Mitten, 105 (Henry), 6 to 1, second; McNamara, 107 (O'Connor), 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:28¾. First Call, Silver Garter, Letiger, Labor Girl, Satan, First Shot, Rixford, Salvador ran.

Tanforan Entries for Today.

First Race—Eleventh-sixteenths of a mile: Andrattus, Luca, Nellie Forest, Carrie Lucas, Skip Me, Homage, Eonic, Matilde O, Sind, 107; Lief Prince, Beau Ormonde, Rio Del Altar, 112.

Second Race—Three furlongs: Royalty, Quadra, Contestant, Musique, 105; Tibs, San Luition, 107; Gypsy Boy, The Maniac, Hauchuca, Dandy, 108; B. C. Greene, 112; Quite, 114.

Third Race—Three quarters of a mile: Sad Sam, 104; Andrissa, 105; Rose Ormonde, Alleviate, 108; Yellow Tail, Midian, Precursor, 110; Kenilworth, 112; Dr. Cave, Vulcain, 118.

Fourth Race—Three quarters of a mile, selling: Sister Abbie, Victoria Belle, Vassalo, Legato, Hard Night, Dan Collins, Priam, Snooze, 105; Frank Bain, Agle, 105; Ursula, 107; Porus, 110.

Fifth Race—Mile and a sixteenth: Hipponax, Lizella, 100; Artilla, 103; Nansen, Montseagle, Vain, 107; MacGyle, Nilgar, 109.

Sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling: Compass, 98; William Ack, 100; Tony Lepping, 105; Bernota, 107; Cougar, Impromptu, 110.

Anthony Won the Loving Cup.

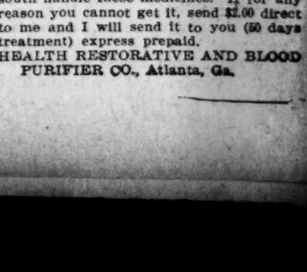
Asheville, N. C., March 21.—(Special.)—The interstate clay pigeon tournament, which has continued for three days here under the auspices of the Battery Park hotel, closed today. The silver loving cup, holding a half gallon, which was offered for the highest average made during the three days, was won by Colonel T. J. Anthony, of Charlotte, N. C. There has been a good attendance and the shoot was successful in every way.

Reichstag Adjourned Yesterday.

Berlin, March 21.—The debate on the third reading of the estimates in the reichstag was closed today and the house adjourned until April 16th.

WILL CURE YOU.

The Health Restorative and Blood Purifier is a medicine that will surely do the work. Read what a well known citizen of Atlanta says about it.



To the Health Restorative and Blood Purifier Co. Dear Sir—I feel that I owe my life to your wonderful medicine. I have suffered for years with nervous indigestion. I bought ten or fifteen different kinds of patent medicine and none seemed to do me any good. In the year 1898 I was taken down very sick; had two or three of the best physicians of Atlanta to treat me. I got to where I could scarcely walk across my room. The doctors pronounced Bright's disease. I would have to get up ten or fifteen times each night. I gave up all hopes of ever getting well again. I was persuaded by a friend to try one bottle of Health Restorative and Blood Purifier. I used three bottles and it put my kidneys to acting proper and cured my indigestion. I can eat anything I want. I am as sound as a dollar today, and I never expect to be without this wonderful remedy again. I positively do believe that it is the best and most wonderful medicine that was ever manufactured.

JOHN W. DUNFORD,
Prest. Dunford Paint Mfg. Co.
45 E. Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga.

All leading druggists throughout the south handle these medicines. If for any reason you cannot get it, send $2.00 direct to me and I will send it to you (50 days treatment) express prepaid.

HEALTH RESTORATIVE AND BLOOD PURIFIER CO., Atlanta, Ga.

The Constitution.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

CLARK HOWELL.....Editor
W. A. HEMPHILL.....Pres't and Bus. M'g'r

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ATLANTA, GA., March 22, 1901.

Look to the Future Atlanta.

Now that the people of Atlanta have authorized the issuance of bonds which will insure the extension of the waterworks system and its betterment, it may not be out of place to suggest to the members of the water board the necessity of making these improvements with an eye to the Atlanta of the future.

New mains are to be laid and the weak places in the present system are to be strengthened. The gentlemen who will act for the city in making these additions and improvements must not, however, content themselves with providing for present needs alone.

With anything like the same proportionate increase in her population that Atlanta has experienced in the past, it will not be many years before this is a city of 200,000 people. This is no fanciful picture, no exaggeration; we have every reason to expect that another decade will find Atlanta very near the 200,000 mark.

It is the duty of the members of the water board, therefore, to make improvements with the Greater Atlanta in view. When mains are laid they should be sufficiently large to meet these future needs as well as the needs of the present, else will all this work have to be done over again. The Atlanta of ten years hence is going to be a very different city from the Atlanta of today. We are just entering upon the construction of great buildings, for one thing, and we must keep the water facilities up to the mark set by the city in its development in this and all other lines.

The work about to be undertaken must, in other words, be done on a broad and comprehensive plan. The water commissioners must build for the Atlanta of the future as well as the Atlanta of the present.

The Pistol Toter Again.

Once more the pistol "toter" comes to the front to emphasize his dire, if not criminal, presence as a blot upon civilization.

Two men, neighbors and pleasant acquaintances, living in the peaceful and well ordered town of Albany, in this state, meet, chat together apparently in perfect affability, then for some reason clearly not explained get into a quarrel. Words finally run high, there is a menacing threat of some kind, and one, being so unfortunate as to have a pistol in his pocket, pulls it and fires. A human life is taken. A wife is widowed, children are fatherless, the man who did the shooting has cast a shadow over his own life, has put a terrible sorrow upon those dear to him and the tragedy is complete.

All on account of a pistol!

The utter needlessness of it all! Had it not been for the presence of the pistol there might have been disagreement and perhaps even a personal encounter with nature's weapons; anger might have found an outlet in that way, but there would have been no taking of human life, with all its dreadful consequences.

Why the pistol? There is absolutely no warrant for its presence. The practice of carrying a pistol is a relic of barbaric times and has no warrant in these days when society is properly organized for its own protection. Perhaps there may be conditions in the frontier towns of the west, with their swarms of "bad men," which call for the possibility of men having to take the law into their own hands and which will, therefore, warrant their being prepared to do this. There may have been such conditions in the south, but surely the time is long past. Unfortunately, however, the pistol toter still remains.

It would be appalling to read a list of the tragedies due entirely to the pistol thoughtlessly carried in the hip pocket. The south has suffered dreadfully from this altogether pernicious habit. Valuable lives have been taken, families robbed of all chance of happiness and southern civilization, regarded in the abstract, has been and is being injured by it.

There can be and should be an end to it all! Good men with law abiding instincts are daily breaking the law. Cannot they see how they are injuring themselves and their fellow men when they do something that makes these tragedies possible? They must see it. If the courts are powerless to effect this reform, the people have the power to banish the deadly pistol, and in the interest of law, order and civilization, they should banish it—at least from the hip pocket.

Replanting Our Forests.

Proceeding upon the assumption that our American forest tracts are virtually inexhaustible, we have never given the matter of replanting them much thought, and yet if we continue to make heavy drafts upon them from year to year without making provision for supplying the losses, our narrow-sighted policy will eventually get us into serious trouble.

In the beginning our forest lands on the North American continent were something immense and our pioneer forefathers safely reasoned that the day was far distant when there would be any scarcity of fuel or lumber in the vast wilderness which surrounded them. We have become possessed of this same idea, but we apparently lose sight of the fact that four centuries of civilization have been at work on the North American continent since we first took possession of it, and that during this long period of time we have made heavy inroads upon our forest lands, not only for the purpose of building up our towns and cities, but also for the purpose of carrying on in a large measure, our commercial and industrial activities. Such being the case, it is only necessary for us to bring our minds to bear thoroughly upon the subject to realize that the fullness of time has come for us to seriously consider the matter of replanting our forest lands. Each state should take the matter up without delay and adopt such measures as seem best calculated to meet the situation.

But apart from the fact that we must look to our forest lands for the materials with which to carry on the work of our civilization, there is still another reason which serves to emphasize the necessity for replanting our forest tracts. Scientists tell us that the explanation of the cyclones which have been sweeping over the country of late years with such destructive consequences is to be found largely in the destruction of the forests, which, being steadily denuded by the ax, no longer impose any barrier in the cyclone's path; and consequently it is given free access to our towns and cities. Still another result is to be seen in the increase of floods in the Ohio and Mississippi valleys. We cannot explain the reasons fully, but in some way the destruction of the forests tends to interfere with the prompt absorption of the rains by the soil and the water coursing down the inclines into the valleys gathers immense force and volume, producing the floods which play such havoc in the river basins. Other evils may be due either in whole or in part to this same cause.

So when the subject is properly considered, it becomes apparent at once that the necessity for replanting our forest lands is every year becoming more and more urgent, and the sooner legislation is invoked upon the subject the better.

King Edward's Income.

British government officials are annoyed over the premature announcement made by The London Times of the income which King Edward desires for his royal support, and there is some talk of depriving the newspaper of the privileges in parliament.

Queen Victoria received only $1,925,000 from the civil list, but King Edward, on account of the size of his household, wants $2,950,000. Besides his children, provision must be made for his queen consort, whose allowance must be such as to comport with her exalted station. What is known as the civil list is thus explained:

The civil list of the sovereigns of Great Britain represents a surrender on the part of the Crown of its rights in the crown properties. George III, who was the first sovereign to give up these rights to the nation, received a civil list of $4,500,000 at one time and yet went into debt over $15,000,000, which parliament had to pay. The crown lands fell off in value, however, so that when Queen Victoria came to the throne the surplus revenues only amounted to $900,000. The queen, however, was granted a civil list of $1,925,000, the properties improved in value and now the surplus revenues amount to $2,250,000, so that King Edward may feel he is only asking for his own when he asks an increase in his civil list, since the revenues warrant it and his establishment is naturally more costly to maintain than Queen Victoria's.

Some opposition exists in parliament to making the king's income so much as $2,950,000, but in view of the circumstances surrounding the sovereign, it is more than likely that the sum will be set aside without serious protest.

No Republic.

It is settled. A palpitating and expectant world will breathe easier now that the doubts which have been troubling it have been removed. After days of waiting, we have been informed, once and for all, that Great Britain is no republic.

Edward VII has announced this momentous fact, and it will be universally acknowledged that the gentleman is in a position to know whereof he speaks. When, therefore, he bars the frock coat as being the symbol of democracy or republicanism and declares that the government of England "is no republic," the disposition will be general to accept his statement at its full face value.

With no desire to pose in any I-told-you-so class, but solely with the idea of keeping our record straight, we announce that we were not altogether unprepared for this thing. Through the long years of weary waiting for the throne, the prince of Wales was pointed to as the most democratic gentleman in the society of England and Europe, and enthusiastic Englishmen were to be found who proclaimed that the British government was a republic in all save the name. Some such idea had gained a foothold in this country and it was possible to find an element which had persuaded itself that there was even more liberty and independence in England than in this country.

That the nation had been plunged into war without the sanction and over the protest of the queen was pointed to as evidence of the sway of the people. The absence of the pomp and show of royalty in the house of commons, which legislates for the nation, seemed an important bit of circumstantial evidence to prove that England had undergone radical change.

Several recent happenings have, however, tended to disabuse the minds of observers of these claims and to prepare our minds, in a measure, for the announcement that has just come to us. One of these is Jo Chamberlain. The most corrupt American municipality could not conjure up a scandal equal to that involved in the monopoly exercised by the Chamberlain family in its business with the government. No republic of Anglo-Saxons would have allowed Chamberlain to hold office a day after the exposure of his acts. But even if a Chamberlain were possible in a republic, there have been other happenings that could not be. There was the display upon the accession of the throne by King Edward, for instance. It required only this change of the head of the government to tear from the British the thin mask of republicanism they had been wearing. Their nauseating rush for discarded uniforms and trappings, their revival of all the old ceremonials which were taken so seriously by all the people, the eagerness with which the commoners prostrated themselves and kissed the feet of royalty, the worship of the clergy for their new head-of-the-church with his many and manifest virtues—all of these things had a tendency to prepare us for the rude shock of realizing that Great Britain is still a monarchy.

King Edward is right. It is not a republic. Though, as we have stated, we were not altogether unprepared for the announcement, we are none the less grateful for it. It is good to have the matter settled once and for all.

American Sanitary Supervision.

The last report of the chief sanitary officer of Havana presents facts which not only reflect great credit upon the Americans in charge of the sanitation of that city, but which serve to emphasize the wisdom of this government reserving to itself the supervision of sanitary matters down there under whatever government may be set up.

Major Gorgas, chief sanitary officer under the military occupation, points to a steady decrease in the death rate of Havana and presents highly interesting statistics to illustrate the great good already done through the sensible application of scientific methods of securing cleanliness. Not only were the number of deaths in February of this year fewer than in any February for which records are obtainable, but the low death rate per thousand, 19.32, places Havana in the list of healthy cities of the world. The last February under Spanish rule had a death rate of 32.32 per thousand.

This death rate of 19.32 is, according to the latest obtainable figures, lower than the rate for Baltimore, Cincinnati, Boston, Jacksonville, New Orleans, New York, Washington, Belfast and Mobile, the statistics for which cities are presented in the report.

With reference to the menace of yellow fever in Havana which threatened the southern states under the old order of things, Major Gorgas says:

Jacksonville, Mobile and New Orleans all have a higher death rate than Havana, and I have no doubt that we would find such to be the case with other gulf cities if we could get statistics on the subject. At present they look upon Havana with suspicion, but I think that in the near future Havana will have to guard against them.

Taking cities in the yellow fever area, such as New Orleans, Mobile, Pensacola, Tampa, Key West and Havana, those in bad sanitary condition, as shown by their high death rate, would be more likely to become infected than a city such as Havana, which is in first-class condition, as shown by its low death rate. I think it probable that within a year or two Havana will have to take steps to protect itself from the above mentioned cities.

During February of 1900 we had seventeen new cases of yellow fever; in February of 1901 we had eight new cases. As the number of non-immunes was very much larger in February of this than in that of last year, I think the showing is very encouraging.

Besides disinfecting the houses with formaline and other disinfectants, we now screen the rooms occupied by a yellow fever patient as soon as his case is reported, and kill all the mosquitoes in the building with the fumes of pyrethrum powder, at the same time covering with kerosene oil all places where mosquitoes can breed about the building. We also kill the mosquitoes in all the adjoining buildings in the same way.

With these measures and the steps we are taking to kill the mosquitoes in the suburbs, I hope to markedly decrease the yellow fever during the coming summer.

While his suggestions of the possible danger to Havana from southern cities may not be altogether warranted, what Major Gorgas says is of great interest, especially to the south, because he shows the great good which has already been done in the matter of making Havana a clean and healthy city.

Reports giving the views of members of the constitutional convention at Havana seem to indicate that they realize what has been done, for they have manifested no objection to that clause of the Platt amendment which requires American supervison of sanitation. It is well this does meet their approval, for certainly this supervision must continue. The health of this country demands it. That requirement is so clearly just and right and is so much in the interest of the Cubans as well as of the people of the south Atlantic and gulf states of this country that it will never be abandoned.

It is very kind of Mr. Grosvenor and Mr. Dick and Mr. Hanna and Mr. McKinley to decide that Mr. Foraker may have a second term. Some persons familiar with Ohio politics pretend to believe that Mr. Foraker has to ask nothing of any of these gentlemen, however.

It now transpires that Kitchener and not Botha sued for peace. The Boers do not seem to be in a particularly peaceful mood.

Washington is already referring to deposed officials as persons who have been Meiklejohned out of their jobs.

General MacArthur might be a hungry office seeker from the way he is gloating over General Trias as "something equally as good" as the elusive Mr. Aguinaldo.

What will have become of the Gilman millions by the time the lawyers get through with the job?

It is to be hoped that the success of the St. Louis exposition does not depend upon work to be done by those government commissioners.

If Ben Odell is really going to kick over the traces, Tom Platt might as well have let Roosevelt stay at Albany.

Perhaps George Gould hasn't supreme contempt for the DeRodays marksmanship.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

A Song of Summer.

Summer time in Georgia—longin' fer it still!
Ripple on the river—green on field an' hill.
Jest a-wearyin' fer it, all these wintry days,
Blossoms on the peachtrees an' hot sun on the blaze!

Summer time in Georgia—hot in field an' dell;
But ripe, round watermelons a-coolin' in the well.
What care we for weather that's burnin' overhead,
When the juice—the juice is drippin' from the melon's heart of red?

Summer time in Georgia—wind-waved, shady trees,
An' you out there a-listenin' to the dronin' honey-bees!
A-loafin' roun' the meadows, or on the banks o' streams,
An' all the world around you a paradise of dreams!

Summer time in Georgia—an' let the weather roll!
It's then the sunshine's streamin' through the windows of your soul!
Winter has its pleasures, but summer's still the best,
The fields all green an' glorious—the blossoms on Love's breast!

* * * * *

In Good Position.

"Brown says he wants his new poem placed where it will be seen."

"All right. Put it in the middle of the Sunday advertising column."

* * * * *

All the Same.

This is the happy view a Georgia singer takes of it:

"With a sigh,
And with a song,
Still this country
Jogs along.

"Wreck or revel,
Praise or blame,
Still she gets there
Just the same!"

* * * * *

"There is a great building revival going on," writes a rural editor. "The recent cyclone moved half the houses, and started a new town in another county."

* * * * *

Redeeming Features.

Though we say that March is surly
In the beaming, dreaming south,
He has golden locks and curly—
Roses reel toward his mouth!

He is drifting on to gardens
That are beautiful and blest,
And the ruby lips of April
Soon will kiss him into rest!

* * * * *

"Spring plowing," says a Billville exchange, "beats spring poetry all hollow."

* * * * *

"Hit's consolin'," said the colored preacher, "ter reflect that though de cullud man hez a hard time in dis worl', he'll have a warm one in de next!"

* * * * *

A March Day.

No streams in music flowing;
The prospect's bleak to view;
The March winds coldly blowing
Makes the violet feel blue!

* * * * *

The Whitsett Courier makes this announcement: "Bill Williams has agreed to write a sonnet or two every day for this paper. In his leisure time he will split rails."

It would be interesting to know just how Mr. Williams is going to find any "leisure time" under that contract.

* * * * *

An item in a Georgia exchange says: "Mr. Scott Williams fell out of a two-story house, but fortunately only broke one leg and his skull."

* * * * *

A Shivering Quatrain.

Oh, March indeed is a hummer—
Smiting us thigh and hip.
Oh, for the fervid summer,
And the de'il take March and the grip!

* * * * *

A New England poet informs us that "this world is good enough for him." That's the view to take of it. There is no use reaching after the moon.

* * * * *

A northern man, writing of a recent visit south, says:

"I tarried there three days, and no attempt was made to lynch me."

To this the Billville Banner replies as follows:

"What's three days? Come back and try us a week!"

* * * * *

Happier Days To Be.

The sweetest bells are ringing
On land and foamy sea;
And all the world is singing
Of happier days to be!

On, with the brave endeavor—
Let joy be full and free!
The old world sings forever
Of happier days to be!

* * * * *

King Edward says that frock coats suggest a republic.

Not so. A republic has its coat off, and shirt sleeves rolled up.

F. L. S.

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA.

Jonesboro Enterprise: The farmers' hens seem to be laying eggs for Atlanta's thieves to gobble, while the police of that city are laying for the thieves. How to catch them, though, in their "fowl" depredations is a problem which the police should call on Mrs. Nation to solve, for she could easily "hatchet."

Dublin, Ga., Courier-Dispatch: Judging entirely by the number of criminals at large in Atlanta, that city needs a new police force from chief to supernumerary.

Tennille, Ga., News: Atlanta needs another chief of police. While they are getting one let them abolish the police commissioners. Wherever they have been tried they have been found to be of but one good—to get the department hopelessly merged into politics.

Cuthbert, Ga., Liberal-Enterprise: Atlanta had best keep a sharp eye on her council. Greater men than Atlanta councilmen have been bought over by free rides and big dinners.

Forsyth, Ga., Advertiser: A few days ago Atlanta was greatly alarmed because of the street car war. Now she is alarmed because there is no war. It is very difficult to satisfy Atlanta.

Darien, Ga., Gazette: It is about time for that enterprising Atlanta reporter to hatch up another sensation on the governor. "Uncle Allen" is ready for him.

Clarkesville, Ga., Advertiser: If the Atlanta councilmen would spend a little more time in aiding and caring for the city's police and water department, and less time fighting over franchises, she would have less crimes and conflagrations.

Aberdeen, Miss., Weekly: It is said that Atlanta's phenomenal progress and prosperity are largely due to the fact that her people have always been a unit in everything that concerned the advancement of the city.

ADJOURNMENT DAY FIXED

Texas Legislators Will Return Home April 9th.

PROCEEDINGS OF YESTERDAY.

House Passes Bill Giving Newspapers Liberal Libel Law—Important Work Ahead.

Austin, Tex., March 21.—(Special.)—The Texas legislature will adjourn sine die April 9th, the house this morning having adopted the senate resolution provoding for a sine die adjournment on that date.

From now on only the most important measures will be considered by either house. The general appropriation bill will be given the right of way over everything else. The arrangement for this early adjournment is looked upon as initiatory steps toward an adjournment without passing any measure looking to the redistricting of the congressional districts of Texas, so as to increase the number from thirteen to sixteen. It is figured out that adjournment without action on this redistricting bill will occasion three candidates at large for congressional honors. It has been the general opinion that an adjournment without action on this matter will leave the doors open for any gentleman who desires to run for the position, but some of the ablest lawyers in the two branches of the legislature argue that the state cannot elect three delegates at large without some expression favorable thereto by the legislature. Some say that this expression can be made by means of a concurrent resolution acted upon at the close of the regular session looking to the election of three congressmen at large in lieu of the congressional districts. This is a matter, however, on which little or no open discussion has been had, and, unless indications are in error, there will be very little expression at this session on the subject.

Today the house passed finally a bill granting the newspapers of Texas a more liberal libel law.

A bill was introduced in the legislature today prohibiting corporations in this state from expending any of their earnings for lobbying purposes at the session of the legislature or for influencing votes at general elections.

The senate devoted its day session to the consideration of the general appropriation bill, moved to prompt action by the arrangement for an early adjournment. The senate considered the bill as a whole and made very rapid progress in its consideration. The bill carries $2,500,000 per year for the next two years.

JOHN MARTIN KILLS HIMSELF

Whether It Was Suicide or Accident Is Not Known.

Richmond, Va., March 21.—(Special.)—John Martin, a youth of nineteen, blew the top of his head off with a shotgun this evening near Old Church, in Hanover county. Whether the shooting was accidental or with suicidal intent is not not known. The indications point to the latter. Mr. Luther Hall, on whose farm Martin was employed, was in the field bird hunting, and having to go to the house, left his gun with the young man. When he returned in a few minutes Martin lay dead with the gun clenched in his hands and lying in a position that precluded the likelihood of accident.

River Steamer Badly Wrecked.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., March 21.—The steamer Poughkeepsie, of the Central Hudson Steamboat Company ran on the stocks at Stony Point, a few miles south of Haverstraw, before daybreak today. All the persons on board were taken ashore. No one was hurt. The vessel is badly wrecked. At the time of the accident there was a heavy downpour of rain and the night was very dark, and the pilot did not see the lighthouse, which is only 200 feet from where the vessel ran ashore.

GEN. BATES ORDERED HOME.

Head of Volunteer Forces Named To Succeed Merriam.

Omaha, Neb., March 21.—General John C. Bates, now in command of a force of volunteers in the Philippines, has been ordered to return to the United States and relieve General Merriam, in command of the department of the Missouri.

He will sail within a week and be accompanied by General S. B. M. Young, who is to assume command of the department of California, vice General Shafter, retired.

Will Sue for Damages.

Norfolk, Va., March 21.—(Special.)—The Tennis Construction Company, of Philadelphia, it is stated, will immediately enter suit here against the Norfolk and Atlantic Terminal Company for $200,000 damages. The tennis company built the line to Sewell's Point.

ABOUT THE CONSTITUTION.

The Best That Ever.

Dublin Courier-Dispatch: Sunday's edition of The Atlanta Constitution was one of the best of any paper that ever reached this office.

Splendid.

Rome, Ga., Tribune: Sunday's Constitution consisted of fifty pages and was a splendid all-around newspaper.

Rome, Ga., Tribune: The Constitution of Sunday devoted many columns to a splendid presentation of the south's industrial resources. The facts were collected with infinite care, and pains were taken to secure only the plain, unvarnished truth. As a work of love and justice to the great south it should be commended, and will do much to inform and arouse our own people to the vast possibilities that lie on every side.

The Sunday Constitution.

Augusta Chronicle: A considerable portion of the Sunday Atlanta Constitution was devoted to the presentation in attractive and instructive form of the resources of the industrial south. The campaign of education is always on, and The Constitution is an industrious and able worker in the field. Our Atlanta contemporary is growing so metropolitan in its ways that it puts out a fifty-page paper as quietly as though it were a holiday performance. The industrial articles in last Sunday's issue are comprehensive, instructive and valuable.

A Great Paper.

Tennille News: Sunday's Atlanta Constitution was a great paper. It consisted of fifty pages. That section giving in interesting style the "advantages offered by the south at the dawn of the twentieth century" will do a great deal of good in advertising this section, as well as the entire sunny southland. The Constitution has done a great work in advertising the south and it has influence reaching from ocean to ocean.

REQUIRED TO SIGN PLEDGE

Rule Made for the Primary at Richmond, Va.

CANDIDATES MUST BE GOOD

They Are Required To Promise to Support the National Democratic Ticket.

Richmond, Va., March 21.—(Special.)—The gold issue is to figure in the constitutional convention fight in Richmond to the extent that those who did not vote for Bryan must pledge themselves to support the democratic national ticket next time, or they will not be permitted to enter the primary as candidates. The question is raised by a pledge submitted to the candidates this evening in which they obligate themselves to support the democratic party, city, state and national. This is not unusual, but attracts special interest because of the fact that several of the convention candidates refused to support Bryan and free silver in the last two national campaigns. Signing this pledge would commit them to support him next time, should he run again. William L. Royall, who was a staunch gold man, signed the pledge without hesitation and is thought that all the others will do so.

It is the general opinion that the republicans will put up a strong ticket in this city headed, probably, by Judge L. L. Lewis. The plan is to bring out such a ticket and to appeal to the labor people not to go in the primary at all, but to support the republican candidates.

Congressman Swanson and Senator Martin were in conference much of today with supporters of the former. Mr. Martin will be in constant touch with Mr. Swanson's headquarters and will take a large part in the direction of his campaign. The congressman says he is here for business and will win.

Governor Tyler today received the following unique campaign document from Havana:

"To the People of the United States—Do not make any promises that you are not sure to keep, and never go back on the word you have given.

"GEORGE WASHINGTON."

ALL INDICTMENTS SET ASIDE.

Regular Judge Upset Everything Special Judge Did.

Lexington, Ky., March 21.—(Special.)—Two hundred indictments returned by the Hindman circuit court, under a special judge, and several convictions, were set aside by Circuit Judge Auxier, the regular judge of the circuit. When the regular judge failed to arrive on March 11th, Circuit Clerk Cloan called the bar together and H. W. Baker was elected special judge. Business proceeded for a week and then the regular judge arrived. He set aside all that had been done, and the grand and petit juries were reset. He says that on account of a peculiarity in the calendar this year the term at Hindman does not begin until a week later than usual. The circuit is for ten weeks' court, beginning at Prestonsburg the Tuesday after the first Monday in January. This year January came in on Tuesday, thus delaying the term a week along the line.

The grand jury will have to take cognizance of the killing of Revenue Officer Sim Combs, by Jim Kelly, a moonshiner, and the recent killing of Rufus Wooten from ambush. Wooten wore the clothes of Blaine Combs, against whom Dr. Messeur had a grudge, and his death is attributed to this fact. Blaine Combs was in the party wearing Wooten's clothes and escaped unhurt. Combs joined the army here and was sent to San Francisco.

THERE WAS NO CAUCUS HELD

Tennessee Democratic Legislators To Try and Get a Quorum Today.

Nashville, Tenn., March 21.—(Special.)—The attempt to secure democratic caucus action on the constitutional convention bills resulted in a call for a caucus today, but enough house members opposing the measures remained away to break the quorum, and adjournment was taken until tomorrow.

The senate spent most of the day on the revenue bill, the most important change being the incorporation of a section graduating the privilege tax on electric light and power companies, according to power and number of lights. In the interest of home industry beer agents were taxed $250 on each brewery represented.

The senate refused to concur in the house amendments to the appropriation bill and a conference committee results.

Mr. Eldridge introduced a bill to refund about $225,000 to certain counties, which it is alleged should have gone into the school fund instead of into the state treasury.

After hearing a special message from the governor, favoring the legalizing of primary elections, the house took up and passed Mr. Adams's bill legalizing and regulating primary elections throughout the state.

The house also passed bills prohibiting soliciting orders for liquor within two and a half miles of a school, and placing the factory inspector on salary.

WHY VERDICT WAS SET ASIDE

Judge Decided That It Was Obtained by Gambling Process.

Memphis, Tenn., March 21.—(Special.)—Today Judge Estes, in the circuit court, set aside a verdict for $5,000 obtained by J. M. Bowen against the Galloway Coal Company. Bowen was employed by the company, but was let out to cut expenses, the officers of the company stating they dismissed him reluctantly. He went with another company when they advertised that Bowen was not with them, intimating wrong doings. A $25,000 damage suit was brought a week ago in court. Today the court set aside the verdict, because it was shown to be a gambling verdict.

The jurors could not agree, but each man put down what he thought Bowen should recover and then divided by twelve, thus securing a verdict of $5,080 by chance, against a decision of the supreme court in 1850.

Justice Reserves His Decision.

New York, March 21.—Argument in the proceedings looking toward the removal of Benjamin D. Greene and John F. Gaynor, William T. Gaynor and Edward H. Gaynor to the jurisdiction of the United States district court of Georgia for trial in charges of alleged conspiracy to defraud the government, was heard today before Judge Brown, in the United States district court. The arguments today rested entirely on the question of legality of the indictment on which the defendants were arrested. Briefs were presented and Judge Brown reserved his decision.

Uses of the Day.

Detroit Journal: "The proposition to abolish ladies' day at the club was voted down."

"Yes?"

"Yes. It develops that there is hardly a member who does not, in point of fact, enjoy meeting his wife occasionally!"

JUDGE CLARK AS A WITNESS

Proceedings of the Impeachment Trial at Raleigh.

PROSECUTION CLOSES CASE

Clark Denied That He Threatened Treasurer Worth with Imprisonment.

Raleigh, N. C., March 21.—(Special.)—At the impeachment trial the chief interest today was the introduction by the prosecution of Judge Walter Clark, of the supreme court, as a witness. He did not contradict any important statements made by the impeached judges, save that he denied having threatened State Treasurer Worth with jail if he paid out money on the White claim; said Worth led him to believe the money would not be paid; that in answer to Worth's inquiry, "Suppose they put me in jail?" the witness remarked, "If they do there will be three empty seats on the supreme court bench when the legislature meets."

Clark said he called the attention of the judges in conference on the case of White vs. the auditor to the fact that the question of mandamus had not been once alluded to in the argument of the case; that it was the great question, after all, and involved a breach of the constitution.

Chief Justice Faircloth asked: "Why do you raise that question now—counsel never raised it?"

Clark said: "We must obey the constitution." He suggested issuing an alternative mandamus, so the treasurer could make answer and in that way report to the legislature as to the payment of the amount and the court would be retired from an embarrassing position with dignity.

Judge Faircloth said the matter had been troubling the court long enough. Judge Douglas said in refusing to having the dissenting opinion published in the reports: "You can have it printed in your obituary column." Witness replied: "Yes, and it will not be my funeral."

Judge Clark said when he asked Judge Montgomery how he stood on the question of issuing the mandamus, he said Clark was trying to get him on record. "I defy you to do it," said he, flinging his copy of Clark's dissenting opinion at Clark.

To the surprise of all, respondents' counsel did not cross-examine Clark, but only asked two unimportant questions.

After calling W. R. Allen and other members of the board of impeachment managers, to prove that an oath to tell the whole truth was administered to Judge Montgomery in the preliminary examination before the judiciary committee in February, the prosecution closed the case.

W. A. Guthrie, chief counsel, made the opening speech for the prosecution and had not concluded when court adjourned until tomorrow. His speech was on constitutional lines of great research and dignity.

BEATEN TO DEATH WITH GUN.

Twin Brothers Kill a Desperado in Kentucky.

Rutherfordton, N. C., March 21.—(Special.)—Tom Jones, forty years old, one of the most desperate white criminals and blockade moonshiners in Polk county, was beaten to death with a double-barreled shotgun yesterday near Mills Springs by twin brothers Ed and Oscar Wilkerson. The three men were hidden on the road waiting for three negroes to return from a still where they had plotted for a shooting match at them. While waiting a quarrel ensued as to which one would have the first shot at the negroes, when the two brothers sprang upon Jones and with the gun beat his head into mush. His brains were found lying on the ground near the body. One of the murderers escaped, the other is in jail, but refused to talk.

Jones has been seriously shot in three shooting affairs. He had just returned from Albany, N. Y., penitentiary, where he served one and a half years for moonshining. Both Wilkerson boys have served a term in the state penitentiary for murder.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

As to Diversified Farming.

Editor Constitution—I want to thank State School Commissioner Glenn for his advice to farmers. There is no doubt but if corn was more largely planted and carefully cured, as he suggests, or what is much better, cut green into the silo and fed out to either beef or dairy cattle, that Georgia's agriculture would take an advance that would astonish most of us. Indeed it seems certain that at some future day this system will be forced on us in order to protect our lands from utter destruction by the pernicious clean culture cotton crop. I do not advocate the abandonment of cotton culture. It is our staple money crop and must ever remain so; but it is the part of wisdom to take up stock feeding in connection with cotton growing and thus improve our lands with the manure made from the animals, so that cotton can be grown at a profit.

I have advocated this policy for several years. Am practicing it with reasonable success. I am and have been especially championing the corn plant as being the greatest forage plant in existence and when made into ensilage in many respects the best for cattle feeding.

Having said this much I may be allowed to criticise the extravagant claims made by enthusiasts in behalf of shredded corn stalks. I do not doubt the case Commissioner Glenn points out because he says that it is so, but I know from experience that the corn stalk is not worth twice as much as the ears. Indeed the results obtained by a number of the state experiment stations, including our own station at Griffin, prove very conclusively that the stalk, blades, shucks, tassels, etc., is only about one-half as valuable as the ear, and this when all the nutriment of the plant is intact, but no less than one-fourth of the feeding value of the stalk is lost in curing, so that probably one-fourth of the crop is enough to allow for the stalk. I am led to make this statement because of the many misleading articles that have been printed for the past few years. It does a good cause harm to claim too much for it. The truth will come out when the matter is put to the test by the farmers throughout the state and will cause so much disappointment that most of the timid ones will give up in disgust and fall back to all cotton. I think it a great mistake to try to get our farmers to take hold of a new line that amounts almost to a revolution in our methods of farming by any except the most conservative promises of the profits and benefits to be derived from the change. When they make the change gradually and intelligently nearly all will continue in the new system to his own advantage and will carry some of his neighbors with him, but when a revolution is undertaken with as conservative a class of farmers no boom tactics will do. The reaction not only discourages the man making the change, but any influence that he exerts is sure to be the wrong way.

W. L. WILLIAMSON,
Bermuda Dairy, Harmony Grove, Ga.

Hard on Papa.

Moonshine: Fond Mother—Beautiful silk dresses, Johnny, come from a poor, insignificant worm.

Johnny—Yes, I know, mamma. Papa is the worm, ain't he?

How?

Now how did woman her anger express
Before there were doors to slam,
Supposing, of course, there was never a time
When one of her sex might say "——?"
—Detroit Journal.

OFFICER JAMES WHATLEY SHOT BY A FLEEING NEGRO ROGUE

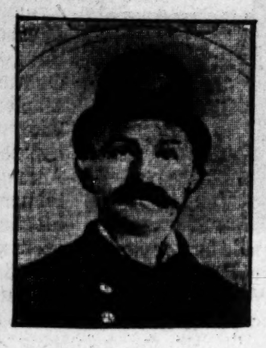
Thief Was Being Pursued When He Suddenly Wheeled, with Pistol in Hand, and Began To Fire.

OFFICER RETURNED THE FIRE

Police and Detectives Chase Fugitive but Fail To Catch Him.

IT IS BELIEVED NEGRO WAS SHOT

Officer Whatley Taken to Grady Hospital Where the Bullet Was Located in His Right Breast—May Prove Fatal.



OFFICER WHATLEY,
Who was Seriously Shot by a Negro Yesterday.

A fleeing negro thief turned upon Mounted Officer James W. Whatley yesterday about noon, on North avenue, near the corner of Myrtle street, and drawing a pistol fired three shots, one of which took effect, inflicting a painful and serious wound in the officer's right breast.

The officer, after he was shot, fired upon the negro until his pistol was empty, when he was taken from his horse and carried into a nearby residence to await the Grady hospital ambulance.

The negro rogue and would-be murderer, who is believed to have been shot by the policeman, fled to the woods and escaped, although officers scoured that section of the city and followed every clue until late last night.

The attempt to catch the negro was one of the most unrelenting and arduous searches the police of Atlanta have ever made for a criminal. It was thought at first that Officer Whatley had been assassinated and the officers of the law had something more to urge them on than the usual desire to punish a lawbreaker.

The street duel between officer and thief caused the most intense excitement in the neighborhood and for many blocks around hundreds of people were in the streets talking about the affair and waiting to hear the news from the chase.

Two officers had started in the first chase after the negro, as Officer Hollingsworth was with Whatley. The negro had been pointed out as a rogue and the two policemen, both of whom rode horses, undertook to capture the thief. Whatley was in the act of heading off the negro when the latter drew his pistol and began to fire.

Whatley lay in a residence on North avenue until a message could be sent after the ambulance, but no ambulance ever went for the wounded and suffering officer. The ambulance was undergoing one of its frequent repairs and a patrol wagon had to be used.

After the Fleeing Rogue.

It was about ten minutes before 12 o'clock that a negro ran up to Officers Whatley and Hollingsworth on Myrtle street, near North avenue, and said:

"Yonder goes a negro who has stolen my shoes."

The thief was pointed out and the pursuit began. He jumped a fence and ran toward Fort street. Officer Hollingsworth leaped from his horse and ran after the negro on foot. Officer Whatley rode to the corner and turned into North avenue to head the negro off. He rode within twenty feet of the thief, who was still running in the vacant lot, when the negro suddenly wheeled with a pistol in his hand. He raised the weapon and fired. The officer felt a stinging sensation in his side and the warm blood as it gushed from the wound. He continued to ride, however, and quickly drew his own pistol.

Both officer and negro, with not more than fifteen paces between them, fired rapidly, the negro's pistol was discharged three times and the officer's five times.

The negro was seen to stagger and throw up his hand, and it is believed he was shot.

Officer Whatley, feeling faint from the pain and knowing that his pistol was empty, reined in his horse.

By that time a large crowd of people, white and black, had gathered about the scene, and the officer was helped off his horse and into the residence of Mrs. Boling Burnett, 209 North avenue. Dr. B. A. Syms, of 169 Ponce de Leon circle, was the first physician to reach the wounded officer and he did what was necessary to relieve him until the physicians from the hospital arrived. Dr. Hurt, the sixth ward city physician, was also in attendance.

Police and Detectives on the Scene.

The news of the shooting was telephoned to police barracks and two wagons with policemen and detectives were soon on the scene. A posse of citizens had already started the chase and the officers took it up. Once and once only was the fleeing negro seen after the chase started, and that was when Sergeant White saw him running through Piedmont park. Before the sergeant could get into the park with his horse the fugitive had again disappeared.

Last night Captains Ball and Jennings directed the search and all the stations around the city were closely watched by officers until a late hour.

Chief Manly took an active part in the search for the negro and was attentive to the wounded officer, going with him to the hospital and notifying his wife in person. Mrs. Whatley was just out of bed from an attack of pneumonia and the news had to be broken to her very gently.

The hospital physicians examined the wound, but could not state how serious it was, as the bullet was not probed for.

Looking for the Fugitive.

Last night policemen in citizen's clothes and detectives were sent out to watch all railroad stations in the vicinity of Atlanta, and the outgoing trains were closely inspected. The negro's name could not be learned, the man whose shoes had been stolen not knowing him. It was only by the description that the officers hoped to catch him.

Officer Whatley is one of the oldest officers in the department and he has always been noted for his coolness and bravery. He resides at No. 7 Dallas street, which is not far from the scene of his attempted assassination. He has several children who are dependent upon him for a support.

Chase Kept Up All Night.

All night last night the search for the would-be assassin was kept up, two county policemen joining in the chase on horses.

It was believed the negro had gone in the direction of Roswell, as a man answering the description was seen going in that direction. Two of the city police were following the negro on horses, while the county police were trying to head him off. Sergeant Beavers and Detective Lanford went to Roswell on a train, while Officers Key and Wells took up the chase on bicycles.

The negro wanted is said to be about 5 feet 8 inches high, of a gingercake color, and dresses in brown clothes with a broad-brimmed white hat.

It is believed he has three fingers cut off.

At a late hour last night the physicians reported that Officer Whatley may be injured worse than was at first supposed, as the bullet had not been located. He was resting quietly, however.

GLENN IS NOT RECOGNIZED

Judge Calhoun Refuses To Release Prisoners on His Order.

Judge A. E. Calhoun, of the second division of the city court, yesterday refused to recognize Lawyer L. J. Glenn as an attorney. This action resulted because the judge had learned that disbarment proceedings are contemplated against Glenn.

Five of the ten negroes who are in the Tower for having participated in the riot near East Point last Saturday night, employed Glenn to represent them, and Tuesday he applied to Judge Calhoun for an order to grant the prisoners a preliminary hearing. Judge Calhoun complied with the request and the hearing was set for 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon before Justice of the Peace Orr.

In the meantime, however, Judge Calhoun had learned of the proposed disbarment proceedings and yesterday he accordingly instructed the sheriff not to release the prisoners from jail for a trial on demand of Glenn. In view of this proceeding the negroes were not given a preliminary hearing yesterday afternoon.

CITY WINS A DAMAGE SUIT.

Jury Failed To Award Mrs. T. P. Acree Damages for Alleged Injuries.

The case of Mrs. T. P. Acree against the city for $10,000 damages was concluded yesterday afternoon in the second division of the city court, the jury returning a verdict in favor of the city. Mrs. Acree alleged that she was permanently injured by stumbling on a brick protruding above the sidewalk, and which caused her to fall to the pavement.

The city was represented by Mayson & Hill and Westmoreland Bros. and C. W. Flake appeared for Mrs. Acree.

20,000 ATTEND AN OPENING

Estimated That This Number Visited Bass Dry Goods Company Last Night.

The spring opening of the Bass Dry Goods Company, which was held last night, goes on record as one of the most notable events in commercial circles in Atlanta in some time. The doors of the store were thrown open to the public at 7 o'clock and from that time until after 10 o'clock the store was thronged with men, women and children, who surged through the different departments.

It was estimated last night that fully 20,000 people passed through the store. Shortly before 9 o'clock nine or ten thousand programmes had been distributed and not every person who entered the store secured a programme. The crowd in the store finally attained such proportions that it was necessary to close the doors, after which only a comparatively few were admitted. Two policemen were on duty in front of the store and kept the crowd back from the doors.

A unique feature was a large number of canary birds placed about the store, the warblings of which were intermingled in the general din. Franklin's orchestra furnished music for the occasion.

The corps of managers in charge of the different departments were as follows: First floor—T. H. Lannon, Jack Kiser and E. A. Adler. Carpets and furniture department—W. C. McDonald. Ladies' ready made department—J. L. Friend. Basement—E. G. Golightly. The decorator was Mr. Duncan.

Captain J. L. Bass, of Rome, president of the company, was present, as was also B. F. Joel, vice president, and L. B. Joel, secretary and treasurer, and they all used their efforts to the end that the opening should move off smoothly and satisfactorily. The finely equipped electric plant of the company was in operation and was open to inspection.

A Gentleman's Watch

Should be as accurate and reliable as he is. On its faithful performance of its duty may depend some of the most important events of the owner's life, and the difference of a minute may mean fortune or misfortune to him. We have an extraordinary stock of Fine Watches; perfect in mechanism, and having the lasting qualities desirable in such an intimate friend. It will be very much to your interest to examine this stock.

MAIER & BERKELE,
31 Whitehall St.

LOCAL DEALERS GIVEN A CHANCE

Can Today Subm t Bids for Water Department Material.

FIRMS FAILED TO RESPOND

When Board Met Yesterday No Local Bids Were Received.

MEETING WILL BE HELD TODAY

One of the Night Watchmen at the Pumping Station May Be Dropped for Sake of Economy.

Failure on the part of local supply houses to submit bids for supplies for the waterworks department was principally instrumental yesterday afternoon in causing a postponement of action by the water board on the bids that had been received from out of town firms. An adjourned meeting of the board will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock, when it is expected that bids will have been received from Atlanta houses for brass material.

Several local firms had submitted bids on part of the material desired, but not on all and the point was raised that probably the local dealers did not understand that the bids should have been received before the regular meeting of the board.

Representatives of several out of town firms that had submitted bids were present and seemed to think that the proposals should be opened then, as the local dealers had evidently received sufficient notice to have submitted bids had they so desired. Commissioner Harrison suggested that the entire matter be postponed until the next meeting of the board. Alderman Kilpatrick was for referring the bids to a committee, that committee to meet this afternoon.

Following the suggestion of Commissioner Howell Erwin the board adjourned until this afternoon at the usual hour and take up the bids, local dealers in the meantime to be notified by Secretary Dimmock of this action.

Citizens Want the Pipes.

A petition was read from residents in the neighborhood of the Spellman seminary asking that the water pipes and fire hydrants which had once been on Leonard street be taken up from the seminary grounds and put upon the street, where they would be of use to the citizens in that section.

The matter was referred to the pipe committee and Judge Hillyer, who is a trustee of the seminary, suggested that the members of the committee should make a visit to the place to see exactly how the pipes were situated.

The matter of doing away with one of the night watchmen at the pumping station came up for consideration, but was postponed until another time.

President Hillyer and Superintendent Woodward were authorized to investigate the matter of providing a traveling crane at the river station. They were also given power to act. It is expected that the Holly Company, which is building the new pump, will be induced to pay part of the purchase price of the crane, which can be used in putting up the new pump.

THE SUBURBS WERE VISITED

Redistricting Sub-Committee Went on Tour of Inspection Yesterday Morning.

Members of the sub-committee of the redistricting committee yesterday visited several suburban districts. Mayor Mims and Forrest Adair were the only members of the committee who did not go on the tour of inspection. The mayor was unable to go on account of his recent illness.

The committee will meet again next Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock for the purpose of completing the work of inspection. All remaining suburban localities will be visited and it is probable that a report will then be prepared to be submitted to the general redistricting committee when that body meets next month.

A BIG CONCERN FOR GEORGIA

Charter Wanted for Company To Develop 30,000 Acres of Land in North Georgia.

A petition for a charter for the North Georgia Mining and Milling Company was filed in the superior court yesterday by Attorney A. J. Orme. The concern is to be capitalized at $2,500,000 and the incorporators are J. K. Tillotson, of New York city; A. M. Gamman, of Corning, N. Y., and Spencer R. Atkinson, Henry Hull and A. J. Orme, of Atlanta.

The company owns 30,000 acres of land in Murray, Gilmer and Fannin counties, and it is the intention of the corporation to develop the ore and timber on this land. The office of the company is to be located in Atlanta, but the mills, smelters and all of the necessary works are to be located on the land above mentioned.

The company desires the right to increase the capital stock to not more than $5,000,000 or to decrease it to an amount not less than $500,000. The stock is to be divided into shares of $10 each and the right is requested to begin business as soon as 10 per cent of the stock is paid.

It was learned last night that the company will probably operate a factory in Atlanta at some future date for the manufacture of wooden articles.

Spring 1901 Tailoring Department

Everything is in full swing. The finest assortment of Suitings and Trouserings we have ever collected together. Exclusive designs from the best foreign mills—no two alike—one better and more attractive than the other. Our cutters and designers are awake to the demands of "Dressy Atlanta."

HIRSCH BROS.
44 Whitehall.

OBEAR'S ACTION NOT AUTHORIZED

Sent Out Letter Without Knowledge of Adjutant General.

GEN. ROBERTSON PUT OUT

Considers Inspector General's Action Was Unwarranted—Instructed Him Not To Use Adjutant General's Office—Was About Cartridges.

The temperature in the office of the adjutant general is ranging around that of liquid air. The relations between the officials there are considerably strained—the official relations, of course, and not personal.

The trouble grows out of what has been termed the independent action of Colonel William G. Obear, inspector general of state troops. It is not of long standing and yet it has not come about in a day. But it reached its height when Adjutant General J. W. Robertson learned yesterday that Colonel Obear had sent out a letter of information to the different regiments of the state with regard to supplies for the troops for target practice, without the knowledge of the adjutant general.

A copy of this letter was returned to Adjutant General Robertson by Colonel Park Woodward, commanding the Fifth Infantry, and it was then that the adjutant general learned of it for the first time. Neither did the letter bear the signature of the adjutant general, but that of the inspector general.

The letter in itself appears to be of little moment, but what Adjutant General Robertson objects to is the fact that it was issued and signed by Inspector General Obear without his knowledge, and he does not hesitate to express himself on the subject.

The Offending Letter.

The letter to which exception has been taken is as follows:

State of Georgia, Inspector General's Office, Atlanta, Ga., March 18, 1901.—Commanding Officer, Fifth Infantry, G. S. T., Atlanta, Ga.—Sir: I have the honor to inform you that the state will soon be prepared to make an allowance for target practice for the year 1901 of

One thousand ball cartridges, 1,000 bullets for reloading, 1,000 primers for reloading and necessary pasters and paper targets, to each company having facility for practice on authorized range.

This allowance will not be made to companies who have no authorized range. The regimental inspector of rifle practice should certify to correctness of requisition and state what range will be used.

The reserve required in paragraph 207, Georgia Regulations, should not be used except as therein specified without orders from the governor.

Regimental commanders will publish this information to the troops of their command.

In addition to the regular allowance for target practice the state is prepared to supply, for cash, target material as follows:

Rifle ball cartridges, per 1,000, $18.50.
Carbine ball cartridges, per 1,000, $17.
Blank ball cartridges, per 1,000, $13.50.
Rifle bullets for reloading, per 1,000, $5.45.
Carbine balls for reloading, per 1,000, $4.57.
Round balls for gallery practice, $1.61.
Revolver ball cartridges, caliber 45, $8.
Revolver ball cartridges, caliber 38, $7.92.
Primers, per 1,000, 60 cents.

Freight charges to be paid on receipt of supplies. New York exchange must accompany requisition. Respectfully,

(Signed) WM. G. OBEAR,
Col., Inspector General.

In Colonel Cann's Province.

As soon as the adjutant general received a copy of the foregoing letter he wrote to Colonel George T. Cann, of Savannah, inspector general of rifle practice, explaining to him the circumstances. Adjutant General Robertson stated to Colonel Cann that the letter had been issued without his knowledge and that he had not authorized it.

It appears that the matter of issuing cartridges and bullets for target practice comes within the province of Colonel Cann, and that the distribution is made through him. Colonel Cann, Adjutant General Robertson said, draws requisitions on him for cartridges and other material in favor of this or that regiment, and the requisitions are honored. The sending out of such a letter, he stated, was unusal and if done at all it should have been done from the adjutant general's office.

Adjutant General Robertson also brought the matter to the attention of Governor Candler as he has done in other similar instances. The governor, however, declined to say anything with regard to it for publication.

Not the First Time.

It appears that this is not the first time that Colonel Obear has taken steps of this kind to the displeasure of Adjutant General Robertson.

Some letters were written on the stationery of the adjutant general's office by the inspector general and signed by him. This matter the adjutant general also called the governor's attention to.

Finally Adjutant General Robertson wrote Colonel Obear a letter in which he told him that he had on two occasions requested him to desist from using the office of the adjutant general for the inspector general's business. He called his attention to the orders recently issued, and in concluding his letter stated in emphatic type and underscored: "I do not want this to occur again."

"These matters have perplexed me no little," said Adjutant General Robertson yesterday. "The inspector general goes away from the office for two or three weeks at a time, and I have no knowledge as to where he is or what he is doing. He left the city a day or two ago and I do not know where he is.

"The letter to which you have referred was issued by him, it appears, and was done entirely without my knowledge or consent. The distribution of this ammunition for the target season comes within the province of Colonel Cann, inspector general of rifle practice, and I have written him with regard to the matter."

Colonel Obear is not at present in the city, having gone to south Georgia on an inspecting tour.

WESSON SALAD OIL
has taken the place of Olive Oil
where nice distinctions are made.



"THE GRAND DUKE."

Here it is!

Knox's Great New York Success

Now offered to Atlanta's swell dressers. . . . . .

It's the Swagger Spring Hat.

Note its characteristics: Square top taper crown, taper being decided. Brim a pencil curl, well set front and back. Bow and buckle far back on left. . . . . .

"Up to the Standard," you'll say. Not a penny behind good $5 value. $3.00 is the figure. It's our way. You can show all manner of taste, except bad taste, if you buy your Spring Hat here.

DANIEL BROS., {TWO.. SHOPS} 1-3 Peachtree, 30 Whitehall.

NEW STRUCTURE ON VIADUCT

W. D. Grant To Build on Centennial Block.

BUILDING TO COST $100,000

Will Have Frontage on Whitehall of 125 Feet—To Be Used As Stores.

Captain W. D. Grant will erect a handsome business structure on Whitehall street as soon as the work on the viaduct begins. It will have a frontage of 125 feet on Whitehall street and will extend from the railroad tracks to the store occupied by Eiseman Bros. The new structure will replace the one known as the Centennial block building.

The new building will be about 125 feet square and will be either four or five stories in height. It will cost about $100,000.

Captain Grant does not purpose erecting an office building, but store property. The building will be divided into three or four stores, and will be so constructed that one tenant may occupy an entire store, using the upper floors for salesrooms or for storage of stock as may be desired.

The building will be constructed so as to conform to the wishes of tenants who may be secured before its erection. For this reason the plans cannot be definitely given yet.

The new building will be made of stone and brick, but will not have a steel frame construction.

When it is built it will be one of the handsomest pieces of store property on the street and with the new Century building and the Peters block soon to be erected will make the viaduct block one of the most pretentious in Atlanta.

The George W. Scott Investment Company has made the following statement concerning their new building:

"Referring to the statement that the proposed Century building will be built jointly by the George W. Scott Investment Company and the Atlanta National bank, we beg to say that the same is erroneous.

"The Atlanta National bank will be a tenant in the building, but not a joint owner, as it will be erected and owned by the 'Century Building Company of Atlanta.' Very truly,

"GEO. W. SCOTT INVESTMENT CO."

Malaria is one of the most insidious of health destroyers, But Hood's Sarsaparilla effectually counteracts its deadly poison, prevents fever and builds up the system.

WELL KNOWN CITIZENS FIGHT

Malcolm Johnston and W. H. Henderson Have a Difficulty—A Knife Was Used.

A difficulty took place yesterday afternoon in the Prudential building between Malcolm Johnston, a well known attorney, and William H. Henderson, recently receiver for the Southern Home Building and Loan Association.

There are several versions of the affair, some of the witnesses stating that Henderson used a knife and started the fight, while others say that Johnston slapped Henderson.

There had been a previous quarrel between the men about Johnston having been instrumental in removing Henderson from the receivership of the building association.

Johnston states that Henderson started the row by abusing him because of the receivership affair.

"I was led away," stated Johnston, "and later Henderson came up with an open knife and struck at me. I caught the knife in my hand and my fingers were cut. While I held the knife, I struck Henderson a blow in the face."

Henderson furnished the following statement for The Constitution:

"I desire to say that I regret very much that it seems necessary for me to say anything about the matter. The public feels no interest in personal quarrels, and I am averse to encroaching upon the delicacies. Still, I desire to say, only in justice to myself, that I did not, as stated in The Journal, begin the difficulty by upbraiding Colonel Johnston for his course as an attorney. Nor did Colonel Johnston 'slap my face' or attempt to do so, as related in The News. The original difficulty was not sought by me, and amounted to nothing save harsh words. Later I felt called upon to renew the trouble in front of the Prudential building, and struck Colonel Johnston, when bystanders interfered."

Colonel Johnston's version of the affair is as follows:

"Colonel Howard, Major King and myself were at the Prudential cigar stand talking. Henderson put himself in my way and kept loitering around us, looking at me in a very insulting way. I finally asked him if he wanted anything and why he was looking at me. He replied in a very insulting manner, and I slapped his face, or rather, merely grazed it, as he dodged the blow. Bystanders interfered, and nothing more was done, and after some minutes Howard, King and myself walked to the front entrance and went out on the sidewalk. When we had been standing there about ten minutes this man came up behind me with an open knife in his hand and began cutting at me. I caught the knife blade in my left hand and held it and struck him in the face with my right hand. Three or four men rushed up and caught me around the neck, by the arms and the legs, and further trouble was stopped."

ENDLESS CHAIN FOR MILLER.

Condemned Man's Mail Is Daily Increasing.

Birmingham, Ala., March 21.—(Special.) The mail for Frank Miller, the safe blower who is under sentence of death for the murder of Policeman Adams, is growing so rapidly that the officials at the county jail are becoming interested. Several days ago Miller addressed a letter to Sister Xavier, in New York, and asked her to start an endless chain in his behalf, requesting dimes to be sent him. The chain is in operation, and the mail is increasing. Receipts today were over $2. Miller's case is in the supreme court.

INITIAL SEALS.

Initial seals give a finished appearance to the envelopes which carry the letters of gentle folk. We have a very choice selection of seals and a complete line of adjuncts. The prices are from 10 cents up. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta street.

SALE OF GOLD MINE PROPERTY.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

By order of the United States court for the northern district of Georgia, I shall sell before the courthouse door, at Blairsville, Union county, Georgia, on FIRST TUESDAY IN APRIL, 1901, within legal hours of sale, all the property of the Union Mining and Gold Company, consisting of mineral interests and mining privileges in about eleven hundred acres of land, the fee simple title to property upon which the mill is situated, together with all personal property, including mills, engines, crushers, etc., and all other property necessary for the operation of a gold mine. For further information, see Blairsville News of dates March 9th, 16th, 23d or 30th, or address 305 Equitable building, Atlanta, Ga.

A. J. ORME, Commissioner.

FARM LOANS

Negotiated in any section of Georgia. Correspondents wanted in every good county. Our rates are the lowest and our plans are the best.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN,
Gould Building, Atlanta.

Unprecedented In The Annals Of Special Sales.

Last Spring our Manufactory in Baltimore was delayed very much in getting certain woolens from the mills. For some reason or other they did not turn out the goods in time and there was a delay all around. But the goods were contracted for and had to be made up, and we got our share here—in the most stylish and elegantly made up suits—but too late to sell all of them that season. We are offering these goods, consisting of

Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's Spring Suits AT 25% Discount

The construction of the viaduct, which will begin in a few days, is at the bottom of this unusual offer. We are in a dilemma as to what to do with our stock when we tear down our present building to erect our new one. The only feasible plan is to reduce it by the quickest means possible.

This Is a Cash Sale and Will Positively Last Not Exceeding 10 Days.

Don't miss this opportunity, we have your size now, but may not have it in a week from now.

Eiseman Bros.,
Men's and Boys' Outfitters.
11, 13, 15, 17 Whitehall Street.

THE CONSTITUTION has for more than a third of a century been recognized as the

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN THE SOUTH

Your Advertisement in the

"WANT"

COLUMNS

Will place you in touch with every desirable interest in the city.

PRICE, TEN CENTS PER LINE : : : :

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—A good insurance man. Address X, care Constitution. 3-21 2w

WANTED—Three first-class coat makers on fine work at once. McKay, Tailor, Macon, Ga.

WANTED—Dishwasher and second man. John Williams's Lunch Counter, 15½ Marietta street.

AGENT WANTED to take charge of branch salesroom in Atlanta; write fully. Manufacturer, Box 623, Jacksonville, Fla. 3-20-5t

WANTED—Pupils to learn Telegraphy for railroad positions. Situations secured or money refunded. Day and night session. Southern Telegraph College, 117½ Whitehall. 2-27-1mo

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

A1 bookkeeper wants employment at once; can give best refecences and bond. Address "M," care Constitution.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

CABBAGE PLANTS, early summer, well rooted, 42 thousand. Bearhead Farm, Orlando, Fla. 3-22-5t eod

NO OLD out-of-date patterns in our stock of wall paper; only the newest designs and effects. The Tripod Paint Co., 37 and 39 N. Pryor street. 3-22—1mo

TRY a ton of our clean Forked Lump Coal, at $5.00 per ton. Stove Wood, $1.00 per load. Kelley Coal & Ice Co., 'phone 894. Coal scuttles free.

THE BEST zinc etchings made in this country are furnished by the Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga. Write for prices.

IF IT'S GOOD we can reproduce it for you. If you want original illustrations we can make them for you. Anything known in the art of engraving promptly executed. Newspaper illustrations a specialty. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

THE MERCHANT nowadays who advertises and does not illustrate his advertisement with cuts is not in it. His competitor will soon outstrip him in the race for trade. Write the Southern Engraving Company Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., for rates and information.

YOU HAVE never advertised very much, you say. If you have not you will not; times and conditions are rapidly changing in the south, and it is "the early bird that catches the worm." The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., will furnish cuts at very low prices. Write them.

EVERYTHING in the art of engraving made on the shortest possible notice. We pride ourselves upon the promptness with which we execute orders. When we promise you your work you get it at the promised time, and that means a lot. Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga.

EVERY dry goods merchant in the southern states should advertise and illustrate his advertisement. The Southern Engraving Co., Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., is prepared to make the best illustrations on the shortest notice at reasonable prices.

MATRIMONIAL.

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansey Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills cures suppressed menstruation; must not take during pregnancy, as mishap will follow. Mail 50c for trial box. Frank Edmondson & Bro., manufacturing chemists, 14 S. Broad st., Atlanta, Ga. 2-2-6m

LOST.

LOST—Red Irish setter, answers to the name of Donnybrook. Reutrn to 754 Peachtree street. Suitable reward.

WANTED—Furnished Rooms.

WANTED—One front room, furnished, and one connecting room, unfurnished; close in. Would like to be with private family. Address Box 663.

FURNISHED ROOM wanted by gentleman in private family; Peachtree street; must be desirable room if taken in other section. References exchanged. Address S., care Constitution.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PATENTED and unpatented inventions bought and sold. Lucas & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

ALL KINDS of second-hand furniture bought, sold and exchanged; cash or installments. Warnock, 43 West Mitchell. $ 5 1mo

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BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FRESH parsnip, beets and luscious strawberries at Wilkerson & Bro., 77 Peachtree street.

THE BEST zinc etchings made in this country are furnished by the Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga. Write for prices.

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BUSINESS PERSONALS.

ALL KINDS of vegetables and the choicest meats can be had at Wilkerson & Bro., 77 Peachtree street.

ARCHITECTS, contractors, supply dealers, insurance agents and other business men will find our "Daily Construction Bulletin" and "Weekly Construction Sheet" invaluable in securing news in advance of all other sources from the southern states. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell building, Atlanta, Ga. tf

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THE BEST zinc etchings made in this country are furnished by the Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga. Write for prices.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Fifteen car loads of building stone. Address B. A. Davis, Pensacola, Fla.

A SMITH PREMIER typewriter, good condition, modern make and cheap for cash. State price. Address Premier, care Constitution.

THE MERCHANT nowadays who advertises and does not illustrate his advertisement with cuts is not in it. His competitor will soon outstrip him in the race for trade. Write the Southern Engraving Company Constitution building, Atlanta, Ga., for rates and information.

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MONEY TO LOAN.

SMALL LOANS made without real estate security. Atlanta Discount Co., 508 Temple court. tf

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

SALARIED PEOPLE and retail merchants furnished money without security; easy payments. Tolman, 524 Austell building. 5-3-12m

FARM LOANS a specialty; lowest rates; payments to suit. Come direct to W. P. Davis, attorney, 613 Temple Court.

STRAIGHT loans and monthly payment loans made on Atlanta real estate at lowest rates without commission. E. S. McCandless, Kiser building.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on improved Atlanta real estate at low rates. Second floor front Gould building.

MONEY TO LEND on real estate, stocks or bonds. Save money by seeing Equitable Loan and Security Company, first floor Gould building, before borrowing.

WALL PAPER.

JUST arrived, the finest and most complete stock of wall paper ever shown in the south. The Tripod Paint Co., 37 and 39 N. Pryor street. 3-22—1mo

WALL PAPER and room mouldings, all work guaranteed. J. M. Quick & Co., 29 E. Hunter and 45 S. Pryor. 'Phone 729.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.

THE TRAVELERS' Ins. Co., of Hartford, home office, are using ten "Smith Premiers," one "Remington," two "Cents," two "Cals," one "Hammond." The sales of the "Smith Premier" are reaching enormous proportions. H. M. Ashe, general agent, Y. M. C. A. building.

TYPEWRITERS—During March we will sell our entire stock of all makes of typewriters at greatly reduced prices. Too many on hand. Standard machines from $15 up. Send for catalogue and prices. F. S. Webster Co., 709 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. 3-15-12t.

STORAGE.

SECURITY Warehouse Co.—Storage of all kinds; separate rooms for furniture. Foundry st., W. & A. R. R. Tel. 1956. 2 calls

WATCHES.

WATCHES cleaned, 50c; main springs warranted, 50c; diamonds reset; jewelry repaired in most workmanlike manner. Do not confound these prices with incompetence. Boley, 141 Peachtree street.

REGAL SHOES $3.50

A One-Priced Shoe

The Regal price is always the same. Fluctuations in the market value of leather never raise it. You do not have to be a shoe expert in order to tell whether or not you are getting your money's worth. The price is the same to-day, last century, next year—$3.50. The lowest price at which a really good shoe can be sold. The highest price you need pay in order to get the best.

THE REGAL

Stores in the principal cities.

Women's Regal Shoes are made in all the popular styles, both dainty and mannish. They are obtainable through the Mail Order Department. Address L. C. Bliss & Co., 209 Summer St., Boston, Mass. 10

Catalogue of Men's and Women's Shoes sent on application.



THE REGAL,

6 Whitehall Street.

Will Be at 37 Whitehall during construction of viaduct.

Well Known Operator Dies.

Milwaukee, Wis., March 21.—E. M. Shape, chief operator of the Western Union Telegraph Company here for thirty-five years, and operator on the staff of General Grant during the war, died today. He was a member of the Society of United States Military Telegraph Corps, and the Old Time Telegraphers.

ESTABLISHED IN 1857.

PETER LYNCH

At 95 Whitehall St.

Dealer in foreign and domestic wines, liquors, tobaccos and all such goods as belong with a first-class liquor store, in fact, it is called by a large number of my customers headquarters for fine and pure wines and liquors for medicinal purposes.

Peter Lynch is also running No. 7 W. Mitchell street as his great variety store, and is daily getting more and more established as such. He has just received a fresh lot of turnip seeds, also on hand fruit jars such as Mason's metal top, Mason's improved glass top and Millville and Woodbury pints, quarts and half gallons.

100 empty spirit and wine barrels, half barrels and kegs. Terms cash.

JULIUS R. WATTS & CO.

JEWELERS.

7 West Alabama Street.

Cash Paid for Old Gold and Silver.

SALE OR EXCHANGE.

An ideal suburban home on Peachtree road, 7-room, 2-story residence, 2-room servant's house; carriage house and stable, orchard and vineyard of select varieties with 35 acres land, $3,600, or would exchange for city home. Ten-room residence near capitol renting for $480 year, $5,000, or trade for home and large lot father out. Ten-room modern home, Lee street, West End, $4,000; will take $3,000 home part pay. Eight-room modern home, all street improvements, in Calhoun school district, rented $25 month, $3,000. Modern Pryor street home, 9 rooms, 2 bath rooms, front and rear stairs, servants' house, only $4,250. Large list homes and vacant lots. Entire time given buyers and sellers. H. H. Jackson, with C. H. Girardeau & Co., 24 Walton, Prudential.

SEALS AND STAMPS.

DATING stamp with latest seamless bands, good for six years, 15c postpaid; catalogue of seals, stencils and badges mailed on request. Dixie Seal & Stamp Co., 6 N. Broad st., Atlanta, Ga. 3-20-1w

PERSONAL.

LADIES—Are your marriage duties distasteful? We can help you. A quick, sure, harmless remedy that will prove its effectiveness immediately. By mail, 25c. Ries Remedy Co., New Haven, Conn. 3-21-1w

MORPHINE, opium, laudanum, cocaine and liquor habits permanently and painlessly cured at home. No detention from business; no inconvenience; action immediate; leaves system of patient in natural, healthy condition without desire for drugs. Cure guaranteed for $10. Write for particulars. Dr. Long & Co., Atlanta, Ga. Reference: Capital City National bank, Atlanta. 3-13—3mos

BOOKS.

BOOKS—Redpath's History of the World, 9 vols., $15; ten thousand other second hand standard books. Call and examine our stock. J. T. Doonen, 124 Peachtree. 3-9-1m

GRAPHOPHONE SUPPLIES.

YOU CAN GET all the latest records for phonographs and graphophones from Atlanta Phono. Co., 28½ Whitehall street. Big stock. Wholesale prices to dealers. Special attention to mail orders. 3-17 sun tues fri

WE PAY special attention to mail orders for records and supplies. Large stock and best prices. Atlanta Phono. Co., 28½ Whitehall street. 3-17 sun tues fri

TO GRAPHOPHONE DEALERS—We give you the same discount you are now getting. The best records on the market. You save express and get your records quick. Atlanta Phono. Co., 28½ Whitehall street. 3-17 sun tue fri

SIGN PAINTING.

W. W. REYNOLDS, the sign painter—Signs of any kind painted anywhere, made and shipped anywhere. 7½ Whitehall, Atlanta. 3-12—6

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

New Body Brussels.



A NEW Spring stock of Body Brussels in standard makes. Weaves whose wide reputation for sterling qualities, exclusiveness in pattern and richness of coloring are well known—Carpets about the quality of which you need not bother your mind.

Handsome new Persian effects produced in the rich Oriental colors; delicate tints in beautiful empire designs, large or small figures suited to bed room, hall or library.

Carpets direct to us from the carpet mills and their very latest and most advanced patterns.

Scores of new combinations that will please you. And remember we have the largest single carpet floor in America. A space upon which we can lay out a dozen rooms at a time for you to choose from. The new Body Brussels are in three weaves—each the best in its class, made, lined and laid in Atlanta or delivered at the freight depot Atlanta for out of town orders per yard, $1.15, $1.25 and *1.35*

Axminsters—A new Spring line is ready also in the well known "Biglow" Axminster. Carpets in a range of color schemes, and designs that give every opportunity of selecting just the Carpet best suited to your walls and furniture. Made, lined and laid, per yard..... *1.85*

Axminsters in other standard weaves—Carpets that we can make up at less money, all new and most desirable patterns, however.

Plushes that are surpassed in beauty of colors and wearing quality only by the $3.00 Wilton Plushes; a line of Plushes that have become more popular every year. There are many Oriental effects with a goodly showing of Empire and other designs. Made, lined and laid per yard..... *1.50*

Other weaves, but of the highest grades, new and desirable patterns at $1.10 and..... *1.00*

Wilton Velvets of the best quality in an array such as will be found nowhere else in the South. The best Wilton Velvet Carpet, made, lined with best lining and laid on your floor, per yard..... *1.40*

Ingrains—the foundation of many a cozy and attractive room can be found among these new Ingrains. We have them in all wool at $1.00, 75c, 65c, and 60c. Half Wool at 42 1-2 and a high grade mixed Ingrain at..... *30c*

Tapestry Brussels—a line we have been most careful in gathering so that almost any possible decorative wall scheme may be carried out in the Carpet. One special grade that you'll not find elsewhere, is..... *90c*

Then we have a 10 wire double extra Tapestry Brussels at 85c, and still another at..... *75c*

Oriental Rugs.



ALWAYS something new, always something charming from the looms of those wonderful weaves far across the seas.

We do the greatest business in fine imported Rugs in the South, because we mark them at prices to sell.

In buying an Oriental of us you need to trouble your mind about nothing but the selecting of the one most pleasing to you or best suited to your room—When it comes to the reliability of those beautiful colors or to the workmanship; those are the points you may safely leave to us—the reputation of years of careful Carpet buying lies behind every rug upon our floors and we are not going to risk it upon an unworthy rug.

Many Rug gems came among the last bales, ranging in size from the tiny door mats up to the great carpet sizes. Door Mats, Hearth Rugs, Anitolian Mats, Prayer Rugs and Carpets ranging in price from $5.00 up to as many hundred as you may wish to pay.

Domestic Rugs.

Wiltons, Smyrnas and Axminsters ranging in size from the small Smyrna Door Mats at 75c to the carpet sizes. There's no shaped space but we can fit it with a rug—long, narrow hall runners, small door mats, hearth rugs, etc., almost without number.

Fine Matting.



JAPANESE and Chinese Matting woven into the peculiar designs of those funny little people on the other side of the world. The Japanese mattings made from the unsplit round straw, woven with a cotton warp in all manner of allover designs, or solid ground with sprays of gorgeous flowers surrounded with gay butterflies woven upon it—again a school of nimble Japanese fishes swirl around upon a back ground of flying birds, then there are scores of conventional designs in floral motives.

Japanese Matting priced from 25c to..... *75c*

China Mattings, plain and figured, priced from 15c to..... *40c*

New Furniture.



SPRING house cleaning always finds new furniture needs, and in anticipation of these many wants we have given particular attention in gathering our new Spring lines to bed chamber furniture—Metal Beds, Odd Dressers and Chiffoniers and Suits in Mahogany, Golden Quartered Oak and Birds Eye Maple; buying only where we know *real goodness in Furniture* can be depended upon.

Among other things in this immense stock we have on exhibition several facsimiles made by the same makers who sent the originals to the Paris Exposition to be admired by the whole world. With our well-known reputation for carrying only first class goods we know that buyers of furniture, be it for the furnishing of an entire house or but a single odd piece, cannot do better anywhere else in the South.

Metal Beds.

In Metal Beds we control the line, in Atlanta, of the finest made beds in the country; selling them at a price that could not be bettered at the factory when the freight is added.

These in brass, and enameled of different tints. We call attention to a few patterns:

Metal Beds in tinted enamel, pale blue, nile green, red, luster green, etc., combined with white, gold, and polished brass, bed in new and exclusive patterns controlled by us. Blue, gold, white and brass $25.00. Nile green, white and gold $27.50. Luster green and gold $23.00, $27.50 $30.00, $21.00, $17.50..... *15.00*

Beds in white enamel and brass, $22.50. $14.50, $12.00 $10.00, $8.00, $6.00, down to..... *3.50*

All Brass Beds, with massive posts and fancy spindles, a score or two of new designs, including handsome Canopy Beds, Brass Beds ranging in price, $25.00, $40.00, $45.00, $50.00 and up to..... *85.00*

Children's Beds in white enamel with brass trimmings, made with drop sides and woven wire springs, also beds in solid brass. These range in price according to material and work, from $8.00 to..... *35.00*

Chamber Suits.



BED Room Suits in three pieces, consisting of bed, dresser and wash-stand matching; these ranging in price from $16.75 to..... $300.00

Some in plain rich Mahogany, others in more elaborately Rococo styles, and still others in Old Colonial including reproductions of old "Four Posters." Some fifty different styles in solid Mahogany alone—productions of the world's greatest furniture builders.

Handsome broad flake quartered golden oak Bed in the Napoleon or French roll style, extra deep washstand and dresser with swell fronts, claw feet and large bevel French Mirror, three piece suit at..... *130.00*

Golden quartered oak, a massive suit with extra large glass, head and foot heavily embellished with carved wreaths, shaped and swelled fronts and tops to dresser and stand, one of our most handsome suits in oak. *140.00*

Odd Dressers

Odd Dressers in all woods to match up with metal beds, ranging in price from $13.00 to..... *200.00*

Chiffoniers, odd or matching up with dressers to go with metal or old "four poster" beds, ranging in price from $7.50 to..... *90.00*

Dressing Tables.

Dressing Tables in all woods: Mahogany, Golden, Quartered Oak, Bird's Eye Maple, Mahoganized Birch, Etc., ranging in price from $4.50 to..... *75.00*

Dressing Tables in golden oak, with pattern bevel plate mirrors, French legs; some with a single drawer or double drawers, with smaller drawers on each side, $21.50, $25.00, $15.00, $16.50 and..... *13.50*

Several new Dressing Tables in the L and art Nouveau, with twisted legs and beautifully curved frames and supporters..... *25.00*

Handsome San Dimingo Mahogany Dressing Table, a wonderful creation of cross banding and hand carving. Old Colonial in style, with square bevel mirror, and two convex front drawers, round pillar like legs with carved capitals and claw feet. This is but one of a lot of 35 or 40 styles, price..... *65.00*

Cheval Glasses.

Cheval Glasses with large bevel plate pattern mirrors, mounted in Mahogany, Maple and Oak and priced from $22.50 to..... *75.00*

Six foot glasses in a pattern bevel French Plate swung in richly hand carved supports of solid Mahogany $55.00, $75.00... *50.00*

Six foot Glasses in Golden Quartered Oak and Birds Eye Maple with plain or carved frames and supports, $22.50, $24.50 and..... *25.50*

COL. BUCK SAYS HE IS NOT UNEASY

Department Aware of His Preparations To Sail in May.

NO NOTICE OF ANY CHANGE

Says He Would Go Back to Japan Whether His Appointment Is Revoked or Not, Because All His Effects Are There.

There appears to be no foundation for the report from Washington that Colonel A. E. Buck, minister to Japan, will be recalled from his post and assigned to some other federal position at home. Certainly if such a course had been determined upon, Colonel Buck would be among the first to hear something of what was going on, but, as he stated last night, he has made his arrangements and will return to Japan early in May.

"I am giving myself no uneasiness about the matter," Colonel Buck said when seen at the Majestic last night. "I intend to return to Japan early in May and I think the president and the state department are aware of my plans in this respect.

"The position of minister to Japan, as is the case with all foreign appointments, may be terminated at the will of the president, and, of course, no one can predict with any certainty what he is going to do. I shall, therefore, continue in that capacity until the president sees fit to make a change. If anything of that kind is contemplated now I am not aware of it. But even if there should be, I would return to Japan anyway, as all my effects are there and the trip would be necessary on that account. However, as I said, I am not worried.

"I have been quoted as saying 'if the president appoints me I will go back.' That is absolutely untrue; I never made any such statement."

Colonel Buck has been taking no active part in the political situation in Georgia. He says he has heard nothing more than others have with reference to the federal appointments in the state and the statement that he has made up a slate is absolutely without foundation.

No well regulated household should be without Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters.

BUILDING PERMITS ISSUED.

New Residence Costing $2,990 To Be Built on West Fifth Street.

The following permits were issued yesterday by City Building Inspector Pittman:

To D. C. Walker for a two-story frame dwelling on West Fifth street, near Spring, to cost $2,990.

To G. T. Dodd, Jr., to repair a two-story frame dwelling at No. 120 East Fair street at a cost of $1,000.

To Mrs. Miller to build a one-story frame dwelling on Garibaldi street, near Mary, to cost $500.

To Mrs. L. E. Barrett to make alterations in the frame dwelling at No. 580 Chestnut street, to cost $100.

PIONEER CITIZEN DIES SUDDENLY

R. J. Johnson Succumbed Yesterday to Heart Failure.

HE CAME TO ATLANTA IN 1859

Assisted in Sending Cherokee Indians to Indian Territory.

HE WAS IN THE CONFEDERATE SERVICE

A Contractor for Twenty Years After the War—Funeral To Be Conducted Today.

R. J. Johnson, eighty-two years of age and a pioneer citizen of Atlanta, died suddenly yesterday morning at his home, 475 Whitehall street. Mr. Johnson had apparently been enjoying very good health until Wednesday night. His death was entirely unexpected.

Will M. Johnson, a son of Mr. Johnson, was in the room at the time his father expired. Young Mr. Johnson had spoken to his father when the latter suddenly threw his head back and was dead within two minutes. Death is attributed to heart failure.

Mr. Johnson was one of the oldest and best known citizens of this city. He has resided here continuously since 1859 and for twenty years after the civil war he was a well known contractor. Of late he had retired from active business.

He was born in 1819 in Newton county, Georgia, and his wife was a Miss Rogers, of the same county. She died five years ago. Mr. Johnson was one of the volunteers who assisted in gathering together the Cherokee Indians west of the Chattahoochee river, and sending them to the Indian Territory, for which service he received a pension from the United States government.

He is also a veteran of the civil war, having served in the confederate army. For two years he was connected with the confederate arsenal in Atlanta and during the latter part of the war he was sent to Savannah, where he assisted in the construction of fortifications. In 1859 and 1860 he was a policeman in this city.

Mr. Johnson was a member of the Baptist church for sixty years and was a most excellent and upright gentleman. He was a member of the West End Baptist church at the time of his death. Mr. Johnson was also a member of the Pioneer Citizens' Society of Atlanta. He possessed a wide circle of friends and acquaintances.

Mr. Johnson is survived by four children —Will M. Johnson, George N. Johnson, James M. Johnson and Miss Sallie R. Johnson.

The funeral services will be conducted from the residence this afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. Mr. O'Kelly, pastor of the West End Baptist church, and Dr. D. W. Gwin, formerly pastor of the First Baptist church. The body will be interred in Oakland cemetery. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers: J. J. Barnes, W. M. Middlebrooks, S. J. Moncrief, A. F. Todd and J. M. King.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

INSULTED LADIES GOING TO CHURCH

Decatur Street Merchant Heavily Fined in Recorder's Court.

HE TRIED TO PROVE AN ALIBI

Recorder Said He Must Be Degenerate Like Murderer Flanagan.

MAN'S WIFE FRENZIED WITH GRIEF

Prisoner Had Queer Expression in His Eyes—Fine Was Reduced and Paid by Friends.

Morris Salinsky, a shoemaker of No. 105 Decatur street, was arraigned in the recorder's court yesterday afternoon on the charge of insulting ladies on the streets as they went to church on Sundays, and Recorder Broyles, after declaring that he believed the man was a degenerate like the notorious murderer, Edward Flanagan, fined the prisoner $100.

Salinsky was seen on two Sundays hiding in alleys on Washington street waiting for ladies, on their way to church, to pass alone so that he might insult them.

The last time he was seen was on Wednesday morning, when a negro youth followed him, under instructions from his employer, and Salinsky was tracked to the corner of Decatur street and Central avenue, where he was turned over to Patrolman Randall.

When the case was called yesterday Assistant City Attorney Hill represented the prosecution and Attorney Morris Macks represented the defendant.

Immediately after the sentence of the court was pronounced the prisoner's wife broke into lamentations and left the court room tearing at her hair and crying out that she and her children were ruined.

Four negroes testified positively that Salinsky was the man who had been insulting the ladies on the streets, and one of them told how he followed the man and pointed him out to an officer.

Seven or eight Decatur street merchants, most of whom were Russian Jews, testified that Salinsky spent his Sundays at home with his wife and children.

It was admitted that the prisoner was away from home Wednesday at the time it was said he was on Washington street.

Salinsky stated that he was not guilty and that he did not know where Washington street was located.

The man is tall and thin and sallow and has a square chin and a strange look out of the eyes, which caused the recorder to ask him how long he had been using morphine and cocaine.

The prisoner said he did not know anything about such drugs.

"I am forced to find the defendant guilty," announced the recorder. "It is a bad case, and I think this man must be a degenerate like the murderer Flanagan."

"Before you pass sentence," said the man's attorney, "I trust you will be merciful on account of his, the prisoner's, poor wife and little children. He is a very poor man."

"I intended at first to make the sentence $100 and thirty days in the stockade," replied Recorder Broyles, "but I will make it only a $100 fine."

Mrs. Salinsky wrung her hands and tore her hair and went from the court room in a perfect frenzy of grief.

After court adjourned the recorder reduced the fine to $25 and the man's friends paid it.

WATER BONDS TO BRING PREMIUM

This Is the Belief of Prominent Atlanta Financiers.

THEY WILL SELL ABOVE PAR

City's Splendid Credit Will Make This Practically a Certainty. The Bids Are To Be Sold Early in Month of April.

There is every reason to believe that the water bonds will bring a flattering premium when they are placed on the market. Prominent financiers in Atlanta have expressed the belief that the bonds should bring from 5 to 10 per cent above par, and those who have given the matter considerable thought thoroughly agree with this view.

Judge George Hillyer, president of the board of water commissioners, stated on the evening of the bond election that he confidently believed the bonds should bring a premium. Colonel Park Woodward, superintendent of the waterworks department, expressed the same belief yesterday.

Councilman W. C. Rawson, chairman of the finance committee of council and himself a careful and successful business man, stated last night that he was certain the bonds would bring par and ought to bring a premium. He stated he had conferred with a prominent banker concerning the issue, and was assured that there was no reason to anticipate other than that the bonds would go above par.

It is Councilman Rawson's committee that will be called upon to engineer the sale of the bonds, and he has already given the matter much thought. This is the first time that Atlanta has sought to float 3½ per cent bonds. Some years ago 4 per cent bonds were issued, but they sold above par, so they might be considered to have been less than 4 per cent.

The city's credit abroad is considered excellent, and for that reason it is believed that there will be a number of bids submitted for the bonds. City Clerk Campbell has already received many inquiries from financiers in the north and east who are interested in the water bonds. A letter was received yesterday from a prominent firm of bankers in Chicago asking to be advised of the result of the election, which was held on Wednesday, and also what method would be adopted for the disposal of the bonds. Every mail brings similar inquiries which would indicate that northern men of money are anxious to bid on the issue.

Votes Were Consolidated.

The managers of the polls in the various wards called at the city clerk's office yesterday at noon for the purpose of consolidating the votes. The published result was changed but little. It was found that in the third ward the vote for the bonds was 275 instead of 277, and that in the fourth ward four instead of five voted against the bonds. This gave a total of 2,509 for the bonds and only 82 against them.

The election required the services of twenty-one managers, and the same number of clerks. The managers were paid $5 and the clerks $3 for the day's work. This expense aggregated $168. The managers and clerks were all paid off at noon yesterday by the city clerk.

At the next meeting of council, which occurs on April 1st, City Clerk Campbell will report to that body that the water bonds were authorized by two-thirds of the registered voters. A member of council will then prepare and introduce a resolution declaring that the bonds should be issued. When this resolution is passed, the city attorney will be instructed to prepare an ordinance covering the $200,000 issue, passed up by council, the aldermanic board and approved by the mayor.

The finance committee by this ordinance will be authorized to issue the bonds and advertise for bids. In order to validate the bonds, Solicitor General C. D. Hill will probably file a bill to prevent the issue. Judge Lumpkin will then consider the bill and set a time for cause to be shown why the bonds should not be issued. His decision that the bonds are valid will end the matter. All of which is a mere matter of form.

All the bids for the bonds will be sent in to the finance committee sealed, and will be opened on a certain day. The bids will then be referred to council with the recommendation that the bonds be sold to the highest bidder. In the meantime it is probable that the bonds will be lithographed and put in shape to be disposed of. It is also probable that the water commissioners will at once take up the matter of securing the best contracts for the new pipe. It is expected that the bonds will be sold early next month.

In Olden Times.

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently overcome habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system. Buy the genuine, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

Low Rate Excursion Tickets to Valdosta, Ga., Via Central of Georgia Railway, Account Georgia Baptist Association, March 28th-31st, 1901.

Tickets on sale from all points in Georgia on March 26-27-28, final limit April 2, 1901. Special coaches will be run through via the Central and G. S. and F. from Atlanta without change.

For full particulars, rates, schedules, etc., apply to any agent of the Central of Georgia or to W. H. Fogg, T. P. A., No. 16 Wall St., Atlanta, Ga.

Street Parade.

Prof. Gentry's Famous Dog and Pony Show will give their street parade at 10 o'clock this morning; starting from the show grounds the procession will parade the principal streets. It will be a unique and pretty display, in which all the dogs, ponies and monkeys will be seen, to say nothing about the tiny elephants, the military band and all the other numerous features of this excellent show. All the little folks should be on hand to see the street parade, which will be the prettiest ever seen in this city.

Dixie Flyer to St. Louis and to Chicago.

Pullman sleeping cars through without change. Two trains daily via Western and Atlantic railway, Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway and Illinois Central railway.

Shad! Shad!!
...Galore....
at Jones's Market,
28 W. Mitchell St. For 10c Pound.

I wish to announce to my patrons and the public generally that I am prepared to furnish them with the finest Ogechee and Altamaha River Shad that comes to this market for 10c per pound. . . . . .

Owing to the extreme unfavorable weather and scarcity of fish it has been impossible for me to supply the demand at these prices earlier this season, but anticipate no trouble in supplying the demand from now on, and you will always find me in the lead when it comes to prices and quality on fish and oysters.

To those who have taken advantage of my liberal prices the past three or four seasons, I need no introduction; and if you are a stranger all I ask is a trial purchase and I will convince you that every word in this "ad." is true. . . . . .

Don't forget the place!
28 W. Mitchell St.
Standard 'Phone 1421.

The Theatres

Wilson Barrett's historical drama, "The Sign of the Cross," will be seen at the Grand tonight and Saturday matinee and night. Charles Dalton, who has been at the head of the organization ever since it came to this country, will be seen as Marcus Superbus, a part for which he is perfectly fitted. Others in the cast are: W. E. Bonney, Henry N. Wenman, Harry Child, Harold West, T. A. Shannon, Courtland Auburn, Lillie Thurlow, Maude Warrilow, Agnes Scott, Melita Brice, Mignon Shattinger and Rita Trekelle.

Under the title of "Heart and Sword" a new romantic comedy will be produced at the Grand Monday and Tuesday with Mr. Walker Whiteside as Prince Victor and Miss Lelia Wolstan as Princess Sylvia.

Among the members of the company supporting Mr. Whiteside in addition to Miss Wolstan are the following players: Miss Helen Wilcox, John L. Saphore, W. B. Mack, Harry Willard, Lawrence Evart, John Rose and George Holt.

With the matinee today and the performance tonight the Lyceum theater will have to its credit one of the most successful week's business in its history, which proves conclusively that the bill as presented this week has been a pleasing one in every respect.

Next week's vaudeville bill is one of unusual strength, being headed by the European comedy acrobats, the three Nevarros, who have just returned from a prolonged and successful engagement in the principal European cities.

Others on the bill are Merritt and Murdock, presenting their comedy sketch, "Luncheon for Two." Another feature will be the comedy conjurer, Professor Hurd. Sophia Burnham will also appear and sing ballads.

Next week's selection of pictures for the biograph is the best yet to be presented. One is a complete picture showing the president's inauguration, and the other one shows William Jennings Bryan at his home in Lincoln, Nebr.

The Crescent Stock Company, an organization that has won the name of being one of the top notchers in the popular priced line, will entertain patrons of the Columbia all next week, beginning Monday night with Richard Mansfield's great play, "Master and Man." The company contains such prominent Atlanta favorites as Guy Woodward, Carrie Lewis, Pete Seymour, the Glees and others well known here. In addition to Monday night's bill, "Myrtle Ferns," Frederick Bryton's great play, "Forgiven," "The Circus Girl" and "My Partner" are underlined for presentation during the week.

Matinees will be given on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.

Gale on Virginia Coast.

Norfolk, Va., March 21.—(Special.)—A thirty-six-mile gale off the coast last night will probably bring news of damage to the shipping later. The storm was the severest this city ever had; 1.40 inches of rain fell here.

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe.

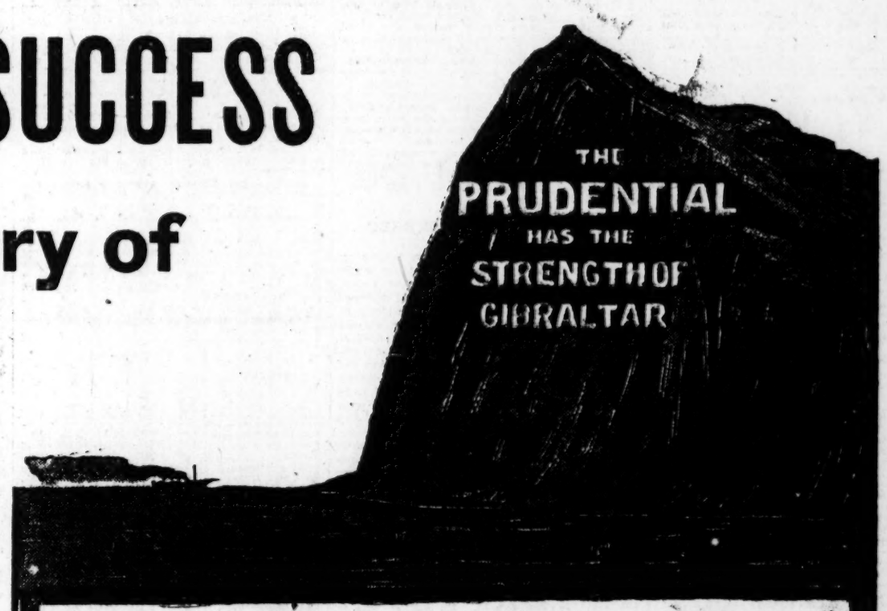
George W. Wait, of South Gardner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one bottle of it and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." For sale by all druggists.

A QUARTER CENTURY OF SUCCESS

Unparalleled in the History of Life Insurance

Insurance in Force, end of 1900, over	604 Millions
Insurance Written and Placed, during 1900, over	249 Millions
Paid Policy-holders in 25 years, over	49 Millions
Assets, end of 1900, over	40 Millions
Liabilities	34 Millions
Surplus, end of 1900, over	6 Millions
Income during 1900, over	24 Millions
Paid Policy-holders during 1900, over	7 Millions

THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE CO.
OF AMERICA.
JOHN F. DRYDEN, President.
HOME OFFICE, Newark, N. J.
JAMES O. WYNN, Manager Southern Department,
203-211 PRUDENTIAL BUILDING, ATLANTA, GA.



The Prudential

Solicitors Rewarded for Their Work

RENEWALS, Based on $100,000 placed business.
BONUS, Based on $4,000 paid premiums.

Liberal First Year Commissions

Very desirable territory in North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee open to Special Agents under above form of contract.

CLOSED AT LOWEST

The News of the Day Was of Bearish Nature.

SOUTH AN ACTIVE SELLER

Chicago Markets Decline Under the Leadership of Pork—Stocks Show Many Gains.

New York, March 21.—The cotton market opened at a decline of 3@9 points and further declined 6@12 points, cables being disappointing, receipts still heavy, cotton goods trade accounts still unsatisfactory, southern spot markets still lower and the earlier indications as to the situation of affairs between Russia and England not of a reassuring order. Several of the more important long lines of cotton—notably, a few for Wall street account—were liquidated, after which the market rallied partially, but again turned weak under some renewed active selling, said to be in good part for southern account. There was some buying on the weaker intervals by good parties on later reports of a settlement of matters which threatened the relations of Russia and England. The buying for a reaction was increased by the expectation of better cables from Liverpool tomorrow on this account. The in-sight movement promises to exceed that of last week and this checked confidence on the long side of the account. The market was finally at about the lowest figures of the session, the net decline being 7 to 20 points.

Spot Cotton Weak and Lower.

New York, March 21.—The market for spot cotton is weak and buyers are having matters pretty much their own way. Nevertheless they are not satisfied—and the reason is simple. Some of them went into the market after hours last evening and purchased large lists of the staple at much lower prices than prevailed earlier in the day only to find when the market opened this morning that they had paid considerably more than the same lists are worth now. The perpendicular drop in prices at Liverpool, from which point a substantial rally was confidently expected to emanate today, followed as was natural by the heavy slump in prices for contracts on this side, has exerted a most depressing effect upon holders of spots, who are beginning to show great anxiety to unload. Sales today 6,850, including 450 to arrive. The cotton exchange reduced spot quotations ⅛ on all grades.

The market for contracts was active enough during the early hours of the day to satisfy the most avaricious element in the commission trade. The bulk of transactions was in May and July options, but the entire tier of months received a fair share of attention, and fully one-half of the trading was apparently representative of new investments, the other half being but the covering in of profits by the shorts. The decline in Liverpool today of ¼d on spots and 3-64d to 5-64d on deliveries was caused, it is said, by political complications in Russia and China. Futures in New York opened down 4 to 8 points and in New Orleans 9 to 11 points with only slight fluctuations here. The market at the close showed a net loss of 7 to 14 points for the day.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, March 21.—Home trade quiet in all departments and little doing for export. Brown sheetings and drills quite irregular. Bleached cottons steady in medium and fine grades; low grades irregular. No feature in coarse colored cottons. Print cloths inactive at previous prices. Prints and ginghams quiet and unaltered. Business in hosiery and underwear dull. Woolen goods division unchanged.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:
Atlanta—Quiet; middling 8c.
Liverpool—Quiet and easier; middling 4 21-32d.
New York—Quiet; middling 8 15-16c.
New Orleans—Easy; middling 8 3-16c.
Savannah—Easy; middling 8¼c.
Galveston—Dull; middling 8¼c.
Norfolk—Dull; middling 8¼c.
Mobile—Quiet; middling 8 1-16c.
Memphis—Quiet; middling 8 3-16c.
Augusta—Quiet; middling 8 5-16c.
Charleston—Nominal; middling 8¼c.
Houston—Easy; middling 8 5-16c.
St. Louis—Dull; middling 8 7-16c.

The following is the statement of receipts, shipments and stock at Atlanta:

	RECEIPT		SHIPM'TS.		STOCK.	
	1901	1900	1901	1900	1901	1900
Saturday	98	69	325	140	8673	8440
Monday	80	117	242	73	8490	8434
Tuesday	184	182	50	170	8674	8426
Wednesday	33	141	100	600	8627	8037
Thursday	93	4	250	200	8470	7841
Friday						
Total	487	513	967	1183		

The following was the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.	Closing Bid and Asked.
March	8 00	8 00	7 94	7 95	7 87-89
April	8 00	8 00	7 88	7 88	7 88-89
May	8 00	8 00	7 86	7 89	7 89-90
June	7 98	7 98	7 84	7 87	7 87-88
July	7 98	8 00	7 87	7 99	7 88-89
August	7 78	7 78	7 61	7 64	7 63
September	7 43	7 43	7 35	7 40	7 35-37
October	7 32	7 32	7 26	7 26	7 25-27
November	7 28	7 28	7 25	7 25	7 21-29
December	7 26	7 27	7 21	7 21	7 20-22
January					
February					

Futures closed steady.

The following table shows the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCKS.	
	1901	1900	1901	1900	1901	1900
Saturday	20894	21667	31349	37760	796332	836387
Monday	19859	19456	5463	26967	809190	836387
Tuesday	28151	18388	19472	17292	820507	841270
Wednesday	20134	23175	13908	16502	819082	841270
Thursday	23499	10863	16896	17258	826002	864190
Friday						
Totals	1140277	93549	87088	115379		

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

March	8 10	September	7 20
April	7 97	October	7 09
May	7 91	November	7 00
June	7 85	December	7 01
July	7 82	January	
August	7 63	February	

Futures closed steady.

The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, March 21—12:15 p.m.—Cotton, spot quiet with prices easier; middling uplands 4 21-32; sales 8,000; American 7,400; speculation and export 500; receipts 10,000; American 6,400.

Futures opened quiet.

	Open'g.	Closing.
March	4 33-64	4 34 Buyers
March-April	4 33-64	4 34 Sellers
April-May	4 34-64	4 34 Sellers
May-June	4 35-64	4 34½ Sellers
June-July	4 34 64	4 34½ Sellers
July-August	4 34-64	4 34½ Sellers
August-September	4 29-64	4 28½ Buyers
October	4 10-64	4 09½ Value
October-November	4 06-64	4 05 Value

Futures closed quiet.

Movement at the Ports.

New York, March 21.—Cotton quiet; sales 304 bales; middling uplands 8 5-16; gulf 8 9-16; net receipts 399; gross 2,366; stock 153,547.

New Orleans, March 21.—Cotton easy; sales 6,850; middling 8 3-16; receipts 8,031; stock 327,714.

Galveston, March 21.—Cotton dull; middling 8¼; sales 56; receipts 5,247; stock 143,937.

Mobile, March 21.—Cotton quiet; middling 8 1-16; sales 200; receipts 11; stock 17,762.

Savannah, March 21.—Cotton easy; middling 8¼; sales 45; receipts 4,301; stock 106,691.

Charleston, March 21.—Cotton nominal; middling 8¼; receipts 524; stock 10,151.

Wilmington, March 21.—Cotton firm; middling 8¼; receipts 328; stock 5,024.

Norfolk, March 21.—Cotton dull; middling 8¼; sales 298; receipts 1,579; stock 15,162.

Baltimore, March 21.—Cotton nominal; middling 8⅝; receipts 400; stock 12,185.

Boston, March 21.—Cotton quiet; middling 8 7-16; receipts net 390; gross 1,043.

Philadelphia, March 21.—Cotton quiet; middling 8 9-16; receipts 137; stock 4,757.

St. Louis, March 21.—Cotton dull; middling 8 7-16; sales 43; receipts 2,876; stock 73,-854.

Memphis, March 21.—Cotton quiet; middling 8 3-16; receipts 942; shipments 2,954; sales 500; stock 134,468.

Augusta, March 21.—Cotton quiet; middling 8 5-16; sales 1,313; receipts 313; stock 39,-922.

Houston, March 21.—Cotton easy; middling 8 5-16; sales 319; receipts 4,007; stock 92,-428.

H. & B. Beer's Cotton Letter.

New Orleans, March 21.—Liverpool advices were again discouraging, the easiness, according to cables, being due to heavier interior receipts, increasing stocks and warlike rumors which unsettled business. Our market in sympathy opened 10 to 12 points lower, declined 2 to 5 on the large port receipts, subsequently advanced 10 to 11 from the bottom on shorts covering in response to late advices from New York, stating that a large banking house there had received information to the effect that the dispute between England and Russia had been officially announced as settled. When this demand was satisfied, however, the weakness of spots occasioned a decline of 8 to 9 points from the top, making the net loss on the day 13 to 15 points. After such a sharp decline many think a reaction ought to be in order, still there is nothing in the situation for the moment to warrant any decided improvement. The future course of values will be ruled principally by the movement and trade demand.

C. W. Lee & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

By Private Wire to Atlanta Cotton and Stock Exchange.

New York, March 21.—Even the most radical bear did not look for cables to come as much lower as they did this morning, and there was much selling early. It appeared, however, to be mostly forced liquidation. This put the market down to a basis which seemed out of all reason. Only a short time ago, and when May touched 7.86, it meant just 50 points decline from the closing price last Friday. Shorts showed no desire to press matters. On the other hand, there seemed to be some investment buying by parties who have been out of market for some time and with all months for the first time under the 8c level it does seem a splendid opportunity to take hold. Should the political atmosphere abroad clear purchases made now are likely to show handsome profits. It certainly would seem poor speculation to begin selling short now. One feature today was the loss of July premium. There has been selling for that month for some days, and this would seem to indicate the big long line bought on a scale down is being thrown over. The market closed weak on this selling. Port receipts very liberal today at 25,499 bales, against 19,859 last week and 863 a week and a year ago. At New Orleans only 4,000 to 5,000 bales are expected tomorrow, against 6,399 and 3,282, and at Houston 5,500 to 6,500 are expected, against 3,-339 and 1,270. A number of good people are buying December cotton today at around 7.25, believing the new crop futures are being discounted too much, also on the theory that the decline in values will mean a considerable curtailment in the acreage.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, March 21.—Cotton futures in Liverpool opened 5 to 6-64d lower, and at 2 o'clock stood 4-64d lower on futures and ¼d lower on spots; middling uplands 4 21-32d; sales 8,000. Our market opened at 8c for May and dropped to 7.86 under heavy selling for both accounts. There was nothing to justify purchases and it was all one way until the shorts took their profits, when a sharp rally occurred which, however, failed to put prices back to the best. The market closed steady at the decline and within a few points of the lowest, about 7 to 19 points net lower.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, March 21.—Liverpool was again demoralized, closing quiet at about the lowest prices. These advices led to the liquidation of a large line of long cotton which has been concentrated in the July position. This liquidation continued all the morning, ceasing when the market broke to the lowest point, to begin again the minute it rallied. The rally was brought by the local traders who feel that at last the opportunity has come for a substantial reaction from the continued decline. No opposition to the pressure to sell cotton in the south. The in-sight movement promises to exceed that of last week. It will compare from now on with a very small movement. Naturally a reaction is also expected in Liverpool tomorrow, where the settlement appears to have gone through without any trouble.

Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, March 21.—Cotton in Liverpool declined ¼d on spots, futures declined 6-64d during the forenoon on bear selling, also liquidation. Recovered half of the decline during the afternoon on investment demand and buying to cover sales and the market ended 4 to 5-64d under yesterday. This market declined about 18 points on the active deliveries during the forenoon owing to general selling, reacted about 6 points on active demand from shorts, McFadden and Brother, brokers, being conspicuous buyers. But shortly before the close prices again declined 8 to 10 points, closing at about the lowest for the day.

The strained political relations between Russia and England are being used by the bear crowd, while conservative people anticipate no serious complications, but nevertheless, it is having a tendency to cause some anxiety. Both the long and short interests have been very well liquidated during the past few weeks, and we think there is less speculative interest than for some time past. Port receipts 25,499 bales against 10,853 bales, New Orleans expects tomorrow 4,000 to 5,000 bales, against 3,282 bales; Houston 5,500 to 6,000 bales, against 1,270 bales.

THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, March 21.—The heavy selling by speculators to realize which carried the whole market down yesterday was checked today, and there were general recoveries and a showing of net gains for the day in a majority of cases. There was continued pressure on the market at the opening of business, and it was emphasized by the depression in the London market on account of uneasiness over the Tien Tsin affair and fears of harder money there. But there was renewed buying of some stocks of such proportions and conducted with such confidence as to discourage selling, and the subsequent rally was helped by the demand from quite an extended short interest left uncovered after yesterday's operations for the decline. The speculative leaders were very active in their efforts to cause a resumption of the strong bull market which has recently prevailed. They were only partly successful, although they had the assistancete of a report late in the session that the Anglo-Russian difficulty had been settled. A number of stocks were fairly buoyant during the day and others were strong, but the advances were not all well held and there were frequent reactions after the recovery had set in. Burlington was in demand from the shorts, and there was a combined upward movement at one time in the Grangers, Pacifics and Southwesterns. Heavy realizing met this advance. The Eries were the conspicuous feature of the latter market, and were lifted from 2½ to 7 points, the latter the second preferred on enormous buying. Recently current reports of early dividend action were all revived. The movement in the Erie helped all the coalers. Sugar shot up 3½ points and People's Gas and Tobacco had their periods of strength. The International Paper stocks were very strong, rising 2¼@4¼ for the common and preferred. The steel stocks were quiet and moved narrowly, but recovered to some extent from early heaviness. Notwithstanding this quite impressive showing of strength, there was no renewal of the universal upward movement which affected the whole market at times during the last few days. The weakness of Brooklyn Transit had a somewhat unsettling effect. That there is some latent uneasiness over the money outlook is shown by the eager discussion of the possibility that the secretary of the treasury will redeem government bonds and thus benefit the money market. The possibility of war between European nations attracts attention to the international exchange situation. Today discount rates hardened in London again, and sterling exchange here rose to a higher level, while call loan rates ruled from 2½ to 3 per cent.

The railroad bond market continues very active; many new issues coming into prominence today. The price movement was irregular. Total sales, par value, $9,255,000.

THE MEDICINAL QUALITY OF ACME WHISKIES.

Is Recognized by the medical profession and we fill many physicians' prescriptions. Acme Whiskies are absolutely pure, well aged, moderately priced rye whiskies and unequaled for home use.

POTTS-THOMPSON LIQUOR CO.

BOTH 'PHONES. NO. 9 N. PRYOR ST.

United States refunding 2s advanced ½ and old 4s declined ½ per cent on the last call.

Total sales of stocks today were 1,196,100 shares, including Atchison 23,800; do. preferred 12,200; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy 64,200; Rock Island 13,700; Erie 178,150; do. first preferred 26,500; Louisville and Nashville 13,500; Manhattan 26,800; Metropolitan 17,800; Mexican Central 17,400; Minnesota and St. Louis 18,900; Missouri Pacific 22,-300; Missouri, Kansas and Texas preferred 16,600; Northern Pacific 16,700; Ontario and Western 20,200; Pennsylvania 13,500; Reading 19,500; do. first preferred 19,400; do. second preferred 16,400; St. Paul 14,400; Southern Pacific 26,000; Wabash 20,300; do. preferred 54,600; Amalgamated Copper 17,-600; Smelting and Refining 7,600; American Tobacco 15,400; Brooklyn Transit 60,100; Federal Steel preferred 6,400; International Paper 9,600; do. preferred 16,700; People's Gas 23,-400; Sugar 134,900.

Money on call steady at 2½@3 per cent; prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent.

Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅞@4.88 for demand and at $4.84⅝@4.84⅝ for 60 days; posted rates $4.85½@4.89; commercial bills $4.84@4.84½.

Silver certificates 61½@63c.
Bar silver 60¾c.
Mexican dollars 49c.
Government bonds irregular.
State bonds inactive.
Railroad bonds irregular.

RAILWAY STOCKS

Atchison	60¼	Minn. & L. 2d pref.	112½
do preferred	94⅜	Missouri Pacific	100
Baltimore & Ohio	92⅜	Mobile & Ohio	80¼
Canada Pacific	94⅛	Mo. Kansas & Tex.	24¼
Canada Southern	61¼	Mo. K. & Tex. pref.	58¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	46⅜	New Jersey Cent.	153
Chic. Great West.	22⅜	New York Central	146¾
C., B. & Q.	164¼	Norfolk & Western	51¼
Chic. Ind. & L.	36½	do preferred	85
do preferred	72¼	Northern Pacific	88¼
Chicago & East.	115⅛	do. preferred	88⅜
Chicago & N. W.	178¼	Ontario & Western	33⅛
Rock Island	129¼	Oregon R. & Nav.	42
C. C. C. & St. L.	77¼	do 1st preferred	76
Colo. Sou	11⅜	Pennsylvania	152¾
do 1st preferred	46	Reading	93¾
do 2d preferred	20¼	do. 1st preferred	73⅜
Del. & Hudson	165⅜	do. 2d preferred	45⅛
Del. L. & W.	195¼	Rio Grande & W.	65
Den. & Rio Grande	40¼	do. preferred	97¼
do. preferred	91⅜	St. Louis & S. F.	42⅜
Erie (new)	34⅜	do 1st preferred	85
do. preferred	69⅞	do 2d preferred	68⅜
Great Nor. pref	201¼	St. L. & S. W.	33¼
Hocking Coal	17¼	do. preferred	63¼
Hocking Valley	53¾	St. Paul	151¾
Illinois Central	136½	do. preferred	189
Iowa Central	34	St. P. & Omaha	125
do. preferred	62¼	Southern Pacific	45⅝
K. C. Pitts. & Gulf		Southern Railway	26⅝
Lake Erie & W.	52	do. preferred	78⅜
do. preferred	121	Texas & Pacific	32
Lake Shore	210¼	Union Pacific	93⅝
Louisville & Nash.	99⅜	do. preferred	85⅜
Manhattan L.	126	Wabash	24¼
Metro. Street Ry.	165⅝	do. preferred	36⅞
Mexican Central	24½	Wheel & L. E.	15
Minn. & St. Louis	86¼	do. 2 preferred	31

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

Adams	155	United States	72
American	194	Wells Fargo	138

MISCELLANEOUS.

Am. Cotton Oil	26	Int. Paper pref.	77¼
do preferred	85	La Clede Gas	81½
American Malting	5¾	National Biscuit	41⅞
do. preferred	27	do. preferred	86
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	58	National Lead	15¼
do. preferred	95⅝	do. preferred	92¼
American Spirits	1½	National Steel	52½
do. preferred	17	do. preferred	115¾
Am. Steel Hoop	41⅛	N. Y. Air Brake	158
do. preferred	92	North American Co	92⅛
Am. S. & W.	43¼	Pacific Coast	55
do. preferred	108⅜	do. 1st preferred	90
Am. Tin Plate	70⅛	do. 2d preferred	64
do. preferred	114¾	Pacific Mail	33¾
American Tobacco	143	People's Gas	107⅜
do. preferred	144	Pressed Steel Car	35¼
Anaconda Mining	45¾	do. preferred	76
Brook. Rap. Tran.	64¼	Pullman Palace	203
Col. F. & Iron	44	Stand. R. & Twine	
Cont. Tobacco	45⅝	Sugar	143¼
do. preferred	104	do. preferred	123¼
Federal Steel	48¾	T. C. & Iron	58⅜
do. preferred	101¾	U. S. Leather	13
General Electric	215	do. preferred	75
Glucose Sugar	47	U. S. Rubber	19¼
do. preferred	94	do. preferred	58½
International Paper	24⅞	Western Union	87¼

BONDS.

U. S. 2s reg. when is	106	L. & N. unified 4s	101¾
do. coupon	106½	M. K. & T. 2ds	60¼
U. S. 3s reg.	111¾	M., K. & T. 4s	98¼
do. 3s coupon	111¾	N. Y. Central 1sts	107¼
U. S. new 4s reg.	138¾	N. J. Cent. gen. 5s	134
do. coupon	138¾	Northern Pac. 3s	72
U. S. old 4s reg.	113	do. 4s	104
do. coupon	114	N. Y. C. & St. L. 4s	108½
U. S. 5s reg.	111¼	Nor. & Western. 6s	103¾
do. coupon	111¾	Oregon Nav. 1sts	110
District 3.65s	124½	do. 4s	101
Atchison 1st 4s	104¾	O. S. Line 6s	127¼
do. adj. 4s	94¼	do. con. 5s	116¼
Canada So. 2nds	108¾	Reading 4s	94¼
Cent. of Ga. 1st 5s	107	Rio G. W. 1sts	100¾
do. 1st income	72¼	St. L. & M. con. 5s	119
do 2d income	35¼	St. L. & S. F. Gen 6s	131¼
C. & O. 4½s	107¼	St. Paul consols	184¼
do. 5s	121⅜	St. P. C. & P. 1sts	118
Chic. & N. W. con 7s	140¼	do. 5s	120¾
do. 6s	124	Sou. Pacific 4s	92⅜
Chicago Term. 4s	97¼	Southern Ry. 5s	116¼
Colo. Sou. 4s	86¾	Stand. Rope & T. 6s	57
D. & R. G. 4s		Tex. & Pacific 1sts	119
D. & R. G. 4s	102½	do 2d	98
East Tenn. 1st		Union Pacific 4s	106
Erie general 4s	88¾	Wabash 1sts	119¼
F. W. & D. 1sts	104½	do. 2ds	110¼
Gen. Electric 5s	107¾	West Shore 4s	115¾
Iowa Cent. 1sts	117½	Wiscon. Cent. 4s	90¾
K. C., P. & G. 1sts		Virginia centuries	95½

Commercial Advertiser's Financial Cable.

New York, March 21.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: The stock market was generally weak in the early hours today on the imbroglio with Russia, but prices hardened later on some reassuring private messages, which were received in the city from St. Petersburg. It was noted, and it is notable, that Russian securities were not affected in any way. Japanese securities, however, were flat.

London is taking a more serious view of the Korean dispute, than it is of the clash at Tien Tsin.

Consols were 95⅛ at one time today, the lowest since January, 1892. The close of the market was in much better tone.

American stocks, which started depressed under the cloud of weakness in New York last night, hardened a little on the Russian message to private persons here, and then were helped by the rise in New York. In the afternoon, after the close the advance in New York cause a sharp rally, especially in Erie and Northern and Union Pacifics.

The call loan rate was 3¾; bids 3⅜@3¾.

The Bank of Bengal has reduced its rate from 8 to 7 per cent.

STOCKS.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	Closing Bid.
American Tobacco	127¼	128⅜	127	128¼	128
Am. Sugar Ref	144¼	144¼	139¾	143¾	143¼
Atchison	59	60¾	58⅞	60¾	60¼
do. preferred	94⅜	94⅜	93⅜	94⅜	94⅜
Balt. and Ohio	91⅛	92⅜	91⅛	92⅜	92⅜
Brook. Rap. Tran.	85¼	85⅝	84	84¼	84¼
Third Avenue	122¼	123	122¼	122¾	123
Bur. & Quincy	162¾	164⅜	162¾	164⅜	164⅜
C., C., C. & St. L.				77½	77½
Ches. & Ohio	45⅝	46¼	45⅝	46⅛	46⅜
Canada Southern	61¼	62¼	61¼	61¾	61¾
Del. & Hudson	165¼	166¼	165¼	166	165⅜
Cons. Tobacco	46	46	45¾	45⅞	45⅝
do. preferred	104	104⅜	104	104⅜	104
Con. Gas	211	214	211	212¼	212¾
Gen. Electric	216¾	216¾	215	215	214
Chic. Great West.	22	23⅛	21¾	23	22¾
Jersey Central					153
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	59	59¾	58¼	58⅝	58⅝
So. Pacific	44⅞	45⅞	44⅜	45⅝	45⅜
Louisv. & Nash.	99⅜	99¼	98⅜	99⅜	99¼
Am. Steel Wire	42⅛	43⅜	42⅛	43¼	43⅜
Manhattan L.	125¼	127	125¼	126½	126
Mo. Pacific	100	100¾	99¾	100	100
Met. Street Ry.	166¾	167¼	165½	167	166¾
National Lead					15⅛
Northern Pacific	87	88¼	87¼	88¼	88¼
do. preferred	89	89¼	88¼	89	88⅞
N. Y. Central	145¾	146¾	145⅜	146¼	146¾
Northwestern				178	178½
Pennsylvania	152¼	152⅝	152	152⅝	152¾
Pacific Mail	34⅜	34⅝	33¾	34	33⅝
People's Gas	106⅜	108¾	106⅜	107¾	107¾
Reading	33⅜	34	32⅜	34	33¼
Rock Island	128¼	129¼	128¼	129¼	129¼
Southern Ry.	26	26¼	26	26¼	26¾
do. preferred	78¾	78¾	78¼	78¾	78¾
St. Paul	151⅛	151⅞	150⅝	151⅞	151⅝
Tenn. Coal & Iron	57⅛	57⅛	56¼	56⅝	56⅛
U. S. Leather com.	13¾	13¾	13¼	13¼	13
Union Pacific	92⅞	94¼	92½	93¾	93¾
do. preferred	85	85¼	85	85¾	85¾
Western Union	87¼	87½	87¼	87¾	87¾
Wabash pref.	35¼	37¼	35¾	35¾	36¼
Am. n. Cotton Oil	26⅝	26¾	26¼	26½	26
Nor. & Western	50	51¾	50	51¾	51¼
do. preferred					84
U. S. Rubber	19¼	19½	19¼	19¼	19¼
do. preferred	58¼	58¾	58¼	58¾	58¼
Federal Steel	45¾	49	48¼	48¾	48¾
do. preferred	101¼	101½	101	101¼	101¾
Illinois Central	136¼	136¾	136	135¾	136¼

*Ex-rights 4¾ †Ex-div. 2. ‡Ex-div. 1¼

The Treasury Statement.

Washington, March 21.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balances $151,387,891; gold $98,585,216.

Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, March 21.—The stock market this morning opened at a general lower level largely in sympathy with the decline which appeared in the London market. The tendency of the latter was altogether owing to the serious situation in China, Continentals reflecting the strain in a decline of ¼ point. With the course of the day a somewhat better tone was reported in the London market, a sharp recovery showing in American stocks. No change was made in the Bank of England's rate of discount, which remains at 4 per cent. In the local dealings, some appearances of nervousness were evident. The most active features at the opening of business were Missouri Pacific and Brooklyn Rapid Transit. The last named opened slightly above yesterday's final figures, but rapidly receded. Missouri Pacific opened half a point

MANY FIELDS ARE OPEN FOR WORKING WOMEN

Some Practical Suggestions for Those Who Must Earn a Livelihood.

A GIRL WHO COOKED TO PAY SOME DEBTS

News and Gossip of the Day in Society—What the Smart Set Is Doing in the Lenten Season—Personal Mention

IN this day and time nothing is being more discussed among the many popular questions pertaining to woman than "Work for young women," and the forms of work to which they are best adapted. Opinions on the subject are varied and it is but fair to consider all carefully. The New York Ledger recently published an article entitled "Work for Young Women," and contains some timely suggestions, as follows:

"In this young men are more strongly influenced by what people will say than even young women. Many and many a really gifted lad will turn away from a mechanical trade in which he would advance rapidly and perhaps make improvements important to every one's comfort, in order to take a clerical position needing neither brains nor invention, and in which his talents are of no use. I have seen men measuring ribbons who could have been stalwart, vigorous and brilliant mechanics simply because to learn a trade meant rough work, rough clothes and many a day of dirty toil, in a guise which might make senseless people look down upon them.

"There are trades open to young women, in which they not only would be experts, but could add largely to the comfort of others, which will never be filled because they would be either laughed at or perhaps set aside by unreasoning and weak-minded companions. For instance, there are many girls who have great judgment and skill in cooking, who could earn easily $40 a month, and even if very clever, sixty or even seventy, who would rather stand for weary hours subject to the exactions of ill bred buyers at a counter, travel home in wet and cold and receive from $5 to $7 a week, without any allowance for their food.

"Servant is not a pleasant name, nor is obedience to command a pleasant thing, and there are both mean and selfish employers, but I have personally employed one of the prettiest girls I ever saw, notably refined and delicate, whose dainty taste and touch made her skill wonderful. She had little education and no accomplishments, she knew that she had great talent for cooking, she had a widowed mother without income and a sister dying of consumption, she had to relieve her mother of her own maintenance and she had to make a certain amount of money. She was kind without familiarity to others in the kitchen; she kept her leisure hours to herself, working much for an exchange, enjoyed her neat and comfortable room, had access to good books, and in a year earned the money she required. Her only defect as a perfect servant was that she was so attractive and delicate in appearance that she was often embarrassed by too much attention as she came and went.

"Having attained her end, she returned to her home, freed from debt by her efforts, and then made preserves and delicacies which sold well. Had she been afraid of being called a cook, she could only have attained by great effort and exposure about $20 a month by incessant toil, and had to support herself out of that amount, leaving not more than half her savings free. She saw what she could do and knew it was right, and was not afraid to live out her own life in her own way."

Entertainment at Washington Seminary To Be Postponed

In deference to the Daughters of the Confederacy, the evening of the farce which is to be presented at the Washington seminary under the direction of Miss Shatleen Mitchell will not be given until Friday night, March 29th. The two little comedies are bright and amusing and give great opportunity for the really exceptionally fine talent of the young ladies who take part.

Orchestra Concerts in Atlanta.

A great musical event which will claim the interest of music lovers of every class will be the Leipsic Philharmonic orchestra concerts next Wednesday afternoon and evening, the latter performance under the auspices of the Concert Association.

Two large audiences, it is expected, will extend their welcome to this famous organization, which has in its repertoire the best and favorite orchestral compositions of classic and more popular form, and in its personnel and direction the material and ability to treat even the most exacting works in worthy manner. The programme for their evening performance in Atlanta will be made to appeal to the more substantial and cultured taste, while in the afternoon there will be presented, as far as is expedient, a request programme, the latter, however, not descending to anything valueless.

Concerning a recent concert in Boston The Herald said in part:

"Too much cannot be said in praise of this fine body of musicians, in fact. Every number was played in a masterly manner, with great unanimity, smoothness and accuracy.

"The men evidently were thoroughly accustomed to playing together. The strings were, perhaps, the best, and the wood wind was remarkably fine, and particularly noticeable was the playing in the long sustained passages, but it is not easy to discriminate where the whole was so excellent.

"Their phrasing showed the splendid training Herr Winderstein had given them, and their accentuation and firmness were very marked, while the contrasts in light and shade were full of meaning, and gave great strength to the tonal coloring, particularly in the Beethoven symphony and the Wagner selections.

"Each instrument seemed to be subservient, thus making a beautifully rounded performance, full of spirit and not lacking in expression. Great praise is due them for their accompanying in the Tschaikowski concerto, where they displayed their ability to play a pianissimo and yet with no loss of tone, tempo or character in fact, with much sympathy and delicacy."



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Important Meetings.

The regular meeting of the Woman's Guild of St. Luke's church will be held Friday morning, March 22d, immediately after Litany service. A full attendance is urged.

The Atlanta Circle No. 2 King's Daughters and Sons will hold a special meeting at 415 Auburn avenue, Mrs. Goree's residence, Friday at 3 p. m.

There will be a prayer and praise service held in the Decatur, Ga., Presbyterian church Friday night, the 22d instant. This will be followed by short addresses in the interest of the Presbyterian hospital about to be opened in Atlanta.

Wheatley-Hunter.

Americus, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The marriage of Mr. Charlesworth Hunter, of Savannah, and Miss Elizabeth Wheatley, of this city, occurred at the First Baptist church this evening, the edifice being crowded with prominent people of Atlanta, Americus and Savannah who had assembled to witness the marriage. It was one in which the people of Americus



MISS AMO TIPTON,

Of Lincolnton, N. C., the Pretty Young Daughter of Colonel John C. Tipton and Related to Former Senator Tipton, of Nebraska, and to Senator Cockrell, of Missouri.

generally evidenced the most pleasurable interest and had long anticipated.

Miss Galloway presided at the organ, and the wedding party entered the spacious auditorium to the inspiring strains of Mendelssohn's march. No more beautiful wedding ever occurred in this church, and no more brilliant assemblage was ever seen in Americus upon any similar occasion.

The attendants were Miss Alice Wheatley, maid of honor, and Miss Lula Burbage, of Atlanta; Miss Eileen Hunter, of Savannah; Misses Ipes Felder and Martha Wheatley, of Americus. The gentlemen were Mr. T. Loyd Owens, of Savannah, best man; Mr. Martin Dunbar, of Augusta; Mr. William Butler and Mr. William Haskell, of Savannah, and Mr. John Charles Wheatley, of Americus.

The bride entered upon the arm of her father, Mr. Thornton Wheatley, and was joined at the chancel by the groom, who was accompanied by his best man, Mr. Owens. The bride wore a rich gown of white duchess satin, trimmed in roundpoint lace, with bridal veil, and carried a superb shower bouquet of bride's roses and lilies of the valley. The bridesmaids were gowned in white chiffon and carried bouquets of La France roses.

The church decorations were elaborate and beautiful, hundreds of wax tapers shedding a soft light over garlands of green and banks of royal palms. The marriage rites were impressively solemnized by Rev. Dr. Jordan, of Savannah, and rarely has a more beautiful church wedding been witnessed.

A reception followed at the Wheatley home, where a large company had assembled to enjoy the wedding menu and tender congratulations. A magnificent array of gifts in silver, gold and cut glass attested the popularity of the bride and groom among hundreds of friends here and in other cities of the state.

Mr. and Mrs. Hunter left tonight for the north upon an extended bridal trip before proceeding to their home in Savannah.

Social Items.

Mrs. Edmund Leighton Tyler, of Anniston, Ala., spent yesterday in the city and was the guest last night of Mrs. Martin Amorous. It is a source of regret to her many friends that her visit is but a short one, as she returns to Anniston today.

***

Mrs. John Roberts is spending the week with her sister, Mrs. John B. Patterson, at her residence on Peachtree street.

***

Mr. Elbert J. Whitehead and Miss Annie L. Dailey, both of this city, were married at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. S. E. Dailey, on Houston street, Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, Rev. Frank Eakes officiating. The marriage was very quiet, only a few intimate friends being present. Mr. Whitehead is a well-known young business man and is connected with the Osburn Company, of New York, while Mrs. Whitehead has a large circle of friends.

***

The reunion of King's Daughters and Sons at Mrs. Blodgett's last Friday evening was most delightful; after various games, refreshments were served. These reunions are intended to draw the members of this noble order nearer together in His name.

***

The card party at which Mrs. George Dexter entertained yesterday afternoon was a bright and happy occasion in compliment to Mrs. John Rommell, of Philadelphia. Mrs. Dexter's hospitable apartments were beautifully decorated with pink roses, pink shades softened the lights of the chandeliers, and the score cards were in pink. The first prize, a hand-painted chocolate pot, was won by Mrs. Edward Peters and presented to Mrs. Rommell; the consolation prize, a Florentine fan, was won by Mrs. John S. Cohen. At the conclusion of the game a delicious luncheon was served, Mrs. Dexter presiding with characteristic grace. She wore a becoming afternoon toilet of white and blue silk, trimmed in Panne velvet, and was assisted in the entertainment of her guests by Mrs. W. P. Nicolson and Mrs. William Wilmerding. The party included Mrs. G. A. Nicolson, Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Mrs. Hugh Hagan, Mrs. J. C. Hunter, Mrs. S. Abbott, Mrs. A. E. Thornton, Mrs. F. B. Dancy, Mrs. J. S. Cohen, Mrs. T. A. Hammond, Mrs. James Dickey, Mrs. T. B. Neal, Mrs. Harry Jackson, Mrs. Parsons, Mrs. H. Stearns, Mrs. C. E. Dox, Mrs. J. S. Todd, Mrs. L. Beck, Mrs. W. L. Cosgrove, Mrs. E. S. Ehney, Mrs. McA. Marsh, Mrs. Harry Atkinson, Mrs. George Winship, Mrs. S. Y. Tupper, Mrs. George Traylor, Mrs. John Grant, Mrs. W. E. Wilmerding, Mrs. G. W. Ranck, Mrs. W. L. Peel, Mrs. N. N. Gober, Mrs. W. P. Nicolson, Mrs. R. L. Foreman and Mrs. Colquitt Carter.

***

Mrs. John Young left yesterday for her home in Louisville.

***

Mrs. Willard Ward leaves Monday for a visit to Savannah.

***

Colonel John Young and Mr. Hugh Young leave today for Florida.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Abbott go to housekeeping today at their new home on North avenue.

***

Miss Lucia Abbott will entertain the young ladies of her german committee today at the residence of her aunt, Mrs. Alex Smith

***

Miss Julia Porter, the lovely young daughter of Mrs. Henry Porter, will not return home in June at the close of her school, but will visit friends in the north and east during the summer months.

***

Miss Alice Baxter will entertain a party of a hundred ladies today in compliment to Mrs. Victor Smith, of Baltimore, and Mrs. Martha Glelow, of Alabama.

***

Mrs. Robert Foreman entertains at luncheon today in compliment to Mrs. Willard Ward.

***

Mrs. W. W. Gray and Mrs. Alex Smith are visiting in Americus.

***

Mrs. Frank Inman entertained at a beautiful luncheon yesterday in compliment to Mrs. Joseph Cooper, of Philadelphia. The table had as its decoration the ideal spring flowers—jonquils in their delicate coloring and fragrance, a cut glass loving cup in the center of the table holding clusters of them. Encircling the loving cup were bouquets of violets, presented the guests as souvenirs of the occasion, and all the appointments of the luncheon were in the colors of the violet and jonquil. Invited to meet Mrs. Cooper were Mrs. John Grant, Mrs. Robert Foreman, Mrs. Harvey Johnson, Mrs. Morris Brandon, Mrs. Henry Inman, Mrs. Hugh Richardson, Mrs. W. D. Ellis, Jr., and Mrs. John Sanders.

***

Mrs. John R. Shaw is visiting in Americus.

***

Mrs. Charles Finlow is visiting in Americus.

***

Miss Georgia Wilson, who has been visiting in Albany, is expected home tomorrow.

***

Miss Rose Rich entertains at cards this afternoon.

***

Mrs. John J. Woodside has returned from Palm Beach, Fla.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Colquitt Carter entertained the Fortnightly Euchre Club delightfully last night.

***

After the luncheon at which Miss Alice Baxter entertains today, Mrs. Glelow will give her second recital in the Woman's Club rooms in the Grand.

***

Mrs. Lewis Beck is confined to the house with an attack of the grip.

***

The many friends in Atlanta of Mr. Roger Elliott will be interested to learn that he is now in Philadelphia, where he will locate permanently.

***

Mrs. DeWitt Clinton Bacon's friends will be glad to learn that she is at the Majestic on a visit of several weeks.

***

Miss Ellen Hillyor returns today from Carrollton.

***

Miss Florida Clark, of New York, is the guest of Miss Hortense Hockstrasser.

***

Miss Alice Barker is visiting Miss Jean Ramspeck in Decatur.

***

Mrs. W. W. Grav and Mrs. Alec Smith have returned from Americus.

***

Miss Georgia Wilson is expected home from Albany this week.

***

Mr. Luther Hawkins is visiting his parents in Americus, Ga.

***

The Dutch dinner given last evening by Mr. Royal Daniel to the members of the local press was an enjoyable affair. Quite a number of invited guests attended and the evening passed pleasantly.

Unique invitations had been sent out during the week to the local newspaper men and were an intimation of the good things in store for the honored ones. Mr. and Mrs. Daniel received and made every one feel at home immediately.

All who were specially gifted lent their talents to the entertainment of the others and the affair was of an informal character.

***

An event both social and artistic, which takes place this evening, will be the recital in which Miss Ada Evlyn Lewis, the well known young dramatic reader, and Miss Marie L. S. Conner will be the participants. The occasion will be under the auspices of the Ladies' Society of the Christian church, and a large audience will be in attendance in the Woman's Club rooms. The programme for the evening is as follows:

Allegro, 7th Concerto—De Beriot.

"The King's Pardon"—Goodwin; (a) "Madrigale"—Simonetti; (b) "Mazourka de Concert"—Musin; (a) "Uncle Remus at the Telephone" Harris; (b) "Haunted by a Song"—King.

"Legende"—Wieniawski; (a) "Extract from "Snowbound"—Whittier; (b) "Portia and Nerissa"—Shakespeare; (a) "Bercause"—Renard; (b) "Obertass"—Wieniawski.

"The Story of Patsy"—Wiggin.

Tickets are on sale at Elkin & Watson's, Brown & Allen's and Jacobs'.

***

Miss Florence Jackson entertained the young ladies of Miss Josie Stockdell's favor committee at a delightful luncheon after the morning's work was over. In an informal game of cards following, Miss Martha Glover won the prize, a gold hairpin.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Bowles, who have been spending a few days at the Aragon, left yesterday for Summerville, S. C.

***

Mrs. Thomas Hinman will entertain on Friday evening in honor of her guests, Miss Hand and Miss Hobbs.

***

Miss Jennie Dittler is still in the city.

***

Mrs. Victor Smith, of Baltimore, is the guest of Mrs. T. W. Baxter.

***

Mrs. Thaddeus E. Horton, with her mother and young daughter, is planning a trip to Europe this summer.

***

Mrs. Z. D. Harrison is recovering from a long and severe attack of the grip.

***

Miss Olive Speer is receiving charming attentions in Savannah.

***

Mrs. John R. Shaw, of Atlanta, is visiting relatives in Americus.

***

A delightful luncheon was given yesterday by Judge Henry B Tompkins at his home on Peachtree in honor of Mr. John A. Gilt, president of the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company of Baltimore, and Major William H. Blackford, president of the Maryland Life Insurance Company. Those invited to meet the guests of honor were: Major Livingston Mims, Colonel Robert J. Lowry, Mr. S. M. Inman, Mr. Joel Hurt, Mr. Clifford S. Anderson and Mr. J. Carroll Payne.

***

Mrs. Ben Smith and her son and Mrs. Mary Waller, of Macon, are visiting Mrs. T. B. Neal at the Aragon.

***

Miss Emma Loulie Callaway, of LaGrange, is visiting in Atlanta.

***

The Wednesday Morning Whist Club was delightfully entertained by Mrs. Louis Gholstin.

***

Miss Daisy Camp, who has been visiting Miss Annie Louise Hawkins, returns to her home in Rome on Saturday.

***

Mrs. A. E. Buck leaves Sunday night to visit friends in the north.

***

Miss Emma Belle Lowndes has returned home from a visit to Cartersville.

***

Judge Henry B. Tompkins left this morning for Washington, Ga.

***

Miss Fannie Carter left yesterday to visit Miss Roline Clark in Madison, Ga.

***

Mrs. S. Y. Tupper has recovered from a severe attack of grip.

***

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Hill regret to learn that their young son is not so well today.

***

The friends of Mrs. McAllen B. Marsh will be glad to know that she is rapidly recovering from an attack of bronchitis.

***

Mrs. Maude Barker Cobb has returned from Athens, where she has been since Christmas.

***

Tonight at 8 o'clock the members of the Central Presbyterian Sabbath school will be entertained at a candy pulling in the lecture room of that church. During the last few months a large number of new scholars have been added to this school and the candy pulling is given that these new members may become acquainted with the other members. In addition to the candy pulling, which is to be the chief feature of the evening, several recitations have been arranged for, and altogether the evening promises to be one of unusual enjoyment. All members of the school and of the church are invited. Others will be admitted only on presentation of cards of admittance.

***

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Holcombs, of Hartford, Conn., are visiting Atlanta. Mr. Holcombe is vice president of the Pheonix Life Insurance Company of Hartford, and one of the best known insurance men in the country. Mrs. Holcombe is regent of the Ruth Wyly chapter of Daughters of the American Revolution, of Hartford, and is prominent not only in D. A. R. circles, but in the social life of Hartford.

***

Mr. Frank J. Walsh, a prominent business man of New York city, with his mother, Mrs. Walsh, and Miss Anna Walsh, are spending a few days in Atlanta, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Conway, 8 Peachtree place. Mr. Walsh and party are en route home after a three weeks' visit to Florida.

***

Dr. C. A. Stiles, of Savannah, is stopping at 358 Peachtree street for a few days with his son.

Roe Shad at 10c.

Attention is called to the advertisement in another part of the paper of L. J. Jones, who is offering fresh Roe Shad at 10c per pound. Mr. Jones is the pioneer shad dealer of the city, and always puts them at a price that is never prohibitive. Call him up over the Standard 'phone and leave your order. His number is 1421.

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Coffee injures growing children even when it is weakened. Grain-O gives them brighter eyes, firmer flesh, quicker intelligence and happier dispositions. They can drink all they want of Grain-O—the more the better—and it tastes like coffee.

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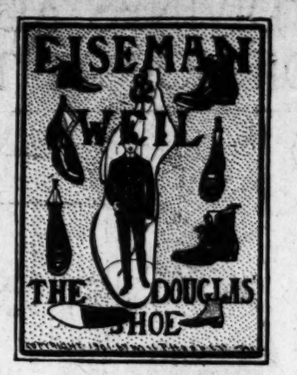
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MRS. GIELOW'S RECITAL WAS SPLENDID SUCCESS

The veil that divides the old south from the new was rent in twain at Mrs. Martha S. Gielow's character recital of negro character sketches at the Woman's Club rooms last night, and more than a quarter of a century called back from the past. Mrs. Gielow's brilliant achievement was the legerdemain of the artist.

The younger generation of southrons even cannot understand the sentimental halo with which the darkey of the old school has been invested by his literary immortalizers. Reared among and surrounded by negroes, they see in them qualities that, though humorous enough, are far from calculated to call forth a sympathetic interest or kindly consideration. They have read that the darkey is picturesque, but they have become so familiar with his characteristics that they have never discovered his picturesqueness.

The reason is plain. The negro has changed with the south. The young southron does not know the negro his father knew. The old-time "mammy" and "uncle" were more than picturesque—more than amusing. They were lovable, after a fashion.

The post-bellum generation so largely represented in the large and cultured audience that greeted Mrs. Gielow last night was introduced to the Afrlco-American of southern song and story and folklore as a revelation. This sounds strange, spoken of an Atlanta audience, but it is not strange when the metamorphosis of the negro is taken into account.

The southern people of today, like the people of the north, know only "emancipated" and "advanced" black caricatures of the latest coon songs. Such clumsy delineations are, if anything, worse than their doggerel. They are no more the true negro than are the cork-blackened end men in a minstrel show.

It is refreshing, amid a deluge of coon songs and coon parodies, to witness a faithful interpretation such as Mrs. Gielow's. Her talent as a negro sketch author is neither greater nor less than her talent as a platform interpreter. The creator and actor are one and the same. In her unique recitals this clever Alabama woman charmingly vitalizes a type that is little more than a memory—the type of ancient darkey that finds its most accurate prototype in "Uncle Remus."

Mrs. Gielow has a personality well adapted to her art. It is a magnetic personality and endowed with what is said to be dearest to woman. Her voice has admirable carrying power, and, if the expression is permissible, "staying" power. It is one of those rare voices that is as fresh and resonant at the end of an hour and a half as at the start. It mimics the "mammy" of blessed childhood memories so naturally that one would not suspect the impersonater had studied. But there is a proverb that art is difficult and some one has said genius is work.

Mrs. Gielow's original recital was, in short, a treat, and her auditors were capable of appreciating her effort. The entertainment was given for the benefit of the Winnie Davis memorial, under the auspices of the Daughters of the Confederacy, and it was superlatively a success. Mrs. Gielow will again charm an Atlanta audience at the same place at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon.

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EVERYBODY is talking about "EVERYBODY'S"

THERE'S been enough to talk about by those who have seen this popular magazine jumping forward in quality and circulation since reorganization last December.

But now comes a tremendous jump! It had already gained the front of ten-cent magazines—now it offers literary quality of the highest class—AND

32 pages of reading matter have been added for the April Number

making 128 pages, without counting those devoted to advertisements.

The literary quality is high—yet it's easy to read and there's nothing to skip.

The illustrations are of a high character.

There are a score of splendid features, such as these:

Why New York Needs Purifying. By BISHOP POTTER and Rev. WALTER LAIDLAW.

Concerning Bad Men. By OWEN WISTAR.

The Wolf Hunt. By CHARLES MAJOR, author of "When Knighthood was in Flower."

The African Elephant at Home. By EWART SCOTT GROGAN, the only man that ever crossed Africa from the Cape to Cairo.

The Charm of English Gardens, with reproductions of remarkable photographs. By NELTJE BLANCHAN, author of "Bird Neighbors."



Other features are, "A Pauper Romance," "Trans-Atlantic Telephoning," A Monster Tunnel Under the Sea," "Photography as a Fine Art," "The Making of a Country Home," "An Easter Card," "Buldy Jones," "Joscelyn Cheshire," etc.

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Cotton Compresses at a Bargain
There will be sold at Port Chalmette, a suburb of New Orleans, on Saturday, April 6th next, by the sheriff of St. Bernard Parish, La.:
One Webb Steam Cotton Compress of 4,000 tons capacity. This press is of extraordinary power, specially built of the best material and workmanship. It has never been operated beyond a short test, owing solely to litigation.
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Also the complete boiler and steam plants belonging to the above presses, with their steam connections, boiler feed pumps and heaters, smoke stacks and other appurtenances; all as installed by the makers. The above will now be sold without appraisement or limit to satisfy a vendor's lien, the title and right of removal having been fully adjudicated in both the United States and State court.
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PROMINENT DIVINES ADDRESS BIG AUDIENCE AT TABERNACLE



S. H. Hadley, the Well-Known Rescue Worker, Tells the Story of His Life and Remarkable Conversion.

At the Tabernacle Bible conference last night S. H. Hadley, the great rescue mission worker of New York and superintendent of the Jere McAuliey mission, told the remarkable story of his life and conversion to a large audience. Mr. Hadley arrived in the city yesterday and he spoke at the after meeting last night.

He began his remarks by singing and having the congregation sing "Oh, it is wonderful, very, very wonderful, all His grace and love to me." He said he had taken his first drink when he was eighteen years of age and continued until he became a drunkard. He said he worked for a doctor who drank, and what he did not know, the doctor taught him.

No pen, he said, could ever describe the horrors through which he passed. He said that one night he was sitting on a whisky barrel and that he had a vision—that he obtained a view of eternity and that he thought he was dying. He vowed then that if he lived he would never take another drink of whisky, and shortly afterwards he was converted at the Jere McAuliey mission. He said that he had not wanted a drink since the night of his conversion. He went out of the mission, he said, without a second shirt, but said that he had Jesus and he owned the earth.

At the night service Rev. F. B. Meyer spoke from the text, "And the apostles said unto the Lord, increase our faith, and the Lord said, if ye had faith as a grain of mustard seed, ye might say unto this sycamore tree, be thou plucked up by the root," etc. The subject of the discourse was "Faith," and its trend was to show the character of faith necessary for a Christian.

He showed that the object of faith should be the living Christ. When a man trusts in Christ, he said, even with the smallest amount of faith, he is saved and nothing can cut him loose from Christ. He stated that as the air comes in the door when you open it, so God will come in when you open the door of your soul. Faith lives in the present tense, he said. Faith believes that God is able to work today. He concluded by saying that it is not what we can do for God, but that we must let God work through us—an instrument in God's hands.

At the afternoon service Rev. George C. Needham concluded his series of lectures on the "Plan of the Ages and the Second Return of Our Lord." His subject was "The Practical Side of the Return of Christ." Rev. R. A. Torrey also spoke at this service on "The Work of the Holy Spirit."



POLICE MATINEE PEN SHOTS

By Gordon Noel Hustel

A Darktown Frescoe.

When Georgia Steele, with Georgia steel,
Met angry Mamie Story,
She made said Mamie quickly feel
Quite crushed and very gory.

A small black girl with a pair of little round, bead-like eyes and a red sack walked from the waiting room and made a slow, sweeping courtesy.

"Ise Georgia Steele," she exclaimed.

"They tell me you have been using Georgia steel," stated the recorder. "The officer says you frescoed the countenance of Mamie Story."

"Yassah, I did," replied Georgia, "fer she cummed ter mer house and she 'lowed dat she war come fer ter gib me dat beatin' whut she bin promussin' me. I tells here to lite rite in and he'p herself, an' den she lit. She frowed me down on de flore an' wus gittin' de bes' ob de rucas when I outs wid mer knife an' berginned ter gib her sum libely upper cuts. She yells out dat she am kilt an' den I riz up an' sez, I did, dat I guess I gits de bes' ob de scrap. Dat's de hull fac's ob de case, Jedge Briles."

"Where is Mamie Story?" asked the recorder.

"She am in de hosputtal," replied Georgia as a smile hovered over her guttapercha countenance.

"How many times do you suppose you upper cut Mamie?" the recorder wanted to know.

"I doan perzactly know," Georgia replied, "but Ise sposin' dat hit am erbout ten times, Jedge Briles."

"Well, I suppose it is worth a dollar a cut," the recorder went to say, "and I will fine you $10.75."

"Jedge Briles, am dat whut yer calls jestice fer ter—"

"There is no use for you to be cut up," the recorder told her, "just because Mamie is, for I am not going to cut the fine."

Spilt His Molasses.

The balmy spring made Julius nod,
An odd thing for a driver;
His sirup jolted out and he
Got "stuck" for just a fiver.

"I wants ter hab er wurd ter say fuss erbout disser case," exclaimed Julius Creede, a wagon driver.

"Let her drive," said the recorder.

"Hit am jest dis, Jedge Briles," continued Julius. "I had dat merlasses on mer dray jast lak de white folks put hit dar, an' whin I wus driving erlong de street wid de load de merlasses jolted out an' de perlice sez dat I was makin' er terbul sticky mess on de street an' dat he had to pull me."

"I suppose," remarked Recorder Broyles, "that he thought because it is necessary to pull molasses candy it was right to pull you for spilling sirup."

"There was too much of a load on that dray for the horse to pull," put in the arresting officer. "Julius had on a load of old broken sirup barrels taken from the scene of a fire, and he was leaving a puddle of sticky sirup behind him to ruin ladies' dresses and shoes."

"I done tol' yer dat de white folks put dat merlasses on mer dray datter way," stated the prisoner.

"If the white folks told you to put your head in the fire I reckon you would do it," the recorder said. "Julius, you can't pave our streets with sirup. Atlanta is already stuck up enough. I will have to fine you $5.75."

"Dat's what er nigger gits fer mindin' de white folks," muttered Julius as he got out the money. "Hit's ernuff ter make er feller git sho ernuff mad."

"You spilt the sirup, Julius," the recorder told the prisoner, "and there is no use because I fined you for you to try to raise cain."

Two Dudes and a Shirt.

There was a washout on the line—
This is no railroad poem—
They swiped a drying shirt and now
To the stockade they will tow 'im.

Two Darktown dudes faced each other with malice aforethought and malignant insinuations.

"Dis nigger hez got on mer shirt," exclaimed one of the dudes as he pointed a trembling finger at Jim Stewart, the other dude who was playing the role of the prisoner at the bar.

"G'long, nigger," retorted Jim, "I buyed disser shirt an' gibbed mer gude munny fer hit."

"It is a shirtwaist, I believe, your honor, they are quarrel about," stated the arresting officer.

"More probably a waste shirt," replied Recorder Broyles.

"Hit's mer own shirt," cried out the prosecutor.

"G'long, nigger," cried back the prisoner, "I kin proob dat I buyed disser shirt."

"Jedge Briles," stated the prosecutor to the recorder, "I lef' disser shirt out on de clo'se line las' night ter dry an' when I went back ter tuk hit in, hit wus clean gone. I cummed down on Decaty street disser mawnin' an' I sot at er corner and watched ebber nigger whut I seed, an' bimeby I seed Jim an' mer shirt tergedder."

"G'long, nigger," said Jim, "yer's got ter proob dat I stole disser shirt frum you 'fore yer's gwine ter git hit."

"Both of you stop," the recorder called out. "Jim, how long have you had that shirt?"

"Lemme see, jedge; oh, yes, erbout t'ree weeks."

"I had hit four mont's, jedge," stated the other dude.

"That's an old shirt," the recorder announced. "I give it to the prosecutor, and Jim can go to the stockade for a month. Jim, you are one more wreck caused by a wash out on the line."

Birmingham's New Bank Building.

Birmingham, Ala., March 21.—(Special.) Permit was issued today by the city for the erection of a $65,000 bank building for the Birmingham Trust and Savings Company. The building will be erected in the heart of the city and the foundations are now being dug.

CHARGE PIRACY OF LABEL

Kentucky Whisky Distillers Sue Atlanta Bottlers for Alleged Infringement.

In the United States circuit court yesterday Leopold Labrot, of the firm of Labrot & Graham, distillers of Woodford county, Kentucky, filed a bill of complaint against Bluthenthal & Bickart, rectifiers and bottlers, of Atlanta, asking for an injunction and damages in the sum of $20,000 for the alleged infringement of their label and proprietary rights in the bottling of whisky of the "Old Oscar Pepper" brand.

The complainant charges that the Atlanta firm has for two years been bottling "other whiskies than the 'Old Oscar Pepper,' and cheaper in price and inferior in quality, and selling it as genuine," under an alleged piracy of label and unauthorized claim of exclusive bottling rights, to the great damage and injury of the lawful proprietors.

Judge Newman took jurisdiction and issued an order summoning the defendants to appear before him on Saturday, March 30th, at 10 o'clock, to show cause why the injunction should not be granted, and in the meantime restrained them from selling any whisky of the aforementioned brand without keeping an exact account of all sales, to be returned to the court at the hearing of the injunction petition.

Mileage Tickets Reduced.

Seaboard Air Line railway one thousand mile tickets are now sold from all points on its lines at rate of $25.00, including those previously sold in the state of Florida at $30. These tickets are good over the entire Seaboard Air Line railway system and are honored between Richmond and Washington by the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac and Pennsylvania railroads, between Portsmouth and Baltimore by the Baltimore Steam Packet Company (Bay line) and between Clinton and Columbia, S. C., by the Columbia, Newberry and Laurens railroad. All tickets which have been sold at $25 and indorsed "not good in state of Florida" will be honored over the entire system, including lines in Florida, regardless of such indorsements

G. W. ADAIR,
G. W. ADAIR.
FORREST ADAIR.
REAL ESTATE.

Right now we represent customers who have several thousand dollars to invest in Atlanta property of any kind that pays, or can be made to pay a good percentage.

Any special bargain listed with us will meet with close attention and may result in a quick sale.

We have every facility for handling property, including a regular space in two daily newspapers, and can promise to keep things moving.

If you have anything to sell call on us or send description and price of your property.
G. W. ADAIR.

Betwixt Cup and Lip

ACCORDING to the old saw, that is where many slips occur, but in business the slip is oftenest made in advertising. The secret of success here is to attract attention, and do it in such manner as to make a favorable impression. This is almost entirely a matter of printing, and, consequently, of printers. You can depend on us for the correct thing always.

The Foote & Davies Co.
The Best in Printing and the Allied Arts
65 E. Alabama St. Atlanta, Georgia

A. F. LIEBMAN
Real Estate, Renting and Loans, 28 Peachtree Street.

Farm of 100 acres at Vinings on W. & A. R. R., forty acres cotton land all in high state of cultivation. Great sacrifice for quick sale. Fine improvements and best farm in this vicinity.

A. F. LIEBMAN
28 Peachtree Street.

HENRY L. WILSON
Real Estate, 10 Alabama St., 'Phone 844.
Two very desirable and valuable residences on Walton street, between Bartow and Spring streets; both in fine repair. Being so near the very heart of the city they always rent.
A splendid piece of property just east of Fryor street, on Auburn avenue; 8-room house. It rents well, while the land increases in value annually.
A big bargain in a vacant lot on Fort street, 150 feet from Forrest avenue.
$350 each for two vacant lots on McDaniel street, south of Southern railroad. Here is a chance to double your money in a short time.

FOR SALE.
ON PETERS STREET, near the Marble Bank, a two-srory store and 7-room dwelling, on lot 55½ x160, alley on both sides. This is a fine site for a good store building. The alleys make it peculiarly a perfect site for deep stores with side entrances for shipping purposes. Peters Street is a coming retail business street. Now is the time to buy. See
STEVE HOOK, Mgr. Sales Dept.
ROBSON & HOLLEMAN,
Second Floor, Gould Building.

FOR RENT.
Large two-story brick building, 14,000 feet floor space, lighted from three sides; an elegant place for manufacturing. Also third story building corner of Marietta and Broad street; choice place for light manufacturing. These places will be rented reasonable.
J. C. HENDRIX & CO.,
8 South Broad St.

NOVELS LOANED. The new $1.50 novels loaned at 15c per week each. To members 10c a week. Call 401 Norcross Building. The New Fiction Library.

OPIUM Morphine and Whiskey habits treated without pain or confinement. Cure guaranteed or no pay. B. H. VEAL, Man'gr Lithia Springs Sanitarium, Box 3, Austell, Ga.

OUR GREAT REMOVAL SALE OF
OVER $60,000 WORTH HIGH GRADE
FURNITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
Rugs, Mattings, Linoleums, Draperies—
Thousands of Chairs, Tables and Odd Pieces.
BABY CARRIAGES AND GO-CARTS.
We cannot carry these goods during construction of viaduct. Will save you big money on all kinds of House-furnishings. Office Desks and Chairs very cheap.
P. H. Snook & Austin Furniture Co.

Peruna 59c.
For Friday We Will Sell One Thousand Bottles of Peruna at 59c.
1. The Manufacturers, Peruna Drug Co., of Columbus, Ohio, demand that the consumer pay full price, $1.00
2. The Atlanta Drug Association charge you as near full price as possible, say 85c
3. Jacobs' Special Price for Friday, 59c.
Jacobs' Pharmacy.

SPECIAL NOTICES

FUNERAL NOTICE.

FRIERSON—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Frierson, Mr. T. A. Frierson and Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Frierson are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. T. D. Frierson from his late residence, No. 96 Crew street, Friday morning at 10 o'clock. The officers of the First Presbyterian church will act as pallbearers, and are requested to meet at the undertaking parlors of Barclay & Brandon at 9:30 o'clock Friday morning.

JOHNSON—The friends and acquaintances of Miss Sallie R., George N., Will M. and James M. Johnson are requested to attend the funeral of their father, Richard J. Johnson, at the family residence, 475 Whitehall street, at 3 p. m. today. The following gentlemen are requested to act as pallbearers: J. J. Barnes, W. M. Middlebrooks, S. J. Moncrief, J. M. King, J. D. Dameron and A. F. Todd.

MEETING.

State Board of Medical Examiners.

Georgia State Board of Medical Examiners (Eclectic) will meet at the capitol, Atlanta, April 3, 1901, 10 a. m. to examine candidates for license to practice medicine, in conformity with the law regulating the practice of medicine in Georgia. M. T. SALTER, Secretary.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, March 21.—Forecast for Friday and Saturday:

Georgia—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday increasing cloudiness and probably rain in northern and wester portions; light southwesterly winds, becoming variable.

Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina—Fair Friday, with warmer in western and central portions. Saturday fair; light to fresh southwesterly winds.

Eastern Flordia—Fair Friday with warmer in western portion. Saturday probably fair; light to fresh westerly winds, becoming variable.

Western Florida and Alabama—Fair Friday with higher temperature. Saturday increasing cloudiness, with probably rain in the afternoon or at night. Westerly winds becoming fresh southwesterly.

Mississippi—Increasing cloudiness Friday. Saturday probably showers; fresh southerly winds.

Louisiana—Increasing cloudiness with probable showers Friday afternoon or night. Saturday fair in western, clearing in eastern portion; fresh to brisk southeasterly winds.

Western Texas—Showers Friday; Saturday fair; variable winds.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair Friday with higher temperature in central and western portions. Saturday partly cloudy; southwesterly winds.

VERY REMARKABLE OLD LADY

She Is 107 Years of Age, and Is Cutting New Set of Teeth.

Rutherfordton, N. C., March 20.—(Special.)—One of the oldest and most remarkable old women in the south, and no doubt in the world, is Mrs. Sarah Bean, who lives near Lenoir, Caldwell county, North Carolina. She will be one hundred and seven years old if she lives to see October 15, 1901. She was never sick a day in her life until last week, when her eyesight began to fail. Now she is blind, and is


MRS. SARAH BEAN.

cutting her third set of teeth. Three months ago she was hale and hearty, and would carry two buckets of water from a spring, a distance of two hundred yards from the house. She never wore a pair of glasses in her life, and could read any kind of print. Her physicians say that had she worn glasses her eyesight would have been good today. She has living seventy-eight children, grandchildren, great-grandchildren and great-great-grandchildren; has seen four generations, and up to her sickness she did not look to be over ninety years old. She was born and raised where she now lives, and has been away from home but once in her life, seventy-five years ago. It is feared that the end is close at hand.